

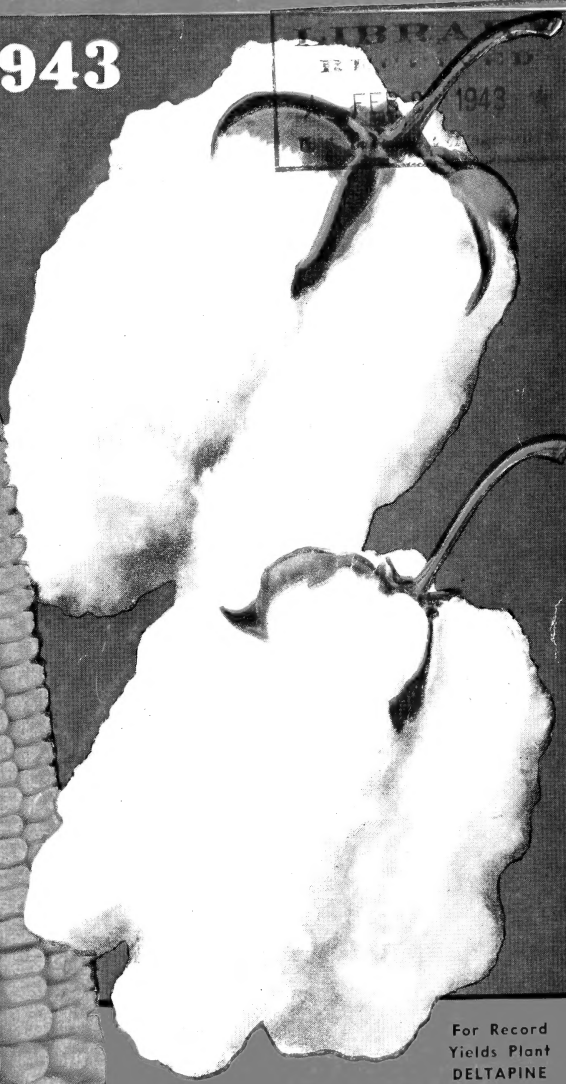
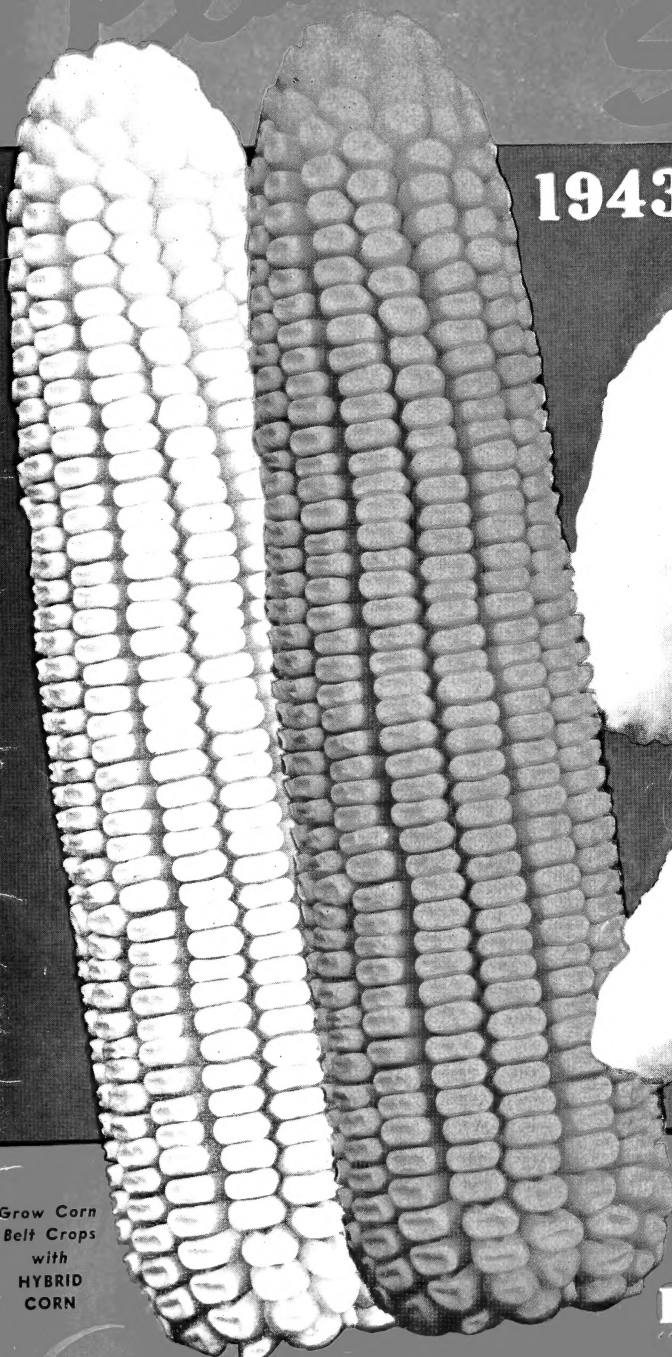
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TOP NOTCH

1943



Grow Corn
Belt Crops
with
HYBRID
CORN

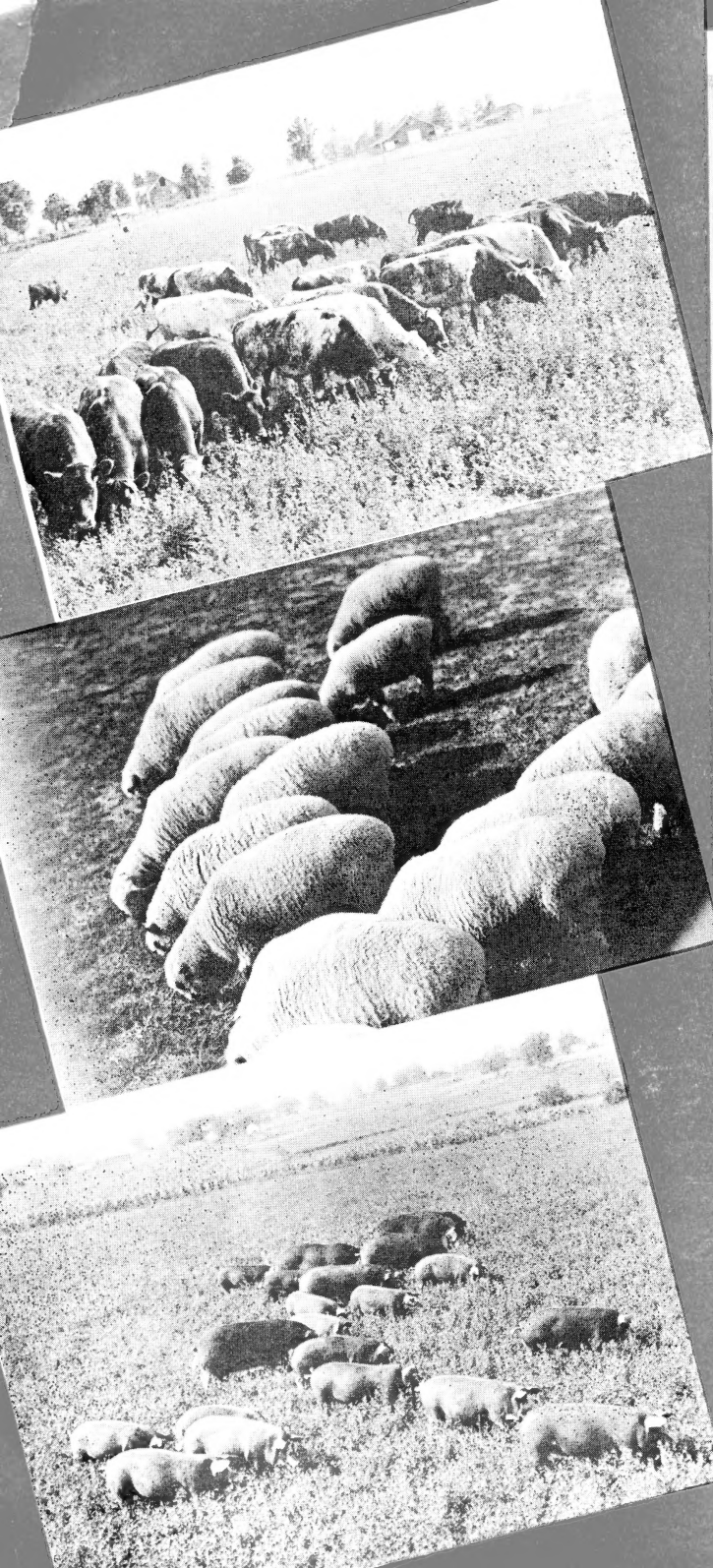
For Record
Yields Plant
DELTAPINE
COTTON

RUSSELL-HECKLE SEED COMPANY

Memphis, Tennessee

NOTICE TO CUSTOMERS

No price for any article listed or described herein exceeds the ceiling price for that article as determined under the applicable maximum price regulation issued by the Office of Price Administration. As required by that Office, we will, upon request, furnish you with a statement of our maximum prices on any of the commodities listed about which you inquire.
(Signed) RUSSELL-HECKLE SEED COMPANY.



BETTER PASTURES MEAN BETTER LIVESTOCK

*Both will play a
Prominent Part in
Our*
NATIONAL VICTORY

The production goals for milk, beef, wool and mutton that depend on our pastures may now prove as important in winning the war as our goals for planes, tanks, ships and guns.

Agriculture's goals can be reached through conservation farming that increases crop yields by protecting and building up our soils. In a long war the maintenance of fertility is especially important, for it is essential that we sustain high production, year after year, for the duration—and longer.

The sod of good pastures protects the soil while it is being used for grazing, makes the soil more productive when it is broken to grow crops in rotation, and reduces the losses of soil by erosion while the land is being tilled.

Each farmer should examine for himself the possibility of devoting more of his land to pasture and meadow crops. Many farmers will thus be able to reduce production costs and thereby increase the net gains from their farms.

Farmers who wish to make their pastures and meadows more productive by growing adapted grasses and legumes, by properly fitting seedbeds, and by liming, inoculating and fertilizing will find helpful information in this catalogue. Additional help may be obtained by writing us concerning your particular problems, or better still, by coming in and talking them over with us in person.

We Are Exclusive Representatives
in the Memphis
Territory for

**COKER PEDIGREED
SEED CO.**
HARTSVILLE, S. C.
ON SEED OATS,
WHEAT AND RYE



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READ CAREFULLY

HOW TO ORDER—Use enclosed order sheet and envelope if possible. Write your Full Name and Address plainly. Be sure to state How You Want Your Order Shipped, giving Post Office, State, Rural Route Number, Box or Street and Number.

REMITTANCES—Please send money with order sufficient to cover the whole bill and remit by postal or express money order, bank draft or check. If currency is used, the letter should be registered. For amounts less than \$2.00, stamps are acceptable. We accept, but advise against, C.O.D. orders because of delays and high collection charges, which are unsatisfactory to the customer and expensive to us if uncalled for and returned at our expense. No C.O.D. shipment will be made on Perishable Merchandise, such as Plants, Nursery Stock and Baby Chicks.

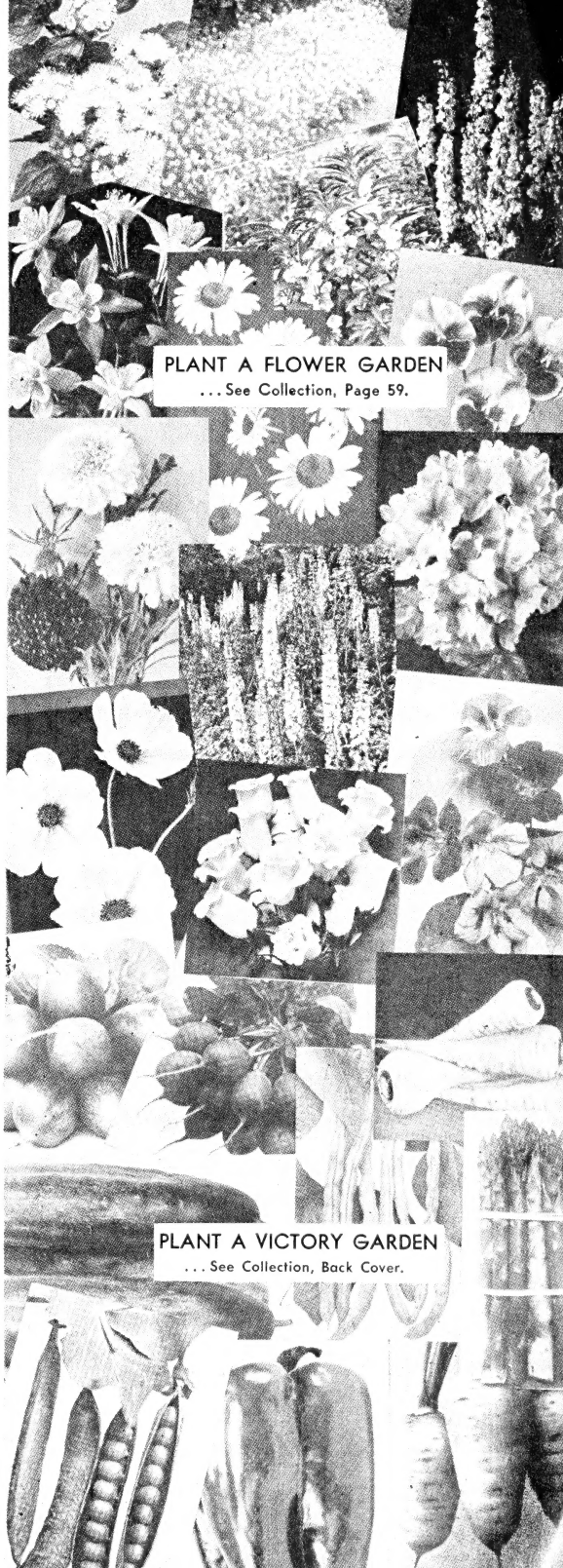
PRICES—All seed prices quoted in this catalog are those ruling January 1, 1943, and are subject to market changes. As far as possible we will fill all orders for such seeds in full, but if market values will not permit this, we will send all that money remitted will pay for.

NON-WARRANTY—Every grower of experience knows that success—with seeds, bulbs plants or roots depends largely on weather conditions and proper cultivation, so in accordance with the universal custom of the trade Russell-Heckle Seed Company gives no warranty, express or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness, or any other matter, of any Seeds, Bulbs, Plants or Roots they send out, and they will not be in any way responsible for the crop. If our seeds, bulbs, plants or roots are not as represented, return them at once and we will refund your money.

ORDER EARLY—It is advisable to send in your order as early as possible for some varieties of seeds are in short supply. All orders will receive our most careful attention. Orders are filled promptly when received; almost all are sent out the same day that we receive them. If items ordered are not in stock or for any other reason, cannot be shipped immediately, we will acknowledge order stating just when shipment can be made.

RUSSELL-HECKLE SEED COMPANY

16 South Front Street » Memphis, Tennessee



PLANT A FLOWER GARDEN

... See Collection, Page 59.

PLANT A VICTORY GARDEN

... See Collection, Back Cover.

FIELD SEED PLANTING GUIDE

VARIETY	When to Plant	Quantity for an Acre	Distance Between Rows	Distance Apart in the Row	Depth to Plant	Pounds to the Bushel
Alfalfa	Mar., Apr.—Sept., Oct.	25 to 30 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	3/4 to 1 in.	60 lbs.
Artichokes, Jerusalem	Mar., April, May	3 to 4 bus.	3 1/2 to 4 ft.	15 to 18 in.	4 ins.	50 lbs.
Barley	Sept., Oct.	1 1/2 bu.	Broadcast	Broadcast	2 ins.	48 lbs.
Beet, Mangel Stock	March, April, May	8 to 10 lbs.	18 to 24 in.	8 ins.	1 in.	30 lbs.
Broom Corn	April, May, June	6 to 8 lbs.	3 1/2 ft.	8 to 10 ins.	1 in.	48 lbs.
Buckwheat	May, June, July	1 bu.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1 in.	50 lbs.
Chufas	April to June	1 pk.	3 ft.	15 to 18 ins.	2 ins.	44 lbs.
Clover, Alsike	Mar. to May—Sept.	6 to 8 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	3/4 to 1 in.	60 lbs.
Clover, Alyce	May, June	15 to 20 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1/2 in.	60 lbs.
Clover, Black Medic	Mar., Apr.—Sept., Oct.	15 to 20 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1/2 in.	60 lbs.
Clover, Burr	Aug., Sept., Oct.	30 to 50 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1/2 in.	10 lbs.
Clover, Burr, in Cotton rows	Aug., Sept., Oct.	20 to 25 lbs.	Side of row	3 to 4 ins.	1/2 in.	10 lbs.
Clover, Crimson	Aug., Sept., Oct.	15 to 18 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1/2 in.	60 lbs.
Clover, Hop	Feb., Mar., Apr.—Sept.	10 to 12 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1/4 in.	60 lbs.
Clover, Sweet Melilotus	Mar., Apr.—Sept., Oct.	15 to 25 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1/4 in.	60 lbs.
Clover, Persian	Feb., Apr.—Sept., Oct.	6 to 8 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1/2 in.	60 lbs.
Clover, Red	Mar., Apr.—Sept., Oct.	8 to 10 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1/2 in.	60 lbs.
Clover, White Dutch	Feb., Mar.—Sept., Oct.	4 to 6 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1/4 in.	60 lbs.
Cow Peas, in Drills	Apr., May, June, July	1 1/2 to 1 bu.	18 to 24 ins.	2 to 3 ins.	2 ins.	60 lbs.
Cow Peas, Broadcast	Apr., May, June, July	1 to 2 bu.	Broadcast	Broadcast	2 ins.	60 lbs.
Corn, Field	April to August	4 to 6 qts.	3 1/2 to 4 ft.	18 to 24 ins.	2 ins.	56 lbs.
Crotalaria	April, May, June	20 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1/2 to 3/4 ins.	40 lbs.
Crotalaria, Drilled	April, May, June	10 to 15 lbs.	2 ft.	10 to 12 ins.	1/2 to 3/4 ins.	40 lbs.
Cotton Seed	April, May, June	1 bu.	3 1/2 to 4 ft.	12 to 15 ins.	3/4 to 1 in.	32 lbs.
Egyptian Wheat, Shailu	May, June, July	10 to 12 lbs.	3 1/2 ft.	12 to 15 ins.	1 1/2 to 2 ins.	50 lbs.
Feterita	May, June, July	6 to 8 lbs.	3 1/2 to 4 ft.	4 to 5 ins.	1 1/2 to 2 ins.	50 lbs.
Kaffir Corn	May, June, July	8 to 8 lbs.	3 1/2 to 4 ft.	4 to 6 ins.	1 1/2 to 2 ins.	50 lbs.
Hegari	April to June—Sept.	8 to 10 lbs.	3 1/2 to 4 ft.	4 to 6 ins.	1 to 1 1/2 ins.	50 lbs.
Grass, Bermuda	April to June—Sept.	10 to 12 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1/4 in.	40 lbs.
Grass, Blue	Feb. to April—Sept., Oct.	20 to 30 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1/2 in.	14 lbs.
Grass, Carpet	March, April—Sept.	10 to 15 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1/2 in.	10 lbs.
Grass, Dallas	March, April, May	8 to 10 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1/2 in.	10 lbs.
Grass, Lawn	Feb., Mar.—Sept., Oct.	60 to 75 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1/2 in.	14 lbs.
Grass, Orchard	Feb. to Apr.—Sept., Oct.	21 to 28 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1/2 in.	14 lbs.
Grass, Red Top, Herds	Feb. to Apr.—Sept., Oct.	8 to 10 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1/2 in.	14 lbs.
Grass, Pasture	Feb. to Apr.—Sept., Oct.	25 to 35 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1/2 in.	14 lbs.
Grass, Winter Rye	Sept., Oct., Nov.	35 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1/2 in.	24 lbs.
Grehoma	April, May, June	4 to 5 lbs.	3 1/2 to 4 ft.	8 to 10 ins.	1 to 1 1/2 ins.	50 lbs.
Hegari	May, June, July	8 to 10 lbs.	3 1/2 to 4 ft.	4 to 5 ins.	1 1/2 to 2 in.	50 lbs.
Lespedeza	Feb., Mar., April	1 bu.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1/4 in.	25 lbs.
Lespedeza Sericea	April, May	20 to 30 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1/4 in.	40 lbs.
Lespedeza Sericea, Drill	April, May	3 to 4 lbs.	3 ft.	6 to 8 ins.	1/4 in.	40 lbs.
Millet, Hungarian	April to August	1 to 1 1/4 bus.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1/2 in.	48 lbs.
Millet, Tenn. Golden	April to August	1 to 1 1/2 bus.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1/2 in.	50 lbs.
Millet, Pearl	May, June, July	8 to 10 lbs.	3 to 3 1/2 ft.	20 to 25 ins.	1/2 in.	48 lbs.
Millet, Barnyard	May, June, July	20 to 25 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1/2 in.	50 lbs.
Milo Maize	May, June, July	6 to 8 lbs.	3 to 3 1/2 ft.	4 to 5 ins.	1 in.	50 lbs.
Mung Beans	May, June, July	20 lbs.	3 to 3 1/2 ft.	2 to 4 ins.	1 in.	60 lbs.
Oats	Feb., Mar.—Sept., Oct.	2 to 2 1/2 bus.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1 to 2 ins.	32 lbs.
Peanuts	May, June	40 to 60 lbs.	3 to 3 1/2 ft.	10 to 12 ins.	2 ins.	22 lbs.
Peas, Stock	May, June, July	1 1/2 to 2 bus.	Broadcast	Broadcast	2 ins.	60 lbs.
Peas, Austrian Winter	Aug. to Nov.	30 to 35 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	2 ins.	60 lbs.
Peas, Aust. Wint. Cotton rows	Aug. to Nov.	20 to 25 lbs.	Side of row	2 to 3 ins.	2 ins.	60 lbs.
Potatoes, Irish	Feb. to Apr.—July, Aug.	8 to 10 bus.	3 to 3 1/2 ft.	15 to 18 ins.	4 ins.	60 lbs.
Rape, Essex	Feb. to Apr.—Aug. to Oct.	4 to 6 lbs.	2 to 3 ft.	4 to 6 ins.	1 in.	50 lbs.
Rye, Abruzzi	Sept., Oct., Nov.	3/4 to 1 bu.	Broadcast	Broadcast	2 ins.	56 lbs.
Sagrain	Apr., May, June, July	8 to 10 lbs.	3 to 3 1/2 ft.	4 to 5 ins.	1 in.	50 lbs.
Sorghum, Drill	Apr., May, June, July	8 to 10 lbs.	3 1/2 to 4 ft.	4 to 5 ins.	1 in.	50 lbs.
Sorghum, for Hay	Apr., May, June, July	50 to 75 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1 in.	50 lbs.
Sorog	May, June, July	5 to 10 lbs.	3 1/2 to 4 ft.	4 to 5 ins.	1 1/2 to 2 ins.	50 lbs.
Soy Beans, Small Seed	Apr., May, June, July	1 bu.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1 to 2 ins.	60 lbs.
Soy Beans, Drill, Small Seed	Apr., May, June, July	1 pk.	3 to 3 1/2 ft.	4 to 5 ins.	1 to 2 ins.	60 lbs.
Soy Beans, Large Seed	Apr., May, June, July	1 1/2 bus.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1 1/2 to 3 ins.	60 lbs.
Soy Beans, Drill, Large Seed	Apr., May, June, July	1/2 bu.	3 1/2 to 5 ft.	4 to 6 ins.	1 1/2 to 3 ins.	60 lbs.
Sudan Grass	Apr., May to Aug.	25 to 30 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1 in.	40 lbs.
Sunflower	May, June	6 to 8 lbs.	3 1/2 to 4 ft.	15 to 18 ins.	1 in.	25 lbs.
Timothy	March, April—Sept., Oct.	15 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	1/4 to 1/2 in.	45 lbs.
Vetch, Winter Variety	Aug. to Nov.	20 to 30 lbs.	Broadcast	Broadcast	2 ins.	60 lbs.
Vetch in Cotton rows	Aug. to Nov.	15 to 18 lbs.	Side of row	2 to 3 ins.	2 ins.	60 lbs.
Velvet Beans	May, June	1/4 to 1/2 bu.	4 to 5 ft.	2 to 2 1/2 ft.	3 to 4 ins.	60 lbs.
Wheat	Sept., Oct., Nov.	5 pks.	Broadcast	Broadcast	2 ins.	60 lbs.

Announcing the

MISSISSIPPI DELTA SEED FARMS

Rich, Miss.

Marks, Miss.

The policy of Russell-Heckle Seed Company since its organization has been to efficiently serve its customers and furnish them varieties of seeds they want. Due to increasing demands from an ever-growing clientele, we are having trouble often in obtaining sufficient stocks of newly developed desirable varieties of various seeds to adequately supply our trade.

We, therefore, announce the establishment and present operation of seed farms as above, where we expect to produce some of the needed items ourselves, and keep in closer touch with the many problems confronting farmers today.

RUSSELL-HECKLE

For Quantity Prices



RUSSELL-HECKLE'S

ALFALFA Ranks High

- More Pasture...
- More Green Foliage...
- More Hay Per Acre...

HOW • WHEN •

How Much to Plant

It is a pity that alfalfa won't grow on all soils for it furnishes more green forage, more pasture, and more dry hay per acre than any known variety of hay or grass. Alfalfa is really an aristocratic plant, for it must have a fertile, well-drained soil with some lime, phosphate and good inoculation.

Alfalfa will stand cutting for hay three to five times in a season on each acre. It is a very succulent and nutritious grazing plant and is relished by stock, cows, sheep and hogs. Pound for pound of dried feeding matter, it is worth more than any other forage.

Never pasture alfalfa the first season and only lightly the second season. Never graze too closely and never turn stock into it when ground is wet or frozen.

As a soil builder, there is nothing better—extremely deep rooted, it withstands drought better than most legumes. In the South, alfalfa usually lasts 4 or 5 years without reseeded, sometimes longer, depending on presence of weeds, weather conditions, etc. Do not pasture so closely as to injure the crown or new shoots.

Alfalfa will not grow on acid soil. Sow on good loam or clay or medium sandy soils, provided they are well drained to a depth of at least 4 feet. Avoid soil with a "hard-pan" close to the surface, for it prevents drainage. Avoid low spots where water stagnates or freezes—alfalfa cannot stand "wet feet." Sow on a bed free of weeds—if possible, sow on ground which has been in some cultivated crop. Plow previous fall if possible, or at least several weeks in advance of seeding. Then disc and harrow frequently to set the seed bed—a firm seed bed is desirable as it conserves moisture.

Plant in March and April, September and October. May be sown with a grain drill with seeder attachment, with a special alfalfa drill, a wheelbarrow seeder or a hand seeder. Should be covered to bring it in contact with soil moisture. Sow 20 to 25 pounds of seed per acre. Many of the most successful growers sow 30 to 35 pounds.

INOCULATE THE SEED BY ALL MEANS

Field tests have shown that better crops are harvested when Legume seeds are inoculated even when planted on fields where inoculated seeds of the same Legume crops had grown the previous year. Use NITRAGIN, the oldest and most widely used inoculator in America. 1/2-bu. size, each, 35c, postpaid.



A FIELD OF OKLAHOMA ALFALFA

MAKE YOUR CHOICE FROM THESE THREE TOP NOTCH ALFALFAS and SAVE MONEY

OKLAHOMA ALFALFA

Oklahoma Alfalfa has a reputation for productivity wherever Alfalfa is grown from the Ohio River South. It stands our winters splendidly, and withstands our summer heat and drouths equally well. We have always recommended it because "Oklahoma Alfalfa can take it." It is produced under much more severe weather conditions than it has to face in the South. We have watched it for years on some of the biggest Alfalfa fields in the Mid-South—it is "plenty good," to use a slang expression, and year after year yields quantity and quality of hay equal to the best. Our own representative inspects the growing Oklahoma Alfalfa fields each year, picks out the most desirable lots and ships the seed to our warehouses, where they are carefully cleaned on the most improved machinery. Postpaid, 1 lb., 70c; 5 lbs., \$3.00; 10 lbs., \$5.70.

KANSAS ALFALFA

Kansas is the next state north of Oklahoma and weather conditions under which Kansas Alfalfa is grown are the same or harder than Oklahoma Alfalfa faces—very cold winters and hot, dry summers. Kansas Alfalfa is favorably known all over the United States. Postpaid, 1 lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.15; 10 lbs., \$6.00.

DAKOTA 12 ALFALFA

Originated in the Dakotas to meet the terribly severe weather conditions prevalent there, where the temperature goes down to 15 or 20 degrees below zero in winter, with extremely hot summers in the mountain valleys. This seed has built up a strong resistance to winter-killing, an ability to produce a strong, vigorous, very productive crop of alfalfa under the most unfavorable conditions. Write for prices.



BASIC SLAG

The Soil Conditioner and Builder

In either making or improving a pasture, it is necessary to use a soil builder, conditioner or fertilizer to secure the most profitable results. Pasture soils deficient in the necessary food or minerals produce grazing low in the elements that build body tissue, beef, and increase the production of milk.

A pasture may produce an abundance of grass and yet the stock will not thrive. This is usually because the grass is lacking in calcium, phosphoric acid and other minerals. Agricultural authorities and southern farmers have found that an easy way to have a thick, healthy pasture grass rich in many minerals, is to use U. S. S. Tennessee Basic Slag. This proved plant food and soil conditioner benefits the pasture in three ways:

- (1) Adds calcium, phosphoric acid and other minerals to the soil.
- (2) These elements, necessary for healthy, profitable stock, are present in a readily available and lasting form.
- (3) Increases growth of pasture and lengthens the grazing season.

Stock raisers all over the South are rapidly realizing the importance of Basic Slag for making pastures to produce quality beef quickly, increase milk production, and reduce feed bills. For prices, see Green Ink Price List.

A view of Hereford cattle grazing the excellent pasture made with Tennessee Basic Slag on the farm of Mr. T. O. Asbury at McDonough, Georgia. Mr. Asbury states: "I began the use of Tennessee Basic Slag on my pasture some seven or eight years ago, applying about 800 pounds per acre and have since made smaller applications at various times. These results have been most satisfactory and at times the growth has been greater than my cattle could consume."

See Green Ink List

RUSSELL-HECKLE

Build Your Soil with CLOVER

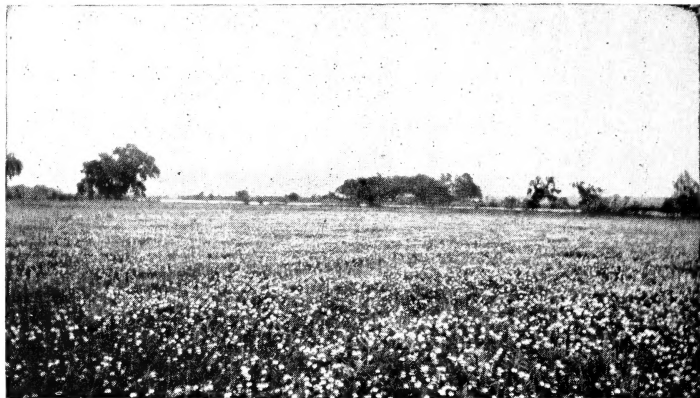
There is a Clover For Most All Types of Soil and Conditions

● SELECT THE TYPE YOUR SOIL NEEDS

For instance, Alsike does best on low, moist soils. Red does best on rolling well-drained soil. Both require lime. On other hand, Burr Clover will grow nicely without lime. There's a clover that fits in with your requirements that will prove profitable in your farming operations. Sometimes as a hay crop, sometimes for pasture purposes, and ALWAYS as a soil builder. Every Southern farm should have some kind of clover crop growing each year. This is nature's method of soil rejuvenation—the road to profitable farming.

INOCULATE THE SEED BY ALL MEANS

Field tests have shown that better crops are harvested when Legume seeds are inoculated even when planted on fields where inoculated seeds of the same Legume crops had grown the previous year. Use NITRAGIN—the oldest and most widely used inoculator in America. 1/2-bu. size, each, 35¢, postpaid.



A FIELD OF SWEET CLOVER

10 TOP NOTCH CLOVERS *It pays to plant PURE SEED!*

WHITE SWEET CLOVER

(Biennial *Melilotus Alba*)

Good for forage pasture and soil improvement—will grow on almost any southern soil (even very sandy soils) that contain lime, thriving on land too poor to grow red clover or alfalfa. Resemble alfalfa when young but grows much larger, almost same rank in feeding value, both as hay and green foliage. Stock seldom relish it at first, but when forced to eat it, soon develop a decided preference for it. Cut it before it reaches the blossom stage—too woody after that. Being a biennial, will disappear unless allowed to make seed second fall. Sow 15 to 25 pounds per acre. Postpaid, 1 lb., 35¢; 5 lbs., \$1.35; 10 lbs., \$2.50.

WHITE DUTCH CLOVER

(Perennial)

FOR PASTURE. Is one of the most palatable and nutritious of all pasture plants. It is well suited to most soils in the South. Does best on lime soils but grows with very little lime present. A very dry summer may cut down the stand greatly but will come back, unsurpassed in value in a wet season, splendid in connection with Bermuda and Lespedeza, does not cause bloat, high in protein, thrives under trampling, comes out early in the spring without interfering with other grasses. It is not adapted for hay, it is creeping in type, but should be in all pastures. Sow 4 to 6 pounds per acre.

FOR LAWNS. White Dutch Clover is used extensively to supplement various lawn grasses and mixtures. It grows up right and reaches maturity the following spring, furnishes splendid cold weather pasture and is a splendid soil builder. It is adaptable to a wide variety of soils. Lime helps it but its lime requirement is low compared to Red Clover. Basic Slag containing Phosphoric Acid is a splendid help as it is to all pastures.

Sow 12 to 18 lbs. per acre, cover the seed lightly. Moisture is also important in getting the seed up. Crimson is fine in a mixture with Ryegrass, Ryegrass or other cereals. It can be sown to advantage on a Bermuda sod tract over two inches high but we think sown on prepared land is the best method. Prices quoted in August.

Sow 12 to 18 lbs. per acre, cover the seed lightly. Moisture is also important in getting the seed up. Crimson is fine in a mixture with Ryegrass, Ryegrass or other cereals. It can be sown to advantage on a Bermuda sod tract over two inches high but we think sown on prepared land is the best method. Prices quoted in August.

RUSSELL-HECKLE

ALYCE CLOVER

(Annual)

A three-purpose legume which will grow on and improve poor soils, yield an excellent quality hay, and has few superiors for summer and early fall grazing. It is not injured by trampling or grazing due to its deep spreading root system. Starts growing after rye grass, bur, crimson, white clover and other winter crops go to seed. It is an annual, reseeding abundantly in October and returning every summer unless destroyed by summer cultivation. It will grow on a wide range of soils, from the poorest sand land to good clay loam soils. However, the sandy loam soils satisfy it best. (Not adaptable to wet lands or heavy clay.) Sow 15 to 20 lbs. per acre broadcast. If land is weed infested, suggest planting in 3 1/2 to 4-foot rows and cultivate, using 5 lbs. of seed per acre. Give seed a light covering. Plant only during May and June as the seed will not germinate until warm weather. Postpaid 1 lb., 35¢; 3 lbs., \$1.35; 5 lbs., \$2.00.

EARLY GIANT SOUTHERN

BURR CLOVER

(Annual)

A new and distinct type of the Southern Spotted Leaf Burr Clover, far superior to the original, being 3 to 4 weeks earlier in growth, blooming and maturing of seed. Does best on sandy loam, and poorest on heavy black buckshot. Sow July, August, September, October, 30 to 50 pounds of seed in the burr per acre, preferably in cotton middles. Can be pastured all winter and spring, or turned under in March. Will volunteer each fall for three years, then turn under again fourth year. One of the finest soil builders known. Prices quoted in August.

RED CLOVER

(Biennial)

For general utility and in a crop rotation Red Clover is probably unsurpassed. It requires lime and if Basic Slag is applied will thrive on any well drained soil, reasonably fertile, containing lime, anywhere in the South. Yields 1 to 2 cuttings of hay; feeding value next to Alfalfa. As a soil builder Red Clover is equal to any. Sow in March, April, September and October. Prepare the seed bed thoroughly, discing and harrowing. Sow seed, then roll in with a roller or cultipacker. Have the ground free of weeds. Being a biennial, it must be allowed to make seed the second fall, else it will disappear. Be sure to inoculate with Nitragin B; sown with wheelbarrow seeder gives excellent results, so does the grain drill and rotary hand seeder. Sow 6 to 10 lbs. per acre. Postpaid, 1 lb., 65¢; 3 lbs., \$1.65; 5 lbs., \$2.50.

YELLOW SWEET CLOVER

(Biennial *Melilotus Officialis*)

The Yellow Blossom type is very similar to that of the White Blossom. For those who wish to use sweet clover for pasture, hay and bee purposes, we would advise the use of the Yellow Blossom type. Sow 15 to 25 pounds per acre. Postpaid, 1 lb., 40¢; 5 lbs., \$1.60; 10 lbs., \$3.00.

PERSIAN CLOVER

(Perennial)

A marvelous new Clover that should be planted on every pasture in the South. Furnishes splendid grazing from early spring until June. Will carry 4 to 6 head of cattle per acre throughout the entire growing season. Yields 2 to 3 tons of rich, palatable hay per acre. Cures very quickly. An excellent soil builder. Reseeds itself even when closely grazed and spreads rapidly. Grows 2 to 3 feet high, bears small pink flowers and seeds heavily. Will stand heavier, wetter lands than most Clovers.

Persian Clover grows well in mixtures, and is often planted with White Dutch, Bermuda and Dallis Grass. It has a deeper root system than White Dutch and requires less moisture for its success. It grows equally well on clay or loamy soils, other conditions being favorable. Sow 6 to 8 pounds per acre. Postpaid, 1 lb., 75¢; 3 lbs., \$1.95; 5 lbs., \$3.00.

ALSIKE CLOVER

(Biennial)

Alsike has about the same length of life as Red Clover and is less subject to disease. It requires less lime than Red Clover and is exceptionally adapted to moisture or wet soils. The hay is of superior quality and fits in well in all pastures with Red Top, Orchard and other grasses. It is very resistant to cold weather, rarely winter killing. Alsike does well in shady places, something to be remembered. Sow 6 to 8 pounds per acre. Postpaid, 1 lb., 65¢; 3 lbs., \$1.65; 5 lbs., \$2.50.

HOP CLOVER (YELLOW)

(Annual)

This is probably the earliest clover out in the spring and lasts until mid-summer when Bermuda grass and Lespedeza take up the job of furnishing pasturage. It has a yellow flower appearing in late summer, but otherwise resembles Lespedeza in general appearance. It grows about 6 to 8 inches high and seems to thrive best of all on clays and loams that are not constantly wet, very valuable in all pastures, combines well with other crops. Sow 1 to 3 lbs. per acre in your pasture mixture. Postpaid, 1 lb., 75¢; 3 lbs., \$1.95; 5 lbs., \$3.00.

For Quantity Prices

Plant to Prosper with COTTON

DELTAPINE 14 ... A NEW COTTON

Deltapine 14 was bred and developed on the home experiment station of the Delta & Pine Land Company of Mississippi, Scott, Mississippi, and has been tested thoroughly at Scott during the past four years, 1939-41, and it has outyielded all other varieties that have been tried for that period. In the four years Deltapine 14 has been compared with Deltapine 12 in ten separate variety and strain tests. In all but one of these ten tests Deltapine 14 outyielded Deltapine 12, with an average increase of 4.8%. The average lint percentage was practically the same, differing by 3/10 of one percentage point and the average length of staple was 35/32nds for Deltapine 14 against 34.3/32nds for Deltapine 12 as classed by the Staple Cotton Cooperative Association. A portion of the 1941 crop of Deltapine 14 was classed and sold as 1 1/8", but this is predominantly 1 3/32" cotton. From 5% to 10% fewer bolls of Deltapine 14 are required to make a pound of seed cotton or lint than of Deltapine 12. **Sorry we have none of this cotton to offer, as the demand was so great our stocks were sold out early last fall.**

CERTIFIED WILDS 13

Wilds cotton is recognized from Arkansas to South Carolina as being one of the best upland long staples in the country and as having no competition in its length class.

THINNER FOLIAGE, SMALLER STALK

Wilds 13 was bred from Wilds 11 and has many good qualities, such as earliness, desirable type, drought resistance, large bolls, excellent opening, fluffiness, high production, early fruitage, high per cent (33% to 35%), and a fiber that is 1 3/8" to 1 1/2" in length, silky and strong. In addition, Wilds 13 has thinner foliage, is more open in type and produces a smaller plant growth.

EARLY FRUITAGE, LARGE BOLLS

Daily bloom counts show Wilds strains to be the earliest of all cottons in setting a crop; however, the bolls are large and require a longer period to develop. The hull is thick, tough and weevil resistant. The thinner foliage and smaller plant growth of Wilds 13 assures even better and more uniform opening.

DESCRIPTION

Plant: Semi-dwarf, open, 1 to 3 vegetative branches and well-spaced fruiting branches.

Foliage: Thin, medium small leaf.

Season: Very early.

Bolls: Round, ovate, slightly pointed, 65 to 70 to pound. Open wide fluff beautifully, storm resistant, looks and picks like short cotton.

Lint Length: 1 3/8" to 1 1/2" under good conditions.

Lint Per cent: 33% to 35%.

Lint Character: Best, strong, silky.

Production: Very high for cotton of its length.

Seed are machine delinted and Ceresan treated. Prices F.O.B. Memphis, 100 lbs., \$8.00; Ton, \$140.00.



A TYPICAL FIELD OF DELTAPINE COTTON

CERTIFIED DELFOS 531-C

The Delfos 531-C has all the good qualities of its forebears, the Delfos 6102 and 531 strains, and was selected primarily for its ability to produce more lint per acre. Delfos 531-C is extra spreading and prolific. Very similar to, but more vigorous and disease resistant than Delfos 531-B. There are 75 to 85 bolls to a pound of seed cotton, depending on soil and climatic conditions. It is very early in maturity and the picking quality is very good. Has a lint percentage of 33% to 35%, and a staple that is 1 5/32" to 1 3/16" in length. The foliage is light. Because of its extra vigor, disease resistance and prolificness, it has proven to be widely adapted and a good money maker on most lands of valley or fertile upland sections.

Seed are Ceresan treated. Prices F.O.B. Memphis, 100 lbs., \$6.75; Ton, \$125.00.

CERTIFIED DELTAPINE 12

First Year From Breeder

Deltapine 12 (D. & P. L. 12) was chosen in the spring of 1940 to replace the famous Deltapine A (D. & P. L. 11-A), and has proven to be a most worthy successor. It is closely related to Deltapine A and is similar, but superior, in most characteristics. Deltapine 12 is more productive, has a good staple with a better lint turnout and is more disease resistant. Deltapine 12 has returned from crops grown in the Mississippi River valley a staple ranging from 1 1/32" to 1 1/8", with 1 3/32" predominating. The staple is exceptionally uniform, of good character and quality. In four variety tests conducted by the Alabama Experiment Station in North Alabama, during 1939 and 1940, the average lint turnout was 44% each season.

Seed are Ceresan treated. Prices F.O.B. Memphis, 100 lbs., \$6.75; Ton, \$125.00.

STAYLEYMONE (Plant Growth Substance)

For cotton, corn, small grains, soy beans, cow peas, alfalfa, garden seed, grasses, etc. Last spring after publication of experimental information on the use of Stayleymone by the University of Oklahoma, we had innumerable calls from our planter friends for Stayleymone to be used in an experimental way. At the time our catalogue goes to press it will be too early for us to know the results obtained from these experiments. We believe, however, that they will be favorable, as the manufacturer has turned Stayleymone over to their sales department for handling during this coming season. Stayleymone was handled in their research department this last spring. Literature telling all about Stayleymone, also prices will be available about the first of the year. Write us.

CERESAN HELPS COTTON GROWERS CUT DISEASE LOSSES

Cotton growers know that poor stands reduce yields and profits, and often mean replanting. You can increase your profits 10 to 20% by obtaining full stands of healthy plants.

HOW CERESAN HELPS

REDUCES SEED DECAY AND DAMPING-OFF—Ceresan, an organic mercury dry disinfectant, is applied to the cotton seed before planting. It helps protect seed against decay in cold, wet soil and the young seedlings against damping-off or sore-shin. Ceresan generally insures good stands, and often saves replanting.

CHECKS CERTAIN SEED-BORNE DISEASES—Ceresan also reduces the losses in stand caused by certain diseases carried on the surface of the seed, such as anthracnose or pink boll rot, and angular leaf-spot.

IMPROVES STANDS AND YIELDS—Experiment station tests prove Ceresan increases stands and yields. In tests by ARKANSAS, Ceresan gave increased emergence of 34%, and an increased yield of 14.5%.

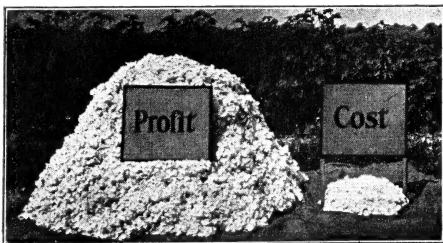
In LOUISIANA, Ceresan gave 15.8% increase in emergence in two years' tests, and 187 pounds increase in yield.

In MISSISSIPPI tests Ceresan increased emergence over the non-treated seed by 19.3% and New Improved Ceresan by 29.3%.

In TEXAS, Ceresan-treated seeds gave increased stands over untreated seeds in all cases.

EARLIER PLANTING—Ceresan enables you to plant earlier because it protects the seed from decay and reduces damping-off losses and thus usually assures better stands, also early planting helps get ahead of the boll weevil.

1 pound of 2% Ceresan is enough to treat 5 to 8 bushels planting cotton seed. Postpaid, 1 lb., 85c; 5 lbs., \$3.50.

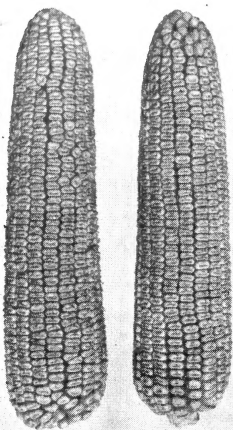


Treat Your Cottonseed With Ceresan WE WILL ARRANGE IT FOR YOU

If you are to busy, we will get it done for you, quickly and reasonably, and cull your seed at the same time. The culls would not grow good stalks anyway but will bring almost enough at oil mills to pay for cost of treating your seed. This is the Biggest Boost you can give your Cotton Crop.

Write us NOW how many seed you will want treated (it must be 5 tons or more), and we will name price. If you have a small quantity of seed to treat you can handle them yourself. Write for full directions on how to make a Rotary Treater for disinfecting seeds.

Top Notch SEED CORN... the



TOP NOTCH MOSBY'S PROLIFIC

TOP NOTCH PAYMASTER. (100-115 days.) We endorse this corn as one of the most satisfactory and heavy yielding corns for southern farms. Bred in Tennessee, its excellence reached the point where 75 per cent of all the corn planted in the state of Tennessee is reported to be Paymaster. Paymaster is now planted all over the South. White grain, cob bright red; mostly 2 ears to stalk, ears well filled to end. A tall variety making good ensilage. Postpaid, pt. 20c; qt., 30c; ½ gal., 45c; gal., 75c.

CRO-TOX

Protector of Planted Seed.

CROTOX. Protects corn from crows, blackbirds, moles, etc. It aids and hastens germination, which means healthier stalks and larger yields per acre. Cro-Tox will not kill birds or animals. Saves seed loss.

½-pint can, treats 1 bushel of seed corn, 60c; postpaid, 70c; 1-pint can, \$1.00; postpaid, \$1.10; 1-quart can, \$1.50, postpaid, \$1.65.

When we selected Top Notch brand for our seeds many years ago we had in mind the highest standard of quality, and every year since then we have tried to live up to that brand. The tremendous volume of TOP NOTCH quality seed corn that we sell year after year is ample proof that farmers are pleased with our corns. Top Notch brand corn costs a trifle more than machine-graded corns and are preferred by farmers who know quality. If they cost \$1.00 per bushel more, that would be just 1½ cents to 15 cents per acre additional cost. One peck per acre additional yield from Top Notch brand corn would equalize that—we believe you can expect 10 to 15 extra bushels per acre.

Open pollinated seed corns produce best results when planted under climatic and soil conditions similar to those under which it was originally produced. Our open pollinated seed corns are produced in localities where each variety is at its best. With corn as with other crops, no one variety has all the best qualities. No one variety is best suited for all soils and conditions. Plant corn best suited to your locality. One gallon of seed corn will plant approximately one acre in 3½ to 4-foot rows.

5 Important Reasons on Why to Plant Hybrid Corns

1. **GREATER YIELD**—Hybrid Corns usually yield more bushels of corn per acre over open pollinated corns, year in and year out, wherever they are planted.

2. **EASIER HARVESTING**—The uniform height of the ears of most Hybrid Corns makes them twice as easy to harvest. No stooping, no scraping in the mud is required. There are virtually no down stalks, and the ears are all of the same level.

3. **STIFFER STALKS**—When hard winds lay other corns flat, most Hybrid Corns stand firm and erect. The stalks are so much stiffer, the roots so much deeper that the problem of twisted and down corn is virtually eliminated.

4. **DEEPER ROOTS**—The roots of some Hybrid Corns have been known to go down eight feet. When drought strikes they dig down for moisture and produce a crop where other corns fail. In normal years these deeper roots tap a supply of food that ordinary corns never reach.

5. **A Surer CROP**—It costs less than \$1.00 per acre to plant our Hybrid Corns. For that nominal cost you get more bushels of corn per acre plus protection against wind, drought, disease and pests plus uniform ears of a distinct quality.

TOP NOTCH EARLY SURPRISE. (85 days.) This splendid early corn is already well-known. You can plant it early and gather it early. Dependable because it matures before the summer droughts. The white grains are medium size. Ears snow-white, about 8 inches long. The grains are set on a medium white cob; stalks medium tall and average two good ears. Postpaid, pt., 25c; qt., 35c; ½ gal., 55c; gal., 95c.

Tennessee Paymaster Hybrids Nos. 10, 14, 15

The University of Tennessee Agricultural Experiment Station has been working on Paymaster Hybrids for a number of years and experiment station tests have shown them to be exceptionally good. These hybrids are made by combining inbreds from the high yielding prolific open pollinated variety Neal Paymaster. Thus they are all more or less similar. Neal Paymaster in having white grain, red cob, prolificacy, and high shelling percent. These hybrids are more uniform and lower eared than Neal Paymaster. The difference in yielding ability of these three hybrids is small and may be considered non-significant at the present. However, further testing will give additional information as to the relative merits of each of these hybrids. Over a period of years these Tennessee Hybrids have outyielded open pollinated Neal Paymaster appreciably. No. 10 stands well, some ears very light copper tinted. Nos. 14, 15, high yielding, prolific. Price, postpaid, pt., 30c; qt., 50c; ½ gal., 85c; gal., \$1.50; pk., \$2.60; ½ bu., \$4.75.

National 134 Hybrid

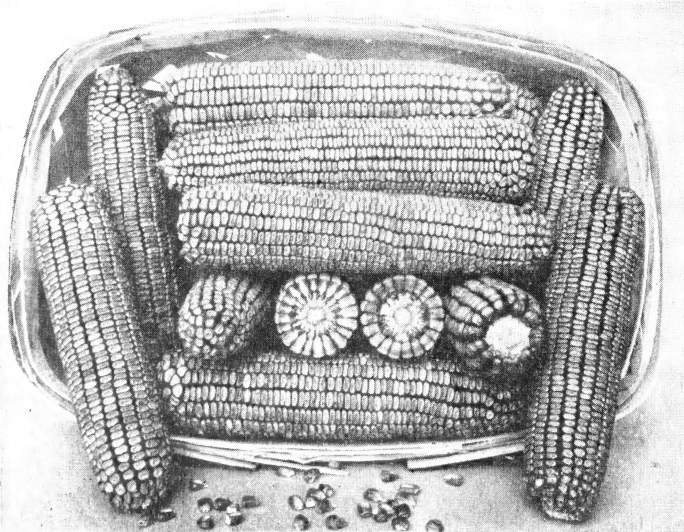
An early, high yielding, yellow hybrid developed by Dr. Stuart Smith, nationally known in Hybrid Corn breeding. Sold by us last year and proven very satisfactory. Postpaid, pt., 35c; qt., 55c; ½ gal., 95c; gal., \$1.70; pk., \$2.85; ½ bu., \$5.25.

TOP NOTCH TRUCKER'S FAVORITE. (85 days.) Ears 8 inches long, even rowed, tender and of fine quality, usually produces two good ears to each stalk. An excellent variety for field culture or for late planting to use as a garden crop. Postpaid, pt., 25c; qt., 35c; ½ gal., 55c; gal., 95c.

TOP NOTCH MEXICAN JUNE. (90 days.) This dependable variety, largely planted late in the spring throughout the entire Cotton Belt originally came from Mexico. It is largely used for planting after oats and wheat, and can be planted as late as August 15th with good results. The stalks are usually short, although early plantings make stalks 12 to 15 feet high, leaves 4 to 5 feet long. The roots run deep and spread so that it is a splendid drought resister. Ears from 8 to 9 inches long, grains short to medium, cobs medium in size, and while usually white, occasionally you'll find a red cob with white and some blue grains. This apparent mixture of color is peculiar to many varieties of Mexican corn. Postpaid, pt., 20c; qt., 30c; ½ gal., 50c; gal., 85c.

TOP NOTCH LAGUNA. (110-120 days.) This variety has been a favorite in Mississippi for years, standing third among twenty-four varieties in 1929, and was third in average standing for the next ten years at Stoneville, Miss.—a fine record. Laguna ears average 8 inches long, 14 rows of white, broad kernels, medium length, white cob. Laguna seems to stand adverse weather conditions that usually occur during the latter part of the growing season, and like Mexican June, will build its yield above other varieties planted under these conditions. Postpaid, pt., 20c; qt., 30c; ½ gal., 50c; gal., 85c.

TOP NOTCH MOSBY'S PROLIFIC. (110-120 days.) One of the most prolific corns in existence; the stalks are tall, bearing to 5 fine ears. The grains are long set close to a small white cob, very uniform in shape, well filled. Another feature is its abundant foliage, which renders it superior to most sorts for ensilage purposes. This is a Southern corn, and is recommended for general crop. It is pearly white, small cob, deep full grain, neither too hard nor too soft. Postpaid, pt., 20c; qt., 30c; ½ gal., 45c; gal., 75c.



TOP NOTCH PAYMASTER

RUSSELL-HECKLE

" " " " " "

For Quantity Prices

Very Highest Standard Quality

TOP NOTCH MAMMOTH BLOODY BUTCHER. Its ability to resist drouth has always been an outstanding characteristic of Bloody Butcher. It will produce mostly two ears to the stalk, and grows about 8 feet tall. It can be planted up until June 1st safely, and with ample moisture present June 15th planting would probably do all right. Bloody Butcher is one of the best varieties we know of for thin upland soils—truly a poor land corn. And, of course, does even better on richer soils. Our stock is limited. Please let us know your requirements early. Postpaid, pt., 20c; qt., 30c; ½ gal., 50c; gal., 85c.

TOP NOTCH HASTINGS' PROLIFIC. (120-130 days.) It will make 2 ears to the stalk on average land, and if planted 24 to 30 inches apart in the row on good strong land, 4 to 6 ears to the stalk can be had. The ears are well filled at both ends; the cob is small; the shuck is heavy and covers the ear tightly, protecting it from birds and insects. Postpaid, pt., 20c; qt., 30c; ½ gal., 50c; gal., 85c.

TOP NOTCH TENNESSEE WHITE RED COB. (120 days.) An extra large field corn; grains long, white, broad and evenly lined on large red cob. The ears of this sort will run from 9 to 12 inches long and have from 18 to 20 rows. The stalks grow from 8 to 12 feet high, are broad, strong and short-jointed. It makes one of our best ensilage corns. Postpaid, pt., 20c; qt., 30c; ½ gal., 45c; gal., 75c.

TOP NOTCH HICKORY KING. (120 days.) The white grain is so wide and deep, and the cob so small that often a single grain will cover the end of a broken cob. It has been called the Poor Man's Corn because it can be depended upon to produce a crop on poor, thin land. On good land it bears two ears to the stalk. Postpaid, pt., 20c; qt., 30c; ½ gal., 50c; gal., 85c.

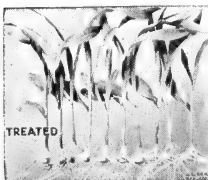
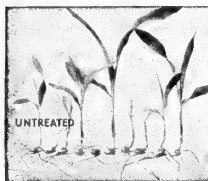
TOP NOTCH EARLY YELLOW DENT. (90 days.) Yellow grains, medium size red cob, ears good length. One of the popular varieties, for late planting particularly. Postpaid, pt., 20c; qt., 30c; ½ gal., 45c; gal., 75c.

POP CORN FOR PLANTING

AUSTRALIAN DYNAMITE OR T. N. T. (120 days.) Produces large yellow kernels, pops large, crisp and tender, flavor excellent. Vigorous, tall growing, produces 2 to 3 ears to a stalk, 6 to 9 inches long. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 15c; lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.00.

BABY RICE. (120 days.) This is a dwarf growing, heavy yielding variety; the ears are thick in proportion to their length. The kernels resemble the best white rice and pop larger and without hull. The flavor is excellent. Fine for home use. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 15c; lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.00.

TREAT SEED CORN

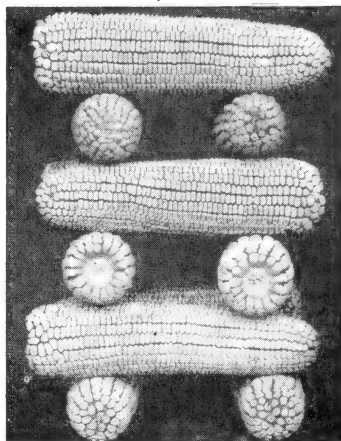


Seed treated with New Improved Semesan Jr. is protected against many seedling diseases and seed decay which cause missing hills and hills with only one stalk. Fifty-one farm demonstrations in the Corn Belt showed that New Improved Semesan Jr. increased stands by 5% to 15%. 1½ oz. size, enough to treat 1 bu. of seed corn. Each, 18c, postpaid.

TOP NOTCH JARVIS GOLDEN PROLIFIC. (110-120 days.) This is one of the finest corns for this section on our list. A natural drought-resisting variety, one of the few varieties of Yellow Corn that produces more than one ear. It is hardy enough to withstand any kind of weather in the fall. Crops have been left in the field until early spring and then come out good, sound corn. A native southern yellow corn, carefully bred, and one that bears two good ears to the stalk. The stalk is rather dwarf, 6 to 8 feet high, and does not fall down in stormy weather. Grains are bright golden yellow; ears are firm and solid, about 7 to 10 inches long. The grain is medium in size. This is a very productive and desirable variety, and is drought resistant. Our seed is all carefully selected. It will please you. Postpaid, pt., 20c; qt., 30c; ½ gal., 45c; gal., 75c.

TOP NOTCH GOLDEN SURPRISE (Leaming Yellow). (90-100 days.) A large yellow corn for our southern farmers. Ears 8½ to 9½ inches long, usually 14 to 16 rows of well-dented grains; grows a stalk 7 to 10 feet high. Among its excellent qualities are the grains, which are very narrow and deep, of a bright golden yellow color and are medium hard, not at all flinty, just hard enough to stand the rainy weather conditions to keep ears from rotting. Golden Surprise produces well on most any soil—good upland as well as low moist locations. It is a good yielding variety. Each stalk produces two good large ears, shells easily, is also often used for an ensilage crop. Postpaid, pt., 20c; qt., 30c; ½ gal., 45c; gal., 75c.

TOP NOTCH WHITE DENT. (100 days.) White grains, slightly dented, medium size white cob, ears good length, well filled. An old standby for late planting. Postpaid, pt., 20c; qt., 30c; ½ gal., 45c; gal., 75c.



TOP NOTCH YELLOW DENT

TOP NOTCH SILVER MINE. (100 days.) Ears measure from 10 to 12 inches in length. They are very uniform in size and shape, 16 to 20 straight rows of deep, pure white kernels on a small white cob. Postpaid, pt., 20c; qt., 30c; ½ gal., 45c; gal., 75c.

TWO TOP NOTCH CORN PLANTERS



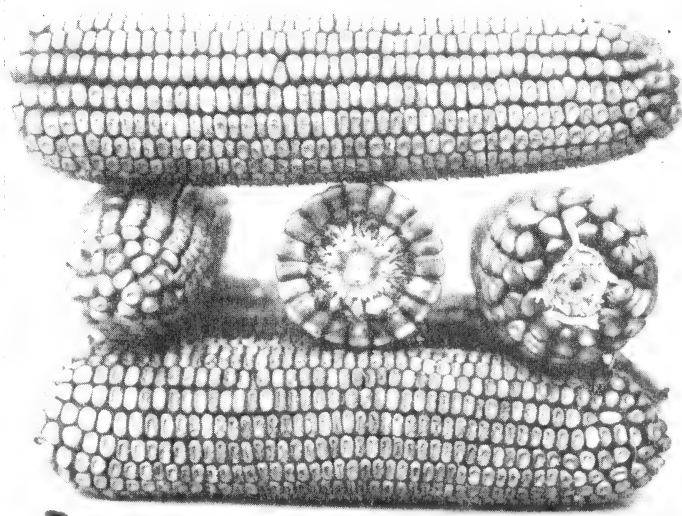
ACME No. 306. A hand corn planter that plants up to six acres per day. All working parts of steel, including stripper . . . no brushes to wear out. Operates automatically, easily and accurately.

Each \$1.35
Postpaid \$1.65



ACME No. 311. A patented ACME planter of great popularity. Plants corn or beans. Operates automatically, easily and accurately. Adjustable for desired number of kernels. Also equipped with adjustable depth gauge.

Each \$2.25
Postpaid \$2.55



TOP NOTCH GOLDEN SURPRISE

See Green Ink List

RUSSELL-HECKLE

Sow TOP NOTCH GRASS

HOW...WHEN...WHERE TO PLANT

In planting grass seed the land should first be thoroughly cultivated and pulverized. The seed may then be scattered by hand or with a hand-seeder, such as described in this catalog. A harrow or rake should then be used, which will mix the seeds with the soil so they will be covered about one-quarter inch deep. If not convenient to sprinkle, the planting should be done when there is a good season in the ground, and land rolled or dragged after harrowing. This will pack the soil so the moisture will be saved from evaporation and thus cause the seed to germinate, and to nurture the grass until it establishes a good root system.

KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS

FOR PASTURE. Unless the soil contains lots of lime it will not give best results. When Basic Slag is applied the growth is very much improved. Sow in February, March and April, September and October on fertile soil. It does well in combination with other pasture grasses. Sow 20 to 30 pounds per acre.

FOR LAWNS. Adapted to shady locations. Does best in a rich alkaline soil. Satisfactory results should be obtained by preparing the soil in advance, working in an abundance of crushed lime stone and bone meal fertilizer. One pound will sow 20 x 20 or 400 square feet. Prices, postpaid, 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.60; 10 lbs., \$3.00

TIMOTHY

A short-lived perennial, usually lasts 3 to 5 years, as the root system is rather shallow, it thrives best on rich, moist bottom lands, and on heavier types of soil—poorly on thin or sandy soils. Prefers sweet soil but does not form a sod. Won't stand close pasturing but is very palatable and will not injure stock no matter how much is eaten. Yields 1½ to 3 tons of hay. Sow spring or fall, 15 pounds alone or 10 pounds Timothy and 5 pounds Alsike or 6 pounds Red Clover. A well worked seed bed rolled before and after seeding is desirable, increasing supply of moisture. Postpaid, 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.80.

RED TOP OR HERD'S GRASS

This grass makes excellent pasturage and a good crop of fine quality hay, and succeeds on a greater variety of soils than any other in general use. The place for Red Top is on rather moist soil, deficient in lime and fertility. It will grow where the soil is too poor for timothy and Kentucky blue grass, and once established thickens and improves year after year. It is a good variety to sow with timothy and clover for meadow or pasture and is more permanent than either of the other two. It has been grown successfully even on alkali land where other grasses failed. It requires about 8 to 10 pounds to seed an acre of the fancy clean seed. It can be sown either in the spring or fall. Thrives all over the country. Postpaid, 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.20; 10 lbs., \$2.20.

MIXED LAWN GRASSES

EVERGREEN. Our Evergreen Lawn Grass is a mixture of grasses that are adapted to lawn making, and contains none of the coarse grasses nor those that grow in tufts or clumps. No one grass makes an ideal lawn grass, so we have put our Evergreen a well-balanced mixture of grasses that are at their best during different months of the year and will give a beautiful green growth. One pound will sow 20 x 20 or 400 square feet. Postpaid, 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.45; 10 lbs., \$2.75.

SHADY SPOT. A mixture of grasses that are especially adapted to the shade. We have used great care in the selection of the grasses that go into this mixture and feel certain that with proper planting and attention, good results will be obtained. An alkaline soil rich in humus and plenty of moisture is required to successfully grow grass in the shade. One pound will sow 20 x 20 or 400 square feet. Postpaid, 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.45; 10 lbs., \$2.75

SUNNY SOUTH. A mixture of regular Lawn Seed and Bermuda grass, especially adapted for open and sunny situations. It will stand hot weather and with frequent watering will make a beautiful green summer lawn. Cut the grass weekly, which will cause it to stool and grow off to a solid turf. If weather is dry, water well for good germination. One pound will sow 20 x 20 or 400 square feet. Postpaid, 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.60; 10 lbs., \$3.00.

ORCHARD GRASS

One of the best and most durable pasture grasses, up early in the spring and lasting until late fall. Grows on almost any well drained soil but not recommended for very poor worn soils. On moist but well drained fertile lowland, especially if well supplied with lime, will produce a heavy hay crop, as well as large amount of pasture. Cut for hay in early bloom stage—if delayed too long the hay will be woody and not palatable. Sow 14 pounds of seed per acre in spring or fall on ground prepared by thorough but not too deep discing. Rolling the seed in is helpful. Postpaid, 1 lb., 65c; 5 lbs., \$2.65; 10 lbs., \$5.00.

CARPET GRASS

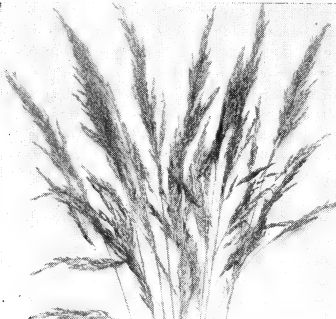
Grows abundantly all over the lower South from Southern Virginia to Texas, extending inland to Arkansas, Northern Alabama, etc. We find it growing in Memphis territory. Carpet is a perennial creeping grass, forming a dense, close turf, especially adapted to sandy or sandy loam soils, particularly where the moisture is near the surface most of the year. Stands lots of grazing and heavy trampling—heavy grazing is recommended, likes warmth and moistures. Cattle like the brown grass even after frost. Has carrying capacity equal to blue grass. Over much of the area in which it grows, Carpet Grass is more valuable than any other perennial grass yet known for permanent pastures. Lespedeza grows fine with it. Sow 10 to 15 pounds of seed per acre alone. Postpaid, 1 lb., 45c; 5 lbs., \$1.85; 10 lbs., \$3.50.

DALLIS GRASS

A perennial—once started it grows rapidly, and when well sodded it gives more grazing than any other grass we know, choking out objectionable weeds. Close grazing is really recommended. Stock prefer it and fatten on it, comes out early in spring, is highly heat and drought resistant and persists until late fall. Makes fastest growth on heavy, moist soils, but gives fairly satisfactory results on hill lands. Mixes well with Lespedeza, Bermuda, Hop Clover, etc. Sow 10 to 15 pounds seed per acre, early spring or fall. The imported seed are preferable, having much higher purity and germination than native grass. Postpaid, 1 lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.40; 10 lbs., \$4.50.



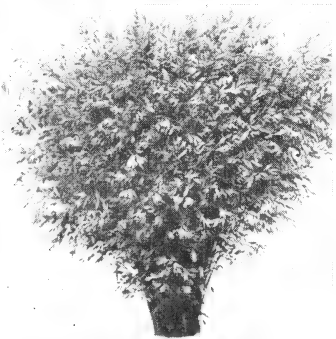
ORCHARD GRASS



RED TOP GRASS



TIMOTHY



KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS



Your Lawn Needs Food!

That beautiful thick lawn you admire is made up of millions of tiny, individual grass plants. They're living things that require 11 food elements from the soil for beautiful, thriving growth.

VIGORO
Square Meal for all Plants

A Product of Swift

For Quantity Prices

RUSSELL-HECKLE

SEED... For Lawns, Pasture and Hay

SUDAN GRASS

Sudan is strictly an annual and must be planted over each spring. It is the quickest growing and best summer pasture yet developed—good right up until frost. Sudan is a warm weather crop—wait until April 15 in latitude of Central Mississippi and get first cutting of hay in 60 to 70 days. It does not require lime. It grows best on a rich loam but has been grown successfully on almost every class of soil from a heavy clay to a light sand. The Tennessee Experiment Station says Sudan is outstanding in its resistance to dry weather. You can get three to four cuttings of hay in a good season. Before turning stock into a new crop of Sudan it is well to run the mower over it—this will start it to stooling and prevent the whole young plant from being pulled up. You can sow 25 pounds per acre broadcast with good results, but on rich land planters tell us it is foolish to sow less than 40 pounds, even 50 per acre, when an amazing growth results, of very fine stemmed succulent plants, much more palatable to the stock. Postpaid, 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 70c; 10 lbs., \$1.20.

BERMUDA GRASS

FOR PASTURE. Grows on most all types of soil but will not grow in dense shade. Bermuda and Lespedeza grow fine together, and if White Clover or Crimson Clover is added, an excellent pasture is possible from early spring to mid-fall. Because of its dense sod and creeping habit of growth, Bermuda is decidedly the best grass to prevent soil erosion. Do not plant until the cold is definitely past, and the ground is thoroughly warm; roughly, from April 15th to August 15th. Hulled Bermuda germinates in 10 days with ample moisture. Unhulled seed requires 21 to 30 days. For grazing, sow 10-15 pounds unhulled seed per acre alone, less in a pasture mixture. Hulled seed sows 50 per cent more space.

FOR LAWNS. The dependable hot weather grass for southern lawns. Sow April 15th to August 15th; have ground well prepared and cover seed lightly as seeds germinate slowly. Keep soil well watered until up. If weather is dry, soak ground well three times a week. Sow one pound of unhulled seed to 20 x 30, or 800 square feet. Sow one pound of hulled seed to 25 x 40, or 1,000 square feet.

Prices (Unhulled Seed), postpaid, ½ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$1.00; 3 lbs., \$2.85; 5 lbs., \$4.50.

Prices (Hulled Seed), postpaid, ½ lb., 75c; 1 lb., \$1.25; 3 lbs., \$3.60; 5 lbs., \$5.75.

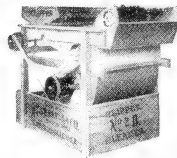


SUDAN GRASS

WINTER RYE GRASS

FOR PASTURE. Sow in September and October, the earlier the better. Don't sow on wheat or other small grain, but by itself, or perhaps with other grasses, or with clover, on well-prepared land. Sow it on fertile soil only for best results. Good stands are easily obtained and the fall growth is rapid, affording pasture from late fall to late spring—dies down in hot summer. The foliage is very tender, and all livestock find it palatable. Makes a good hay, ready to cut a month earlier than Timothy. Sow 20 to 30 pounds per acre.

FOR LAWNS. When sown in the fall, which is the proper season, Winter Rye Grass remains green all through the winter. Sow on top of Bermuda in September, October and November, at the rate of one pound to 10 x 10 feet, or 100 square feet. Prices, 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 80c; 10 lbs., \$1.40. Postpaid.



CLIPPER CLEANER

These have vertical air blast cleaners, fans, and separators. Clean most all seeds and grains. No farmer should be without one. Write us for illustrated descriptive folder and prices.

TOP NOTCH PASTURE GRASS MIXTURES

PERMANENT PASTURE MIXTURE NO. 1. For uplands and well drained loamy soils, for either pasture or hay. Contains various grasses and clovers in proper proportions for such soils, based on our observation and experience. We vary the mixture to fit the season. Sow 20 to 25 pounds per acre. Postpaid, 1 lb., 45c; 5 lbs., \$1.85; 10 lbs., \$3.50.

PERMANENT PASTURE MIXTURE NO. 2. For lowlands. Experience has taught that some grasses and clovers thrive best in rather low, moist soils. Our No. 2 Mixture is prepared accordingly, good for grazing and hay. If stock does not keep down to 6 inches or so, run the mower over it. Sow 18 to 21 pounds per acre. Postpaid, 1 lb., 45c; 5 lbs., \$1.85; 10 lbs., \$3.50.

PERMANENT HOG MIXTURE. Especially prepared for pasturing hogs. Composed of Red Clover, Red Top Grass, Orchard Grass, Alsike Clover, Rape, etc. Sow 20 pounds per acre. Postpaid, 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.45; 10 lbs., \$2.70.

CHICKEN PASTURE MIXTURE. A splendid mixture of grains, clover and grasses for green feed for chicken runs. Sow 30 pounds to the acre. Postpaid, 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., 85c; 10 lbs., \$1.50.



Cyclone Seed Sower

For more than 60 years it has been on the market and long ago won recognition as a dependable machine. Hundreds of thousands of farmers in America, Europe, Canada and elsewhere have long relied upon it for sowing Clover, Grass, Alfalfa, Lespedeza, Oats, Rye, Millet, Wheat, Turnip, and other seeds that are sown broadcast.

Price—Each, \$2.75; Postpaid, \$3.00

Combination Fertilizer and Seed Sower

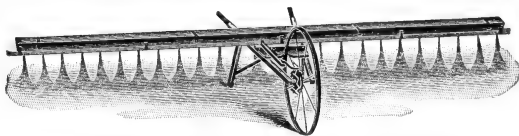
Of special value to farmers who wish to apply granular fertilizer or seed early in the spring when the soil is still wet from early thaws. It is especially useful on steep, rough and irregular land.

Price—Each, \$4.00; Postpaid, \$4.25

Cahoon Seed Sower

This seed sower has been known and recognized as standard equipment in all parts of the country for many years. Sows all kinds of grains and grass seed. Bag and hopper hold 22 quarts; two gates govern the quantity of seed sown, preventing waste.

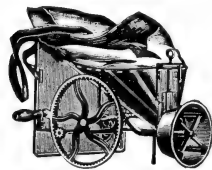
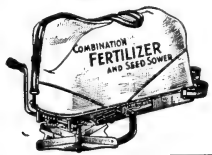
Price—Each, \$5.00; Postpaid, \$5.35



THOMPSON WHEELBARROW SEEDER

NO. 13 ROYAL Double Hopper Seeder. The fastest grass seeder on the market. Easy running and lightweight, complete only 50 pounds. The seed is never bunched. Seed is sown close to ground, hence wind does not blow it. 14 feet in length, having an extra deep hopper, is the best for sowing Lespedeza seed in addition to sowing alfalfa, clovers, millet, timothy, grasses, etc. With chain feed. Price f.o.b. Memphis, \$19.75.

NO. 101 UNIVERSAL DISTRIBUTOR. An all-purpose distributor, broadcasts uniformly at any rate application required. Hopper capacity 1½ bushels of seed or one 100-pound bag of fertilizer, spreading width 10 feet. Price f.o.b. Factory, \$29.75.



Horn Seed Sower

Has patented seed gauge constructed of brass that will never rust. It is this gauge that has made this seeder so popular. It is very accurate and dependable and is attached to a sectional tube. It is an old favorite with truckers and farmers everywhere for sowing all small seeds like grass, alfalfa, timothy, lespedeza, etc.

Price—Each, \$1.00; Postpaid, \$1.10

See Green Ink List

RUSSELL-HECKLE

- Drouth Resistant
- Restores Soil
- Re-seeds Itself Yearly ...

How ... When ... Where ... to Plant

Lespedeza grows anywhere in the South. It is the only clover we know of that will grow on acid soils, but it does respond to lime. It grows on worn-out gravelly hillsides, and waste lands where nothing else of value will grow. Naturally, it produces better results on better soils, except on black buckshot in the delta sections—do not plant it there, for it will fail.

Lespedeza withstands drouths that will kill other crops when there is a thick stand before drouth begins. Being a legume it is a valuable soil improver, and thousands of acres of worn-out soil have been restored to extreme fertility by sowing Lespedeza, grazing it to hogs and cattle for a year or two, then turning under in the fall.

Lespedeza stands heavy grazing and will increase grazing capacity of pastures by 25 per cent. It re-seeds itself every year even when severely grazed, but you can kill it out any time you want with a cultivated crop.

Lespedeza hay is nearly as high in feeding value as alfalfa, and is about the most used hay in the South. It contains less moisture than alfalfa or red clover, and is therefore more quickly cured. Cutting when about 15 inches high will leave ample time to grow a seed crop before frost. It is an annual, making seed every year.

Mixed Lespedeza and Bermuda grass hay is often cut—it also combines well with orchard grass and red top—the first cutting is almost all grass, the second pure Lespedeza.

Lespedeza can also be sown in the spring on top of fall planted oats. When the oats are cut in dough state, or later for grain, the Lespedeza will come on and make a full hay crop, and later on, a seed crop. Sow 25 lbs. per acre in February, March and April. Inoculate before planting with NITRAGIN inoculation.

An Entirely
Different Type ...

LESPEDeza (Sericea)

The Perennial
Lespedeza ...



A FIELD OF SERICEA LESPEDeza



LESPEDeza IS EXCELLENT FOR HAY, PASTURE AND SOIL IMPROVEMENT

Make Your Choice from these

3 TOP NOTCH VARIETIES

COMMON LESPEDeza



adversity and closer grazing than any other.
Postpaid, 1 lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.10; 10 lbs., \$4.00.

KOREAN LESPEDeza

Korean is the earliest of the annual Lespedezas, coming up first and growing rapidly, therefore giving earliest grazing of any Lespedeza. Grows taller than Common, larger plant and coarser, with broader leaflets. Korean matures earlier than other Lespedezas, seed beginning to ripen in September. The only variety suitable for northern half of the United States. Korean is fine in combination with grain for it will drop seed before time to break the ground to sow grain in the fall. Korean is fine in pasture combinations, and an abundant hay yielder. Postpaid, 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., 85c; 10 lbs., \$1.50.

KOBE LESPEDeza

Kobe has certainly earned a home for itself on southern farms, particularly where long periods of drouth occurred, for Kobe came through these drouths where Common Lespedeza was burned out. This drouth resistance is a lifesaver to a farmer, and is no doubt due to the very extensive root system and its rank growth, with larger than ordinary leaves. We have seen Kobe 38 inches tall, but usually it is 2 to 2½ feet tall. We have seen yields of 4 tons per acre with Kobe. It is excellent for hay and pasture alike. Can be sown with oats, also with orchard grass and rep top or herd's grass. Postpaid, 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.35; 10 lbs., \$2.50.

Inoculate Seed By All Means

Field tests have shown that better crops are harvested when Legume seeds are inoculated even when planted on fields where inoculated seeds of the same Legume crops had grown the previous year. Use NITRAGIN, the oldest and most widely used inoculator in America. Small size (inoculates up to 50 lbs. of seed), each 40c, postpaid.



An entirely different type—once planted, it comes back each spring from the crowns like alfalfa, and is often called "The Poor Land Alfalfa." All other lespedeza varieties must be re-seeded or allowed to drop their seed each year.

Sericea has an enormous root system, penetrating often four feet into the soil, with a perfect mat of smaller roots spreading everywhere—you can see what this means as a positive cure for soil erosion. Further it seems to be the answer to a farmer's prayer for a pasture that is drought proof. Sericea pastures in Korea in use for fifty years are better today than ever. The enormous root system is loaded with nodules of nitrogen, adding immensely to soil fertility provided you inoculate when seeding.

Sericea will grow apparently anywhere in the South on almost any type of soil (except Mississippi Delta buckshot) without liming or any kind of treatment. Plant only hulled and scarified seed in April or May, after danger of frost is past. This treatment of the seed brings quick germination. If you plant unhulled seed in the spring you won't get 10 per cent germination, so avoid this. For seed crop, plant 4 pounds scarified seed per acre in 2½ ft. rows. For hay, sow 20 pounds of scarified seed per acre. Have your seed bed free of weeds, thoroughly plowed, disked and harrowed, cover seed very lightly—you can use a light roller to advantage, firming the soil to conserve moisture. Postpaid, 1 lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.50; 10 lbs., \$4.75.

COKER'S 17 ABRUZZI RYE

The newest of the Coker Abruzzi Ryes, and ahead of them all. Furnishes earlier grazing and more fall and winter grazing than any Rye we have seen. We have seen it grazed five weeks after planting. Because it stools so heavily and so rapidly 3 pecks to one bushel ample to seed an acre. Prices quoted in September.

TENNESSEE 52 BEARDED WINTER BARLEY

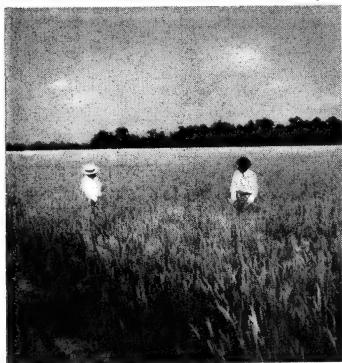
Bred by the Tennessee Experiment Station and offered by them as the best all-around Barley for fall planting. Very cold resistant, very prolific yielder of grain and furnishes splendid early spring pasture. Barley does well with Crimson Clover, especially, and Lespedeza can be sown on this combination in the spring. Sow Barley in September, October, $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 bushels per acre. Prices quoted in September.

TENNESSEE No. 5 AND 6 BEARLESS WINTER BARLEY

Some farmers object to Bearded Barley and for them we recommend Tennessee No. 5 and 6 Beardless. It also is a high yielder of grain, and furnishes fine spring pasturage. Can be sown alone or with Crimson Clover in September, October, $\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 bushels per acre. Prices quoted in September.

COKER'S RED HART 5 BEARLESS WHEAT

The best of the Red Hart strains, and next to Hardired in value. Red Hart No. 1 was introduced by Coker Pedigreed Seed Farms a number of years back, and strain 5 in 1939. About 2 to 3 weeks earlier than Fulcaster and Leaps. A high yielder of grain, strong stiff straw, cold resistant, grains high milling value. Sow 4 to 5 pecks to one acre. Prices quoted in September.



COKER'S HARDIRED BEARLESS WHEAT

The newest strain from the Coker Pedigreed Seed Farms, originated from a cross of Early Red May X (Hope X Hussar), made for them by a U. S. Department of Agriculture representative in 1932. Thousands of heads were selected and planted, the best of these selected and replanted for each year until Hardired was perfected. Hardired is cold resistant, mildew resistant, with high tolerance to leaf rust, stools very heavily, and makes more wheat than any former Coker strains, a third more even than Red Heart 5. About a week later than Red Hart, with same high milling value. Sow 4 to 5 pecks to one acre. Prices quoted in September.

Coker's Pedigreed Seed

We are exclusive representatives in the Memphis territory for Coker Pedigreed Seed Co., Hartsville, S. C., on seed oats, wheat and rye. Their fall small grains catalogue describing in picture and printed word their latest new strains is now available here. Write Russell-Heckle Seed Co., Memphis, Tenn., for your copy.



This 17-acre field of Victorgrain Oats planted with $\frac{1}{2}$ bushel per acre averaged 74.3 bushels per acre. However, we recommend $1\frac{1}{2}$ bushels seeding per acre over here. This variety combines a high degree of leaf rust resistance, smut resistance and cold resistance.

WHEN AND HOW TO PLANT OATS

For spring sowing, February through March is preferred, on good soil. If soil is poor, 500 pounds of Basic Slag per acre will bring much improved yield. Sow 1 to 2 bushels per acre. For hay, cut when oats are about half mature, in milk stage.

Due to the fact that no one seems to be doing any breeding work on Early Burt, Apple, Fulghum, and similar varieties, it is next to impossible to secure pure stocks, so this spring we list only those varieties that we can be sure of as to truthness to type and general excellence.

FERGUSON—922 OATS

This oat developed by Ferguson Seed Breeding Farm in Texas and is a superior strain of the old Texas Red Rust-Resistant oat. This new strain has stood right at the top in experiment station tests along with Nortex, another strain of red rust-resistant oats. In the prairie or rice section of Arkansas Ferguson 922 has been very popular for past three years, giving outstanding results. Ferguson 922 is about ten days to two weeks later than Fulgrain No. 2. It is well to plant some of both so your combine can handle both crops to advantage. Postpaid, $\frac{1}{2}$ gal., 30c; gal., 50c; pk., 75c; $\frac{1}{2}$ bu., \$1.25.

NEW NORTEX OATS

One of the best of the oats from Texas, introduced by the North Texas Experiment Station, and named by them. New Nortex is an improved strain of Nortex, and Nortex was a big improvement over Texas Red Rust Proof. New Nortex is much more winter resistant and much more prolific. For the six years, 1934 through 1939, fall planting Nortex stood right at the top in yield of grain per acre in oat tests at Delta Branch Experiment Station, Stoneville, Miss. New Nortex is about two weeks later than Fulgrain No. 2. It is well to plant some of both so your combine can handle both crops to advantage. Postpaid, $\frac{1}{2}$ gal., 30c; gal., 50c; pk., 75c; $\frac{1}{2}$ bu., \$1.25.

COKER'S VICTORGRAIN OATS

Introduced by Coker Pedigreed Seed Farms in fall of 1940 as "The best we have ever bred in our 32 years of small grain breeding," at \$5.00 per bushel. Coming from Coker, that statement can be accepted as fact, and they are acknowledged as No. 1 small grain breeders in the South. Victorgrain has everything—cold resistance, smut resistance, rust resistance, storm resistance, high yield, high feeding value. Very stiff straw, ideal for combining, little shorter than Fulgrain 4. Postpaid, $\frac{1}{2}$ Gal., 30c; gal., 50c; pk., 75c; bu., \$1.25.

COKER'S FULGRAIN 4 RUST-RESISTANT OAT

Introduced in fall of 1940 by Coker Pedigreed Seed Farms. It has the high yield per acre of former Fulgrains with the added characters of high crown rust resistance, high resistance to all races of smut, including the new race to which former Fulgrains are susceptible. A stiff strawed, storm resistant shorter Fulgrain—an excellent oat for harvesting with a combine. A heavy yielder of grain, about the best grazing oats known, cold resistant, high feeding value. Coker's Fulgrain oats are the earliest maturing oats known, the heaviest producing that we know of anywhere. They are very cold resistant. Yields of 60 to 90 bushels are common and one record crop of 138 bushels per acre was recorded. Coker actually raised 80 bushels per acre, planting 1 peck per acre. For Memphis territory, we recommended $\frac{1}{2}$ bushels per acre. This is ample because Fulgrain stools profusely. It is about the best grazing oat known, contains 10 to 15 per cent higher protein content than other oats, smut resistant. Postpaid, $\frac{1}{2}$ gal., 30c; gal., 50c; pk., 75c; $\frac{1}{2}$ bu., \$1.25.

NEW TENNESSEE WINTER HARDY OATS

Tennessee Experiment Station has developed three very fine winter hardy varieties—Fulwin, Tenness and Forkedee. All vigorous growers, prolific stoolers, excellent for grazing. Fulwin ranks first in winter hardiness, Forkedee yields slightly more than other two, and Tenness is 7 to 10 days earlier than Fulwin or Forkedee. Price, Fulwin Oats (Certified), postpaid, $\frac{1}{2}$ gal., 35c; gal., 55c; pk., 90c; $\frac{1}{2}$ bu., \$1.50.



NEW IMPROVED CERESAN FOR WHEAT, OATS, BARLEY AND RYE

The treatment of wheat, oats, barley and rye is now a standard crop practice recommended by most state experiment stations and the United States Department of Agriculture. New Improved Ceresan dry disinfectant, containing ethyl mercury phosphate, has been proved by experiment station tests and years of use to be an ideal treatment for these crops. 4-oz. size, enough to treat 8 bu. of grain, each, 35c, postpaid.

CROTALARIA (*Spectabilis*)

Fine With Corn



CROTALARIA YIELDS UP TO 40,000 POUNDS GREEN MATERIAL PER ACRE

CROTALARIA *Spectabilis*

This is truly a marvelous summer cover crop, a yield of 40,000 pounds of green material per acre is not uncommon. The humus produced by such a yield is of tremendous value.

Crotalaria has succeeded all over the South, and as far north as Indiana. It is not a host to injurious insects and diseases. It will reseed itself under favorable conditions, but is not a pest and can easily be eradicated. Splendid soil builder in orchards, etc. Fine with corn planted in same rows when corn is planted, or in corn and other farm crops at last cultivation. It will greatly increase crop yields following it. It is not offered as a feed crop, or hay crop, though a nearby farmer tells us his mules ate it readily. But it is really too valuable as a fertilizer to feed.

Thoroughly plow, disc and harrow the soil. Sow after danger of frost is past, when moisture is present, 10 to 15 pounds per acre broadcast or five pounds drilled in three-foot rows, using scarified seed only as with *Sericea*. Firm the soil immediately after planting to conserve the moisture, cultivate once or twice when planted in rows.

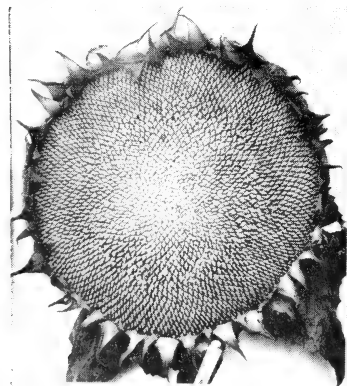
EARLY CROTALARIA—Most desirable for planting in upper South since it grows more rapidly. Should be used more as a catch crop after oats or sown just before the last cultivation of corn, cane or cotton in the central and lower South. **Postpaid, 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.20; 10 lbs., \$2.20.**

LATE CROTALARIA—Although it makes about a foot more growth than any other *Crotalaria*, averaging 7 feet high, and will yield 15 or more tons of green manure per acre, does not make its maximum growth as quickly as the early type. This strain should be used in all cases where early planting is possible. **Postpaid, 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.20; 10 lbs., \$2.20.**

MAMMOTH RUSSIAN SUNFLOWER

The Large Headed, Large Seed Variety. A good grain crop for poultry or green feed for hogs.

Makes more ensilage than corn. A profitable cash crop as it yields 1,000 to 1,500 pounds per acre of seed rich in oil and protein. Plant and cultivate like corn in 2½-foot rows. For feed or silage, plant 15 to 20 pounds per acre; for seed production 6 to 8 pounds, planting a foot apart in the row. When ripe, cut off the heads. Pile loosely under cover. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; ½ lb., 20c; 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., 85c; 10 lbs., \$1.50.**



BUCKWHEAT

Splendid soil improver, good summer cover crop for orchards, and an excellent late summer catch-crop. A great poultry feed, and bees fed on buckwheat blooms produce more honey. Buckwheat flour makes the most delicious cakes. Sow 40 to 50 lbs. to acre. **Postpaid, 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 70c; 10 lbs., \$1.20.**

FREE With Orders

1943 CALENDAR AND ALMANAC

Useful in many ways. Gives weather predictions for the next 12 months, with other information. With first order only, on request, we will mail you a copy of our 1943 Almanac Calendar. Offer is subject to limited supply.

- Planted in same rows when corn is planted, or in corn and other farm crops at last cultivation it will greatly increase crop yields following it.

- **Efficient in Controlling Winter Erosion**

If *Crotalaria* is to be followed by a winter crop such as oats, it should be turned some time in September in order to get a seedbed ready for oat planting about the first half of October. If no crop is to follow until spring, the *Crotalaria* plants may be allowed to stand until they become brittle, after which they may be cut with a stalk cutter. Cover of this kind is fairly efficient in controlling winter erosion. Postponing turning until spring likewise reduces losses from nitrification and subsequent leaching.

JERUSALEM ARTICHOKE

Every hog-raiser should grow Artichokes, for they come year after year and hogs thrive on them. In the fall when they have matured, turn the hogs into the field, and they will feed on them all winter, except when the ground is wet or frozen. You grow them just as you would potatoes: Cut them two eyes to the piece and plant 2 inches deep, 15 to 18 inches apart in 3 to 3½-foot rows. Requires 3 to 5 bushels to plant an acre. Plant during March or April, the earlier the better; they stand considerable drought and extreme cold weather. **Postpaid, 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 75c; 10 lbs., \$1.25.**

TOP NOTCH CHUFAS

The Chufa is a species of ground nut, most easily grown. Any land suitable for corn, cotton or peanuts should make a good crop of Chufas. Inexpensive to harvest as the hogs do the work. In the fall pull up a few plants for your stock to taste, and they will then go over the entire field and will attend to the harvesting. Plant from April until the end of May, in 2½ to 3-foot rows, dropping 3 to 5 Chufas together, 16 to 18 inches apart in the row, and cover 2 inches deep. Requires 1 to 1½ pecks to plant an acre. **Postpaid, 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.30; 10 lbs., \$2.40.**



CHUFAS, or EARTH ALMOND

For Quantity Prices

● High Feeding Value

Averages 10 tons of green forage per acre of highest feeding value for fattening or supplying vitamins to growing stock. One acre will pasture 20 hogs for two months. A State experiment station reports gains of over 7 to 8 pounds by lambs fed on rape alone. Furnishes grazing throughout the greater part of the year.

● Grows Very Rapidly

Quick pasturage for Poultry and All Livestock. Ready in 6 to 8 weeks.

An excellent pasture and green forage crop for cattle, hogs, sheep and stock. It is high in feeding value, producing an abundant flow of milk in milch cows (feed rape to milch cows after milking, not before, to avoid slight cabbage flavor to milk).

Experiments show that rape is a more efficient fattener and more economical feed for hogs than alfalfa, clover or blue grass. It will stand more cold weather and last longer in the fall than any of the grasses. One acre of rape will pasture 20 hogs for two months, other animals in proportion. Turn stock in when plants are 8 inches high. To avoid possibility of bloating accustom stock to rape gradually, pasturing after dew is off. Feed dairy cattle and sheep a full feed of grain for the first week or two before pasturing rape, and provide salt at all times.

Rape can be cut and fed green. Cut about four inches above ground, first time when plants are a foot high, just enough for a day's feed at a time. When you expect to cut and feed green, rape should be planted in rows and cultivated 2 to 4 times.

Rape will grow 1½ to 3 feet tall—grows very rapidly—ready to use in 8 weeks. Prefers a rich mellow soil, will do well on most fairly good soils except sand or stiff clays, needs plenty of moisture to start. Plow deeply, disk well and harrow thoroughly. Can be sown with spring grain or in combination with clover. Sow in drills 4 to 6 pounds—broadcast 10 to 15 pounds per acre, about one inch deep. Postpaid, 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.20; 10 lbs., \$2.20.

WINTER HAIRY VETCH

One of the best winter legumes and green manure crops. Rarely ever winter-killed in the South. Grows on almost any well drained soil, thrives on sandy soil, needs a fair amount of moisture to start, but endures considerable drought. Sow in September and October in cotton middles or with rye, wheat, oats, or barley, as vetch grows better if kept off the ground. Can be turned under in time to plant cotton or corn—a wonderful soil builder when inoculated. A fair feed crop and grazing crop. Inoculate with Nitragin. Sow 15 to 30 pounds per acre, not too deep, have surface worked and compact, also free of weeds. Prices quoted in July.

HUNGARIAN VETCH

Not as winter-resistant as Hairy, but nearly so. Does not grow as tall as Hairy, but its tonnage will surprise you. Grows off quicker in spring than Hairy, is more disease-resistant, and experiment station reports in Mississippi indicate it stores even more nitrogen in the soil than Hairy Vetch. Seed is cheaper per pound than Hairy, but being larger, you must plant more per acre. Culture same as Hairy Vetch. Be sure to inoculate. Prices quoted in July.

AUSTRIAN WINTER PEAS

Sown for the same purpose as vetch in September and October. Grows much like an English pea, upright and is ready to turn under a little earlier than vetch. Not as winter-resistant as vetch but usually stands 12 degrees above zero. Sow 20 to 25 pounds seed per acre in cotton middles. When sown broadcast with grain use 25 pounds Winter Peas and 3 pecks Abruzzi Rye or 1 bushel wheat or two bushels oats per acre. Be sure to inoculate with Nitragin. Prices quoted in July.



RAPE FURNISHES QUICK PASTURE OF HIGH FEEDING VALUE

Top Notch PEANUTS

HOW TO PLANT PEANUTS. Prepare the ground well, laying off in rows 3½ feet apart. Put 2 kernels to the hill, hills about 1 foot apart. Break the hull before planting, 35 to 40 pounds to the acre.

TENNESSEE LONG RED. Especially adapted to this section. The nuts contain three large kernels in each and are enormously productive. Postpaid, 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.10; 10 lbs., \$2.00.

IMPROVED WHITE VIRGINIA. These are uniformly large, and when grown on light sandy land will produce nuts of that bright appearance demanded by the best trade. Postpaid, 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.20; 10 lbs., \$2.00.

SPANISH PEANUT. The best variety for forage and fattening crop in the South. Early, heavy bearer; bushes growing close, so easily cultivated. Grains or nuts are small, skins of creamy white color, much sweeter and finer flavored and much more free from "pops" than the larger sorts. Postpaid, 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.10; 10 lbs., \$2.00.



SPANISH SEED PEANUTS



A FIELD OF WINTER HAIRY VETCH IN BLOOM

Plant **RUSSELL-HECKLE'S COWPEAS** to Improve the Soil



A FIELD OF WHIPPOORWILL COWPEAS

For Hay and Soil Improvement!

THE WHIPPOORWILL (90 Days). Also known as speckled. The seeds are buff, brown or grey, depending on type, and are speckled; they are spoken of as bush peas, but will make vines when planted on rich land; on poor soil they produce few vines and many peas. The plants grow upright, two to five feet tall—half bushy or semi-erect. The Whippoorwill is the most popular general purpose stock pea for either seed or hay. **Postpaid, pt., 20c; qt., 35c; ½ gal., 55c; gal., 90c.**

CLAY (110 Days). The seeds are buff colored, medium size, the plant is large, vigorous growing and of vining or running habit, pods are large and yellowish. The Clay pea is used mostly for soil improving or green manuring. **Postpaid, pt., 20c; qt., 35c; ½ gal., 55c; gal., 90c.**

RED RIPPER (110 Days). Seeds are red, it is a vigorous growing vining pea. Like the Clay or Black, makes fine yield of long vines. Shy seeder, very popular where known. Planted mostly for soil improving and in mixtures for hay. **Postpaid, pt., 25c; qt., 40c; ½ gal., 60c; gal., \$1.00.**

NEW ERA (80 Days). The seeds have a blue cast with many black specks—an early maturing upright growing variety, very prolific producer of peas, small vines cure quickly, splendid for hay. Seeds are smaller than Whippoorwill and it does not require as many to plant an acre. **Postpaid, pt., 20c; qt., 35c; ½ gal., 55c; gal., 90c.**

BLACK (120 Days). Seeds jet black, viny or running, making a fine growth of vines and leaves—shy seeder, splendid land improver, most valuable as a forage crop; used also as a general purpose pea. If broadcast for hay mix some upright-growing pea with them to hold vines off the ground for cutting. There is also a bush variety Black Pea. **Postpaid, pt., 25c; qt., 40c; ½ gal., 60c; gal., \$1.00.**

MIXED PEAS (Hay 90 Days). For hay and soil improving, our mixtures consist of upright and vining peas—the upright growing peas, such as Whippoorwill or New Era (when used) hold the vining or running peas such as Black, Clay and Red Rippers off the ground, which makes it much easier to cut for hay. **Postpaid, pt., 20c; qt., 35c; ½ gal., 55c; gal., 90c.**

WHEN AND HOW TO SEED

Sow one to two bushels per acre broadcast. Two to three pecks in drills. When sown with soy beans, kaffir corn, sorghum and sudan grass sow half a bushel soy beans or one peck kaffir corn or sorghum or 10 pounds sudan grass with one bushel cow peas to the acre.

For Table Use!

WHITE SUGAR CROWDER (Semi-Dwarf). Seeds have brown eye, very sweet. Considered best of the Crowders for home or market. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; ½ pt., 20c; pt., 35c; qt., 50c; ½ gal., 85c; gal., \$1.50.**

BROWN SUGAR CROWDER (Semi-Dwarf). Will bunch on poor ground, make some vine on good soil, sometimes larger than the White or Cream Crowder; very prolific. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; ½ pt., 20c; pt., 35c; qt., 50c; ½ gal., 85c; gal., \$1.50.**

SMALL CREAM CROWDER (Bunch). Also called Six Weeks or Two Crop. Will produce green table peas in six weeks; while we do not consider it superior to large Sugar Crowder, it is equally as good and its earliness market. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; ½ pt., 20c; pt., 35c; qt., 50c; ½ gal., 85c; gal., \$1.50.**

LADY or GALLIVANT (Running). Small white pea with pale white eye. There are more of these peas sold on the Southern markets than any other of the small white peas. Fine flavor. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; ½ pt., 20c; pt., 35c; qt., 50c; ½ gal., 85c; gal., \$1.50.**

LARGE WHITE BLACKEYE (Running). Main crop pea, late maturing. Long pods well filled; good producers. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; ½ pt., 20c; pt., 35c; qt., 50c; ½ gal., 85c; gal., \$1.50.**

RICE OR CREAM (Semi-Dwarf). Early. Similar to Gallivant or Lady, but larger, very popular. World Wonder, and Wild Goose. Peas of good flavor and not as strong as most dark peas. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; ½ pt., 20c; pt., 35c; qt., 50c; ½ gal., 85c; gal., \$1.50.**

CALICO (Running). White pea with red splashes, known in some sections as Coat and Jacket, Joseph Coat, Pole Cat, Arkansas Traveler, World Wonder, and Wild Goose. Peas of good flavor and not as strong as most dark peas. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; ½ pt., 20c; pt., 35c; qt., 50c; ½ gal., 85c; gal., \$1.50.**

WHITE BROWNIE PURPLE HULL (Semi-Dwarf). Produces green peas of good quality. Very prolific with well-filled pods. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; ½ pt., 20c; pt., 35c; qt., 50c; ½ gal., 85c; gal., \$1.50.**

GROW ^{TOP NOTCH} VELVET BEANS

Early Speckled
for Winter Grazing



VELVET BEANS

The most valuable of all varieties and the general favorite for all sections. This variety is the quickest grower and the most prolific. Matures in from 90 to 100 days. Sow in drills in May, one peck to ½ bushel to the acre.

In the South, Velvet Beans are used very largely for winter grazing, and for that purpose is one of the best crops for the light soils and the long season of the Gulf Coast and Florida. They should be allowed to grow until December, or until killed by frost, after which they can be grazed through the winter, as the vines, leaves and pods decay very slowly and remain palatable a long time. Early in the year, the crop remaining is plowed under as a soil improver, and adds very materially to the productiveness of the soil.

As a soil improver they are considered superior to cowpeas, as they make so much larger growth and so much heavier amount of foliage. The proportion of nitrogen contained in the vines is about the same as cowpeas, but as the yield is so much greater, the total amounts of nitrogen and humus added to the soil are correspondingly larger. A crop of three tons will add as much nitrogen to the soil as will a ton of cottonseed meal, while the amount of humus will be three times as great. **Postpaid, pt., 25c; qt., 40c; ½ gal., 60c; gal., \$1.00; pk., \$1.85.**

MUNG BEANS

GREEN SEEDED ●

Mung Beans grow in upright bush form, 2 to 4 feet high according to soil and climatic conditions. They have very heavy foliage, fine leaves and finer stems than any soy beans; a very important feature of Mung Beans is that the foliage is perfectly green and still growing when the seed is ripe and ready to be threshed. The hay cures quickly and may be threshed in 2 or 4 days after cutting, and it retains all the leaves. Threshed Mung Bean hay, properly cured, is equal to alfalfa hay and is readily eaten by all kinds of live stock. This makes it possible to make from 5 to 20 bushels seed per acre for a money crop, besides obtaining at same time yield of 1 to 2 tons of very best quality hay high in protein. Matures in 80 to 90 days; harvest when majority of pods turn black. Best results with a mower and windrow attachment, or follow mower with side delivery rake.

Mung Beans are a great soil builder, when properly inoculated. Use Nitragin. Sow 10 pounds seed per acre in 36-inch rows—cultivate until rows grow together too close to permit it. **Postpaid, pt., 35c; qt., 60c; ½ gal., \$1.00; gal., \$1.75.**

RUSSELL-HECKLE

For Quantity Prices

Plant **RUSSELL-HECKLE'S** SOY BEANS for CHEAP HAY and READY SALE



LAREDO SOY BEAN

RALSOY

The Ralsoy is a pure line developed from the Arksoy and has several advantages: (1) erect stalk with fruit borne in clusters near the main stem; (2) high degree of uniformity in growth and maturity; (3) definitely higher in yield and percentage of oil than the Arksoy. The maturity is about the same and it seems to have the same ability as the Arksoy to mature a crop before frost even if planted quite late. A yellow variety. Postpaid, qt., 35c; ½ gal., 60c; gal., \$1.00; pk., \$1.85.

AVOYELLES

Developed in Louisiana and found to be very resistant to cutworms, or destructive pests on other varieties there. Seeds are black, larger than Ootootan. Makes a splendid hay variety, earlier than Ootootan; a prolific bean yielder and splendid soil builder. Postpaid, qt., 35c; ½ gal., 60c; gal., \$1.00; pk., \$1.85.

BROWN BILOXI

An upright variety growing 4 to 5 feet high, covered with a dense mass of foliage that does not shed easily. A heavy yielder of beans; the oil and protein contents are high; a fine bean for hogging down, for planting with corn or sorghum and for oil. The beans do not shatter, will stay in the pods until February. Late in maturing, requiring a long season to mature, but makes an unusually luxuriant growth. Postpaid, qt., 35c; ½ gal., 60c; gal., \$1.00; pk., \$1.85.

3 OF OUR BEST EDIBLE SOYBEANS

Culture. Plant in April and May on matured soil, seeds three inches apart and one inch deep. The number of days refers to picking for use as green shelled beans; full maturity for dry shelled beans is reached about 30 days later.

BANSEL (90 days.) Plants erect and of medium height, very prolific, well adapted for short season areas. Beans glossy yellow, oblong with rounded ends, of mild, pleasing flavor. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; ½ pt., 20c; pt., 35c; qt., 60c; ½ gal., \$1.00; gal., \$1.85.

EASY COOK (110 days.) An edible soy bean that can be cooked in about half the time of other varieties. Used either in the green state or dried. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; ½ pt., 20c; pt., 35c; qt., 55c; ½ gal., 95c; gal., \$1.70.

ROKUSUN (100 days.) One of our best edible types for both dry beans and green vegetables. A large, flat, yellow-seeded variety; the pods 2 to 3 seeded. Cooks easily and has a good flavor. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; ½ pt., 20c; pt., 35c; qt., 60c; ½ gal., \$1.00; gal., \$1.85.

HOW... WHEN... WHERE... TO PLANT

Soy beans may be planted either broadcast or in drills. Usually a better crop is had when planted in drills and cultivated, and few crops leave the land cleaner and in better condition for the following crop. They grow equally well on light and heavy soils, but on heavy soils they should not be planted more than 1 to 1½ inches deep except in dry seasons. On light sandy soils plant deeper, but not more than 3 inches deep. When sown broadcast sow 1 to 1½ bushels to the acre; in drills about a peck to the acre. Plant in April, May or June.

MACOUPIN

This yellow variety seems to be, for the South, the earliest soy bean of all, and that makes it the most practicable variety for crushing for oil—it is ready to harvest before bad weather sets in around September 1st. A heavy yielder of beans, and a good soil builder. A farmer should have some Macoupins and a later variety like Arksoys so he can handle both to advantage with his combine. Postpaid, qt., 30c; ½ gal., 50c; gal., 90c; pk., \$1.65.

OGDEN

Developed by Prof. H. H. Ogden at the University of Tennessee. A yellow variety of high oil content, very prolific yielder of beans, which makes it a No. 1 bean for oil mill crushing. Drought resistance and soil building qualities add to its popularity. Matures seed about October 1st to 15th. Postpaid, qt., 35c; ½ gal., 60c; gal., \$1.00; pk., \$1.85.

ARKSOY 2913

A yellow variety that matures about three weeks later than Macoupin, however is two weeks earlier than other yellow varieties used in Memphis territory. High in oil content. A selection of regular Arksoy. Postpaid, qt., 30c; ½ gal., 50c; gal., 90c; pk., \$1.65.

VOLSTATE

A high yielding yellow soybean. This is a later development by Prof. H. H. Ogden of the University of Tennessee. A little later in maturity than Ogden, but a week earlier than Tokio. Non-shattering qualities and excellent for forage. Postpaid, qt., 40c; ½ gal., 70c; gal., \$1.20; pk., \$2.25.

VIRGINIA

As it is about 20 days earlier than the Laredo, it can be grown farther north and throughout the corn belt. The vines make a fine growth, are filled with pods, stand about 3 feet, are easy to cut and easy to cure. The stems being fine and the leafage profuse adapts it particularly well for hay making. Postpaid, qt., 30c; ½ gal., 50c; gal., 90c; pk., \$1.65.

TANNER

Seedsman formerly called this "Red Tanner" but U. S. Department of Agriculture says it's Tanner only. It is a red seeded variety, seed about same size as Virginia or little smaller. A fine stemmed leafy variety that is finding favor all over the South as a hay variety. Postpaid, qt., 35c; ½ gal., 60c; gal., \$1.00; pk., \$1.85.

OTOOTAN

Few Soy Beans can equal Ootootan as a hay maker. Its late maturity is more than overcome by the abundant growth—5 feet or more in long growing seasons—its fine stems and abundant foliage, and the fine texture of its hay. It differs from most varieties in having many leafy branches instead of a coarse central stem. Postpaid, qt., 45c; ½ gal., 80c; gal., \$1.40; pk., \$2.65.

MAMLOXI

(MAMMOTH BILOXI HYBRID)

Developed at Stoneville, Miss., Experiment Station. Is erect in growth, upright, very prolific yielder of beans, and very fine for combination with corn, and soil building. Good for hay if planted thick. Matures about with Mammoth Yellows but shatters very little. Seed yellow with some brown markings. Postpaid, qt., 30c; ½ gal., 50c; gal., 90c; pk., \$1.65.

LAREDO

One bushel will plant 6 to 8 acres in rows 3 to 3½ feet apart, depending upon how thick you want them. We know of one farmer who got a perfect stand using one bushel to 12 acres. They should not be covered deeper than 1½ inches; a half-inch is better. One or two cultivations to keep down the grass and weeds is advisable. One of the best hay varieties. Postpaid, qt., 40c; ½ gal., 70c; gal., \$1.20; pk., \$2.25.

INOCULATE THE SEED BY ALL MEANS

Field tests have shown that better crops are harvested when Legume seeds are inoculated even when planted on fields where inoculated seeds of the same Legume crops had grown the previous year. Use NITRAGIN—the oldest and most widely used inoculant in America. Small size (inoculates up to 120 lbs. of seed). Each, 35c, postpaid.



Soy Beans Make Poor Land Good and Good Land Better

It will pay you to plant **SORGHUM** for

• Drought Resistant

• High Feeding Value

All varieties of sorghum are drought resistant, and are considered among the surest of dry-land crops.

Grain sorghums are used for feeding various classes of stock, including horses, cattle, sheep, swine and poultry.

There is perhaps no important staple crop which varies so widely as sorghum. In Africa, the continent generally considered its native home, there are hundreds of distinct varieties, and in India and China almost as many more. After its introduction into the United States the continued cross-pollination of sorghums in the field has resulted in many additional varieties.

The sorghum crop has four uses—*forage*, grain, syrup, and industrial (such as the manufacture of brooms, whiskers, etc.). Those best suited for grain production are of little value for syrup and, notwithstanding that all syrup varieties and most of the grain sorghums may be used as forage, there are wide differences in the quantity as well as in the quality of the forage obtained. It is quite important, therefore, to choose carefully the variety for planting. Confusion in the names of sorghum varieties is common. The same variety is grown and the seed marketed under many different names, and the same name is often applied to several varieties.

All varieties of sorghum are drought-resistant, and are considered among the surest of dry-land crops. This point alone should encourage every farmer to plant at least a limited acreage. Grain sorghums are used for feeding various classes of stock, including horses, cattle, sheep, swine and poultry. Plant a feed crop this year and include the varieties of grain sorghums best adapted to your immediate section.

GOLDEN MILLET

Big head, large yielding type. One of the easiest grown summer catch crops when feed is short. It smothers out weeds, leaving ground in fine condition for fall crops. It is a very rapid grower, can be planted up to August, making a bumper nutritious hay crop in 60 days. Cut when plant is in early bloom. Millet hay is a fine cattle feed. Under certain conditions it is considered injurious to horses and mules, affecting their kidneys. This should be overcome by sowing 25 pounds of millet with a bushel of peas per acre. Postpaid, 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 70c; 10 lbs., \$1.20.

BROOM CORN

Broom corn is a heat-loving plant, and the best brush is produced where the summers are rather warm and where soils are fertile and fairly well supplied with moisture. Plant any time between April 1st and July 1st, depending on locality and weather conditions. Plant in 3 1/2-foot rows, 8 to 10 inches apart. 6 to 8 lbs. of seed plant an acre.

IMPROVED EVERGREEN. The most productive variety in humid sections. Has a beautiful green brush and usually commands a high price. Plants 8 to 15 feet tall. Postpaid, 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.20; 10 lbs., \$2.20.

SCARBROUGH DWARF. The leading dwarf type. It differs from other varieties chiefly in bearing fewer seed, most of which are borne near the tip of the brush, where they are easily removed in stripping. Many fine seed branches near the tip of the brush make this variety valuable for the outside of brooms. Plants 4 to 6 feet tall. Postpaid, 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.20; 10 lbs., \$2.20.

BARNYARD MILLET (BILLION DOLLAR GRASS)

The Department of Agriculture says it will thrive in practically any part of the country. In Memphis territory it grows 4 to 6 feet high, yielding an enormous crop that is relished by stock, equal in quality to corn fodder.

Hunting clubs find that it is about their best bet to attract wild ducks, affording an abundance of feed when sown along the edges of lakes and allowed to mature seed. Sow in May, June or July, 20 pounds per acre broadcast, or sow in 15-inch drills and cultivate until plants are 18 inches high. Postpaid, 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., 85c; 10 lbs., \$1.50.

PEARL OR CATTAIL MILLET

One of the greatest and best yielders of green forage and continues to grow and produce through the entire season if cut frequently enough to prevent its going to seed; three to four cuttings may be had. Sow thinly in rows 3 feet apart at rate of 8 to 10 pounds per acre. Postpaid, 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.20; 10 lbs., \$2.20.

FETERITA

Feterita is adapted to all sections where grain sorghum may be grown. It is drought resistant and is therefore especially well suited as a crop under conditions of limited moisture—being somewhat earlier in maturity than milo maize, and therefore elusive of drought. It responds well to production under favorable growing conditions, being one of the best grain sorghums for silage, perhaps, for use in humid regions. It makes a large forage growth under humid conditions and very frequently sets a good crop of seeds, perhaps on account of its earliness. It requires only 6 to 8 pounds of seed to plant an acre. Soil should be prepared early for planting Feterita, for the purpose of storing moisture. The grain is somewhat larger than milo and is chalk white in color, which gives the matured crop an attractive appearance. Postpaid, 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., 85c; 10 lbs., \$1.50.

ATLAS SORGO

A cross between Blackhull Kaffir and Sourless Cane. Grows 9 to 12 feet tall, makes sturdy lacy stalk, juicy and sweet. Furnishes tremendous tonnage both of forage and grain very similar to kaffir. Plant when ground is warm in spring, 5 to 10 pounds per acre. Postpaid, 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., 85c; 10 lbs., \$1.50.

DEMAND

That your seed dealer furnish you an authentic germination and purity test on all field seeds. If he can't do it, don't buy them.

A FIELD OF FETERITA



GOLDEN MILLET



BROOM CORN



BIG YIELDS of Forage, Grain and Syrup

WHITE KAFFIR CORN

Kaffir Corn yields heavy crops. It adapts itself to a wide variety of soils; a long dry spell may stop its growth, but it starts again with the first rain. The grain as well as the plant makes a fine feed for stock, hogs, poultry and pigeons. With cow peas, sow broadcast one peck of Kaffir Corn to a bushel of peas; sown alone, 3 pecks to a bushel an acre broadcast; in drills 6 to 8 pounds an acre in 3½-foot rows. Plant from after the ground is thoroughly warm till early in June. Postpaid, 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 70c; 10 lbs., \$1.20.

YELLOW MILO MAIZE

A wonderfully drought-resistant non-saccharine sorghum that makes a thick succulent growth of nutritious milk-producing forage. It stools from the ground and shoots from the joints. The plant makes fine feed and ensilage, especially when mixed with soybeans and cowpeas, and the grain is fattening for cattle and poultry. For fodder and ensilage cut when in the dough stage; at this stage it has a feeding value practically equal to corn. Any good corn land will bring milo maize either for green feed, dry fodder or for the grain. It grows on all soils from sandy to heavy clay loam. Plant in 3½-foot rows after the ground is thoroughly warm, and give it the same cultivation you would corn. Six to eight pounds will plant an acre. Postpaid, 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 70c; 10 lbs., \$1.20.

EGYPTIAN WHEAT OR SHALLU

Of special value in dry season; few forage plants are more drought-resistant. It grows tall, stools out three to six stalks from a single root. Cut when at the dough stage, and a second cutting may be had. For cattle, hogs, sheep, hogs and poultry, the grain may be fed either whole or ground. Its long, graceful heads make beautiful house decorations. Plant in drills 3 feet apart, using 10 pounds of seed per acre; or broadcast, using from 2 to 4 bushels. Postpaid, 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.20; 10 lbs., \$2.20.

SYRUP CANE

HONEY RIBBON CANE. For making syrup this variety is excellent, has no equal. It has been yielding from one hundred to two hundred gallons per acre. It makes a syrup of bright amber color and of fine flavor. The stalks grow from 12 to 15 feet high, the seed are carried in a sprig-like type head, are red, rather flat shaped and most of the hulls remain on the seed when threshed. With its large foliage makes one of the best varieties for ensilage. Plant as early in May as possible. Eight to 10 pounds of seed will plant one acre. Cultivate like cotton, leaving plants about 10 to 12 inches apart in the row. Postpaid, 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., 85c; 10 lbs., \$1.50.

SUGAR DRIP. It makes a large, juicy and succulent growth. It will yield about 65 per cent of the weight of the cane in juice. One of the most desirable syrup varieties. 8 to 10 pounds of seed will drill one acre. Postpaid, 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 70c; 10 lbs., \$1.20.

HEGARI

Leaves are broad, long and numerous. The uniform and upright seed heads of white grains do not shatter. The fodder is relished by live stock because the stalks are very sweet and juicy. Grows 4 to 5 feet high. Matures in 85 to 110 days. Close spacing of 2 to 4 inches apart in the row is recommended for forage. Sow 8 to 10 lbs. per acre. Also sown broadcast for hay at the rate of 40 to 50 lbs. per acre. Stands dry weather well. Postpaid, 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 70c; 10 lbs., \$1.20.

GROHOMA

This new forage and grain crop, after thorough trials has been found very satisfactory. Stock of all kinds like it, in fact they eat every particle of the stalk, leaves and head. Plant from April 1st to July 1st in good soil. Make rows 4 feet apart, drop seed 12 inches. Since it stools considerably, very little seed is required. Plant 4 to 5 pounds to the acre. Postpaid, 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 70c; 10 lbs., \$1.20.

FODDER CANE

EARLY AMBER CANE. One of the earliest sorghums and furnishes a large yield of most nutritious forage which may be fed either green or cured. If grown with cow peas or soy beans the quality of the hay is improved and a more balanced ration may be had. The proportions recommended are 15 pounds Early Amber Cane, one-half bushel of soybeans and one bushel of cow peas to the acre broadcast. Grows 10 to 12 feet high. Sow broadcast 1 to 1½ bushels to the acre; 8 to 10 pounds plants an acre in 3½ to 4-foot rows. Postpaid, 1 lb., 20c; 5 lbs., 55c; 10 lbs., 85c.

EARLY ORANGE CANE. About 10 days later than Early Amber Cane, but makes a taller and more leafy growth. It is recommended for fodder, of which it yields immense crops, frequently two cuttings a season, and stooling out thicker after cutting. It may be grown with soybeans and cow peas as recommended for Early Amber Cane and the quantity to plant an acre is the same. Sow 1 to 1½ bushels broadcast or 8 to 10 pounds in 3½ to 4-foot rows to an acre. Postpaid, 1 lb., 20c; 5 lbs., 55c; 10 lbs., 95c.

RED TOP OR SUMAC. Grown extensively in Middle Tennessee. Succeeds well in that section. Very sweet and one of the best for hay. Sow 1 to 1½ bushels broadcast or 8 to 10 pounds in 3½ to 4-foot rows to an acre. Postpaid, 1 lb., 20c; 5 lbs., 55c; 10 lbs., 95c.

SAGRAIN

Grows on land you can't plant to other crops; thrives in low places that usually drown out. Produces from 8 to 20 tons silage, or if left to ripen will produce from 50 to 75 bushels grain (about double corn yield), and 4 to 8 tons cured hay; has heads like Kaffir. Usually weighs about 7 ounces and the average ear corn weighs 8 ounces. In feeding value has 90 per cent value corn; can be fed to hogs, chickens, cattle and work stock. Plant as early in the spring as frost will allow. Will then be ready to harvest when the crops are laid by, usually along about August 1st. Splendid in combination with Bilexi Soybeans. Eight to ten pounds will seed an acre, planted in 3 to 3½-foot rows. Postpaid, 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 70c; 10 lbs., \$1.20.

Special Warning On Syrup Cane

NON-WARRANTY. Owing to the peculiar hybridization of syrup cane varieties, it is impossible to guarantee any of the varieties here listed. We have selected all the syrup cane varieties on our list with best possible care, but at the same time do not guarantee that they will come true.

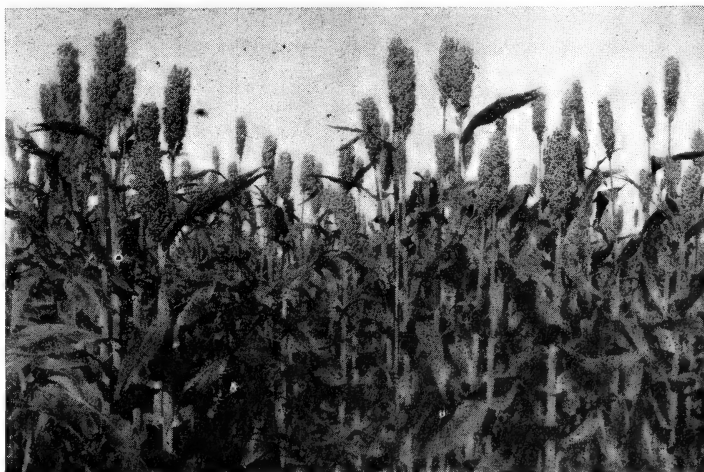
All orders for syrup cane varieties are therefore accepted only on these conditions.



YELLOW MILO MAIZE



EGYPTIAN WHEAT OR SHALLU



A FIELD OF HONEY RIBBON CANE

DU BAY SEED DISINFECTANTS

NEW IMPROVED CERESAN

Use this dry treatment on seed grain to reduce seed-borne diseases, root-rot, and seedling blight; generally increases your yield and profit. Recommended by most experiment stations. Economical—costs as little as 1-3/5 cents per bushel of seed. Safe to seed when applied as directed. Easy to use, doesn't damage drill nor retard drilling rate. One pound treats 32 bushels of seed grain. New Improved CERESAN treats:

Barley—Usually controls seed-borne stripe, covered and black loose smuts and reduces root-rot.

Oats—Generally controls loose and covered smuts and reduces root-rot.

Wheat—Usually gives perfect control of seed-borne bunt or stinking smut. It reduces root-rot losses and smut dockage, but does not control loose smut.

Rye—Frequently reduces losses from scab seedling blight, stem smut and stinking smut.

Sorghums—Checks loose and covered kernel smuts.

Peas—Generally checks certain root-rots and seed rotting, helps insure good stands. One pound treats 16 bushels.

Cotton—Recommended by some experiment stations for treating cotton seed to control sore-shin, angular leaf spot, anthracnose, and seed rotting. One pound treats 16 bushels.

Prices: 4 oz., 30c; 1 lb., 80c; 4 lbs., \$2.70; 25 lbs., \$15.00; 100 lbs., \$55.00. Postpaid, 4 oz., 35c; 1 lb., 90c; 4 lbs., \$2.90.



2% CERESAN

2% CERESAN—For bigger cotton yields and MORE profit, treat seed with 2% CERESAN. Cotton states authorities report big profit increase with 2% CERESAN seed treatment ranging from \$5.73 to \$13.08 per acre. 2% CERESAN reduces seed rotting and damping-off and gives more uniform stands with less seed. In 40 tests, 2% CERESAN increased the average stand 59.8% before chopping; 30.8% even after chopping—and increased the average yield 16.4%! Saving in seed and replanting expense alone pay the small cost of 2% CERESAN. One pound treats 5 to 8 bushels.

Prices: 1 lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.30; 25 lbs., \$14.50; 100 lbs., \$52.00. Postpaid, 1 lb., 85c; 5 lbs., \$3.50.



SEMESAN

Don't trust to luck for success with vegetables and flowers. Do what you can to control conditions. Treat your seeds, corns, bulbs, and seedlings with SEMESAN! Used as a dust or in solution with water, SEMESAN reduces seed rotting and damping-off, is highly effective against many seed-borne diseases, even prevents contamination of the soil by certain seed-borne diseases. One ounce treats 15 to 30 pounds of seeds at a cost of 1/4 cent to 1 cent a pound of seed.

Prices: 1/2 oz., 10c; 2 oz., 40c; 1 lb., \$2.50; 5 lbs., \$11.40. Postpaid, 1/2 oz., 12c; 2 oz., 43c; 1 lb., \$2.60; 5 lbs., \$11.60.



SEMESAN BEL

This easy potato dip disinfectant generally lowers costs and improves yields. Reduces spread of bacterial wilt or ring rot by the cutting knife. Closely checked tests in 15 states have proved that any potato grower can usually expect better returns from his seed if he treats with SEMESAN BEL. At an average cost of 21 cents an acre this quick dip treatment—by reducing seed piece decay and seed-borne scab and Rhizoctonia—increased the average yield 13.6. Result—lower growing cost and more profit. No mussy soaking. Treat your seed as fast as you can dip it. Also used to treat seed sweet potatoes to control stem rot, black rot and scurf. One ounce treats 4 to 5 bushels of seed—easily, quickly, inexpensively.

Prices: 2 oz., 30c; 1 lb., \$1.65; 5 lbs., \$7.15. Postpaid, 2 oz., 33c; 1 lb., \$1.75; 5 lbs., \$7.35.



SEMESAN JR.

Seed corn treatment with SEMESAN JR. amounts to real crop insurance of full stands. At the extremely low cost of 1 cent an acre, it reduces seed rotting, checks seedling blight and certain seed-borne rots of root and stalks—gives corn the healthy start necessary for a big yield.

Illinois Circular No. 444 says, "One of the best disinfectants for seed corn now on the market is New Improved SEMESAN Jr. . . . Yields increased 4 bushels an acre in tests. Treat both seed and field and sweet corn by the quick, easy dry method. Only 1/2 ounces needed per bushel."

Prices: 1/2 oz., 15c; 1 lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.00; 6 1/4 lbs., \$3.75; 25 lbs., \$12.50; 100 lbs., \$45.00. Postpaid, 1/2 oz., 18c; 1 lb., 85c; 5 lbs., \$3.20; 6 1/4 lbs., \$3.95.



APPROX. 70,000,000 LBS. OF AIR-NITROGEN ABOVE EVERY ACRE.
THIS IS AVAILABLE FREE FOR SOIL AND CROP IMPROVEMENT IF YOU

CONVERT LEGUME SEEDS INTO FERTILIZER PLANTS

Inoculating by with
NITRAGIN
SINCE 1898

ALFALFA RED CLOVER SWT. CLOVER COWPEAS PEAS VETCH A. W. PEAS SOYBEANS LESPEDEZA PEANUTS BEANS ALL-LEGUMES

BUILD UP YOUR SOIL — Inoculate Your Legumes With NITRAGIN

Inoculate your Legume seeds even tho planted on fields that have been inoculated before. Field tests have shown that better crops are harvested when Legume seeds are inoculated even when planted on fields where inoculated seeds of the same Legume crops had grown the previous year.

NITRAGIN INOCULATION PRICES. When Ordering, ALWAYS State Name of Seed

ALFALFA Sweet Clover, Bur Clover, Hubam Clover

Size	Retail
1/2 bu. ea.	..\$.30
1 bu. ea.	..\$.50
2 1/2 bu. ea.	..\$ 1.00

CLOVERS, Medium and Mammoth Red, Alsike, Crimson and White Clovers

1/2 bu. ea.	..\$.30
1 bu. ea.	..\$.50
2 1/2 bu. ea.	..\$ 1.00

PEAS (All Varieties) VETCHES (All Varieties)

Size	Retail
1/2 bu. ea.	..\$.25
1 bu. ea.	..\$.35
1 1/2 bu. ea.	..\$.50
12 1/2 bu. ea.	..\$ 3.50

BEANS String, Wax, Kidney

1/2 bu. ea.	..\$.25
1 bu. ea.	..\$.35
1 1/2 bu. ea.	..\$.50

LESPEDEZA

Size	Retail
Small (Inoculates up to 50 lbs. seed)	..\$.35
Large (Inoculates up to 100 lbs. seed)	..\$.50

SOYBEANS (All Varieties)

Small (Inoculates up to 120 lbs. seed)	..\$.30
5 bu. ea.	..\$.55
25 bu. (one can) ea.	..\$ 2.50
30 bu. (one ctn.) ea.	..\$ 3.25

LIMA BEANS, COW PEAS and PEANUTS

Size	Retail
Small (Inoculates up to 120 lbs. seed)	..\$.30
5 bu. ea.	..\$.55
25 bu. (one can) ea.	..\$ 2.50
30 bu. (one ctn.) ea.	..\$ 3.25

GARDEN SIZE Garden Peas and Beans Sweet Peas and Lupines

Enough for 6 lbs. seed	Retail Price 10c each.
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Order by letter—like Nitragin A-B-C-D E-K-S or garden size. Everything shown in each group is inoculated by that particular Nitragin.

A Alfalfa Sweet Clover, Burr Clover, Hubam Clover, Black Medick

B Clovers Medium and Mammoth Red, Alsike, Crimson, Persian, Ladino, Hop, and White Clovers

C ALL VETCHES Hairy, Spring, Wild, Hungarian, Common Peas Austrian, Canadian Garden and Sweet Broad Beans, Lentils

D Beans String, Snap, Wax, Navy, Kidney, Pinto, and Scarlet Runner

E Peanuts, Cowpeas and Velvet Beans Lima Beans, Mung Beans, Kudzu, Crotalaria, Alyce Clover and Beggar Weed

L Lespedeza All varieties Unhulled or hulled, and Sericea

S Soy Beans All varieties, including Edible Soy Beans Garden Peas, Sweet Peas, Beans, Lima Beans and Lupines

Garden Size

NITRAGIN — the Oldest and Most Widely Used Inoculator in America

GARDEN SEED PLANTING GUIDE

VARIETY	When to Plant	Quantity for 100 Feet	Quantity for an Acre	Distance Between Rows	Distance Apart in the Row	Depth to Plant
Asparagus Seed	February, March	2 ozs.	2 to 3 lbs.	18 to 24 in.	6 to 8 in.	1 in.
Asparagus Roots	Feb. March—Nov.	100 Roots	10 to 12,000	3 to 4 ft.	12 to 18 in.	5 in.
Beans, Bush Snap	April, May—July, Aug.	1 lb.	60 lbs.	2 to 3 ft.	3 to 4 in.	1 in.
Beans, Pole	April, May—July, Aug.	1/2 to 3/4 lb.	15 to 20 lbs.	3 to 4 ft.	1 1/2 to 2 ft.	1 in.
Beans, Bush Lima	April, May—July, Aug.	1 to 1 1/2 lbs.	45 to 60 lbs.	2 to 3 ft.	6 to 12 in.	1 in.
Beets, Garden	March, April—July, Aug.	2 ozs.	6 to 8 lbs.	2 to 2 1/2 ft.	3 to 4 in.	1 in.
Brussels Sprouts	March, April—July, Aug.	2 pkts.	1/4 to 1/2 lb.	2 1/2 to 3 ft.	15 to 18 in.	1/2 in.
Cabbage Seed	March, April—July, Aug.	2 pkts.	1/4 to 1/2 lb.	2 1/2 to 3 ft.	15 to 18 in.	1/2 in.
Cabbage Plants	February to October	2 pkts.	1/4 to 1/2 lb.	18 to 24 in.	18 to 24 in.	1/2 in.
Cauliflower	January to May	50 to 75	10 to 15,000	24 to 36 in.	18 to 24 in.	1 in.
Carrot	Feb., Mar.—July, Aug.	2 pkts.	1/4 lb.	2 1/2 to 3 ft.	18 to 24 in.	1/2 in.
Celery	February to September	1 oz.	4 to 5 lbs.	2 to 3 ft.	3 to 4 in.	1/2 in.
Collards	February, March	2 pkts.	1/4 to 1/2 lbs.	2 1/2 to 3 ft.	4 to 5 in.	1/4 in.
Corn, Garden	Spring to Fall	1 oz.	1 to 2 lbs.	2 1/2 to 3 ft.	12 to 18 in.	1 in.
Cucumber	March to August	1/2 lb.	12 to 14 lbs.	3 1/2 to 4 ft.	18 to 24 in.	2 in.
Eggplant	April to August	1 oz.	2 to 3 lbs.	4 to 5 ft.	4 to 5 ft.	1 in.
Endive	March to July	2 pkts.	1/2 lb.	3 to 3 1/2 ft.	2 to 3 in.	1/4 in.
Kale	March to August	2 pkts.	1 lb.	2 to 3 ft.	12 to 15 in.	1/2 in.
Kohlrabi	Spring to Fall	1 oz.	2 to 3 lbs.	2 to 3 ft.	6 to 8 in.	1 in.
Lettuce	March to September	1 oz.	1 lb.	2 to 3 ft.	5 to 8 in.	1/2 in.
Leek	February to September	1 oz.	2 lbs.	24 to 30 in.	6 to 12 in.	1/4 in.
Mustard	March to September	1 oz.	2 lbs.	12 to 24 in.	4 to 6 in.	1/2 in.
Muskmelon, Cantaloupe	February to October	1 oz.	2 to 3 lbs.	2 to 3 ft.	3 to 4 in.	1/2 in.
Okra	April to August	1 oz.	2 to 3 lbs.	4 to 6 ft.	4 to 6 ft.	3/4 to 1 in.
Onion Seed	April to July	1/4 lb.	8 to 10 lbs.	12 to 18 in.	4 to 6 in.	1 in.
Onion Sets	February to September	1 qt.	3 to 4 lbs.	24 to 30 in.	3 to 4 in.	1/2 in.
Onion Plants	February to November	300 plants	8 to 10 bus.	24 to 30 in.	3 to 4 in.	1 in.
Parsley	February to June	1 oz.	60,000 to 75,000	24 to 30 in.	3 to 4 in.	1/2 in.
Parsnip	February to September	1 oz.	5 to 6 lbs.	18 to 24 in.	3 to 4 in.	1 in.
Pepper	February to August	2 pkts.	5 to 6 lbs.	18 to 24 in.	4 to 6 in.	1/2 in.
Peas, Garden	March to July	2 pkts.	1/4 lb.	2 to 3 ft.	18 to 24 in.	1 in.
Pumpkin	February to July	1 lb.	60 to 75 lbs.	2 1/2 to 3 ft.	3 to 4 in.	1 in.
Radish	April to July	1 oz.	2 to 3 lbs.	8 to 10 ft.	8 to 10 ft.	1 in.
Rutabaga	February to October	2 ozs.	8 to 10 lbs.	18 to 24 in.	1 to 2 in.	1/2 in.
Salsify	March to October	1 oz.	2 to 3 lbs.	18 to 24 in.	4 to 6 in.	1/2 in.
Spinach	March to July	2 ozs.	6 to 8 lbs.	18 to 24 in.	3 to 4 in.	1/2 in.
Squash	January to October	2 ozs.	8 to 10 lbs.	2 to 3 ft.	1 to 2 in.	1 in.
Tomato	April to August	1 oz.	2 to 3 lbs.	3 to 4 ft.	3 to 4 ft.	1 in.
Tomato Plants	February to July	1 pkt.	1/4 lb.	4 to 5 ft.	3 to 4 ft.	1/4 in.
Turnip	April to July	3 to 5,000	3 to 5,000	4 to 5 ft.	3 to 4 ft.	1 in.
Watermelon	February to October	1 oz.	2 to 3 lbs.	2 to 2 1/2 ft.	2 to 3 in.	1/2 in.
	April to July	1 oz.	2 to 3 lbs.	8 to 10 ft.	8 to 10 ft.	1 in.

**RUSSELL-HECKLE'S
TOP NOTCH...**

GARDEN SEED

**Plant for Victory
and Health**

ARTICHOKE

JERUSALEM GIANT. (120 days.) Excellent for fattening hogs—they grow like potatoes. No garden should be without a few rows for delightful pickles. Chopped artichokes are claimed to be fine laying food for poultry, feeding 2 lbs. a week for 15 hens. Plant in 4-foot rows, 18 inches apart, any time in March or April. Postpaid, 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 75c; 10 lbs., \$1.25.

SPECIAL POSTPAID PRICES ON ALL PACKET VEGETABLE SEED

5c packets	6 for 25c	14 for 55c	27 for \$1.00
10c Packets	3 for 25c	7 for 55c	13 for \$1.00
15c Packets	2 for 25c	5 for 60c	9 for \$1.00

ASPARAGUS

MARY WASHINGTON ROOTS. Color green with slight purplish tinge. Set in 4-foot rows, 16 inches apart. Place crown 4 to 5 inches below surface of the ground. Have beds enriched with rotted manure or cotton seed meal. When spring starts, apply Nitrate of Soda. Keep beds well cultivated. Don't cut asparagus the first season. **Two-year roots, postpaid, Doz., 40c; 25 for 65c; 50 for \$1.15; 100 for \$2.00.**

MARY WASHINGTON SEED. Culture—Sow outdoors in February and March in 18-inch rows, dropping two seeds every 6 inches, cover seed 1 inch. One ounce will sow 50 feet of row and produce 200 plants. **Postpaid, Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 35c; 1/2 lb., 60c; lb., \$1.00.**

BROCCOLI

GREEN SPROUTING CALABRESE. (90 days.) A decidedly fine variety. The plant forms a solid, large green head. When the central head is cut, sprouts come out from the leaf axis, each terminating in a small head as good as the first. The seed should be sown and cared for in the same way as cabbage or cauliflower. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 oz., 20c; oz., 35c; 2 oz., 60c; 1/4 lb., \$1.00.**

BRUSSELS SPROUTS

LONG ISLAND IMPROVED. (100 days.) An erect growing plant whose stalk is closely covered with light green buds resembling small cabbages. Sow seed in March or April one-half inch deep, transplant later to open rows two feet apart. Cultivate like cabbage. They can be sown outdoors April 1st. Two packets will drill 100 ft. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 oz., 30c; oz., 50c; 2 oz., 85c; 1/4 lb., \$1.50.**

BROCCOLI AND BRUSSELS SPROUT PLANTS

Ready March 15th

Postpaid, 25 for 40c; 50 for 65c; 100 for \$1.20.



ASPARAGUS—MARY WASHINGTON



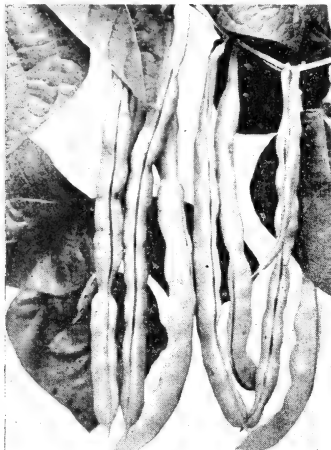
BROCCOLI—GREEN SPROUTING

See Green Ink List

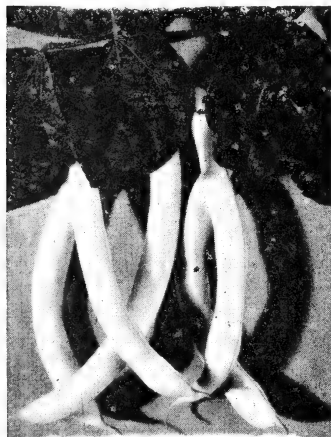
RUSSELL-HECKLE

GROW Choice NEW CROP BEANS

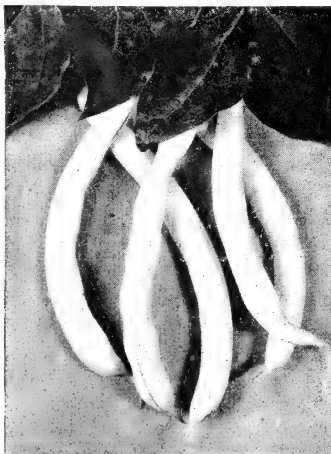
BUSH OR SNAP BEANS



BEANS—KENTUCKY WONDER



BEANS—IMPROVED GOLDEN WAX



BEANS—KENTUCKY WONDER WAX

Culture—1 lb. of seed will sow 100 feet of row; 60 lbs. will plant one acre. Begin planting in this section about the middle of March and make plantings three or four weeks apart up to September 1st. This will give green beans all through the season. Keep young beans picked—do not let them go to seed; it will prolong the bearing season of the plants. Sow in drills 2 to 3 ft. apart, dropping a bean every 3 or 4 inches, cover about 1 inch, plant in good, loamy soil, avoid heavy clay or cold places, cultivate often until vines begin to bloom. For best results inoculate seed with nitrogen and mix 4 pounds of Vigoro, the complete plant food, per 100 feet of row before planting.

BOUNTIFUL. (48 days.) Is the earliest of the green varieties. A very productive bean; pods are about 5 inches long, straight, handsome, light green and flat. Postpaid, pkt. 10c; ½ pt. 20c; pt. 35c; qt. 55c; ½ gal. 95c; gal. \$1.75.

BURPEE'S STRINGLESS GREEN POD. (53 days.) One of the finest green pod varieties for home garden, market gardener and canner. Pods round, medium green, 5½ inches long, slightly curved, thick, meaty and juicy; perfectly stringless. Seeds coffee-brown. Postpaid, pkt. 10c; ½ pt. 20c; pt. 35c; qt. 55c; ½ gal. 95c; gal. \$1.75.

COMMODORE DWARF GREEN POD. (A Dwarf Kentucky Wonder.) (65 days.) Pods measure 8 to 9 inches, nearly straight, very fleshy, brittle and of fine texture, fiberless and stringless in all stages of growth. Of excellent quality. Postpaid, pkt. 20c; ½ pt. 35c; pt. 55c; qt. 95c; ½ gal. \$1.70; gal. \$3.20.

FULL MEASURE. (52 days.) A fine green podded bush bean of handsome appearance with round green beans measuring 5 to 5½ inches long and ¾ inch thick. They are brittle, tender, fleshy and stringless. Seeds reddish brown, splashed with pale buff. Postpaid, pkt. 10c; ½ pt. 20c; pt. 35c; qt. 55c; ½ gal. 95c; gal. \$1.75.

GIANT STRINGLESS GREEN POD. (53 days.) An excellent variety. Pods round, medium green, 6 inches long, fairly straight, brittle, very fleshy and entirely stringless. Seeds light brown. Postpaid, pkt. 10c; ½ pt. 20c; pt. 35c; qt. 55c; ½ gal. 95c; gal. \$1.75.

STRINGLESS BLACK VALENTINE. (53 days.) Has all the sturdy characteristics which popularized Black Valentine as a producer and shipper; has long, practically straight oval pods of good color and texture and is completely stringless. Postpaid, pkt. 10c; ½ pt. 20c; pt. 35c; qt. 55c; ½ gal. 95c; gal. \$1.75.

IMPROVED EARLY RED VALENTINE. (52 days.) Plant medium size, erect, very productive. Pods 4 to 5 inches long, medium green, round, curved, slim with crease in back; very fleshy, crisp and tender. Postpaid, pkt. 10c; ½ pt. 20c; pt. 35c; qt. 55c; ½ gal. 95c; gal. \$1.75.

IMPROVED GOLDEN WAX. (53 days.) A real early wax pod stringless type that is standard for the home garden. Superior quality, flat, straight pods, 4 inches long. Seeds white and purple. Postpaid, pkt. 10c; ½ pt. 20c; pt. 35c; qt. 55c; ½ gal. 95c; gal. \$1.75.

PENCIL POD BLACK WAX. (55 days.) The leading wax variety for home and market gardens. Pods round, slightly curved, fleshy, golden yellow, tender, entirely stringless, brittle and without fiber. Postpaid, pkt. 10c; ½ pt. 20c; pt. 35c; qt. 55c; ½ gal. 95c; gal. \$1.75.

TENDERGREEN STRINGLESS. (54 days.) The plants make a strong and vigorous growth. The pods grow 6 to 7 inches long. Round, green, extremely meaty and tender. Even when fully grown they are absolutely stringless. Postpaid, pkt. 10c; ½ pt. 20c; pt. 35c; qt. 60c; ½ gal. \$1.00; gal. \$1.85.

TENNESSEE GREEN POD. (52 days.) Very popular in the South. Plant medium large, spreading, hardy and productive. Pods flat, broad and quite irregular in shape, medium green, 6 to 7 inches long, curved, slightly stringy, but of good flavor. Postpaid, pkt. 10c; ½ pt. 20c; pt. 35c; qt. 55c; ½ gal. 95c; gal. \$1.75.

POLE OR RUNNING BEANS

Culture—Plant two weeks after the Bush varieties, when the ground begins to warm up. Pole Beans can be planted every three or four weeks up to August 20th, and they will make a crop. Fall Beans are always tender. Have rows 3 to 4 feet apart; 2 pounds will plant 150 hills. Drop two seeds 1½ to 2 feet apart, cover one inch, cultivate as needed. For market use it requires 15 to 20 pounds to plant an acre. Pole Beans can also be planted on wire fences or on a trellis. Plant 2 feet apart; ½ to ¾ lb. of seed will plant 100 feet of fence row. When planting in corn drop two or three seeds to every hill when corn is 12 inches high. For best results inoculate seed with nitrogen and mix 4 pounds of Vigoro the complete plant food, per 100 feet of row before planting.

IDEAL MARKET. (58 days.) Plant hardy and vigorous. Pods round, deep green, 6 inches long, slightly curved, meaty, tender and stringless when young. Seeds solid black. Postpaid, pkt. 10c; ½ pt. 20c; pt. 35c; qt. 55c; ½ gal. 95c; gal. \$1.75.

KENTUCKY WONDER. (65 days.) A hardy, strong climber that continues to bear until frost. Pods round, 8 to 10 inches long, curved and saddlebacked; stringless when young, very fleshy, fiberless, brittle and of superb flavor when cooked. Postpaid, pkt. 10c; ½ pt. 20c; pt. 35c; qt. 55c; ½ gal. 95c; gal. \$1.75.

KENTUCKY WONDER WAX. (64 days.) A heavy yielding wax-podded pole bean, for home or market gardens. Curved, yellow, flat pods grow 10 inches long, meaty and of good flavor, but show strings. Postpaid, pkt. 10c; ½ pt. 20c; pt. 35c; qt. 55c; ½ gal. 95c; gal. \$1.75.

DECATUR. (62 days.) It is stringless in all stages and is uniform in plant growth and pod type, vigorously reaching 6 to 7 feet and pods are 6 to 8 inches long and nearly straight, meaty and of fine quality. Postpaid, pkt. 15c; ½ pt. 30c; pt. 45c; qt. 70c; ½ gal. \$1.20; gal. \$2.20.

WHITE-SEED KENTUCKY WONDER. (64 days.) Similar in growth to the Kentucky Wonder, but the pods are long, straight and entirely stringless. The white beans are also fine for winter use. Postpaid, pkt. 10c; ½ pt. 20c; pt. 35c; qt. 55c; ½ gal. 95c; gal. \$1.75.

DIXIE WHITE. (50 days.) Very similar to Burpee's Stringless Green Pod, but with somewhat smaller pods and white seeds. Used in the South for green and dry shell bean. Postpaid, pkt. 10c; ½ pt. 20c; pt. 35c; qt. 60c; ½ gal. \$1.00; gal. \$1.85.

MCCASLAN. (65 days.) An early prolific bean, excellent for home market as a snap or dry shell bean. Pods deep green, 8 inches long, slightly flattened, almost stringless and of fine flavor. If kept closely picked, they will bear until frost. Postpaid, pkt. 10c; ½ pt. 20c; pt. 35c; qt. 55c; ½ gal. 95c; gal. \$1.75.

SCOTIA or STRIPED CREASEBACK. (Cornfield.) (72 days.) A very hardy, productive cornfield bean. Pods 6½ to 7 inches long, round, straight and creasebacked; slightly stringy, very fleshy, fine grained, attractive and of good quality; color dark green. Postpaid, pkt. 10c; ½ pt. 20c; pt. 35c; qt. 55c; ½ gal. 95c; gal. \$1.75.

WHITE CREASEBACK. (63 days.) An extremely early Pole Bean. Vines small to medium and wonderfully productive, bearing pods in clusters of from 4 to 12 and medium in length. An excellent shipper. Seeds white, excellent for baking. Postpaid, pkt. 10c; ½ pt. 20c; pt. 35c; qt. 55c; ½ gal. 95c; gal. \$1.75.

for HOME and MARKET GARDEN

BUSH BUTTER OR LIMA BEANS

Culture—Lima Beans grow best on rich, well drained, porous soil. Do not plant until danger of frost is over, the soil warm and moderately dry, and the nights quite warm, as Lima Beans are a tender vegetable. In most sections Limas are planted about two weeks after the first planting of bush or snap beans. Plant in drills $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet apart, spacing the seed 6 to 12 inches apart, and plant them edgewise with the eye downwards. Cover 1 inch deep. Cultivate shallow and frequently until the plants blossom. Pick the pods as soon as the beans are of edible size. 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ lbs. will plant 100 feet of row; 45 to 60 lbs. to an acre. For best results inoculate seed with nitrogen and mix 4 pounds Vigoro, the complete plant food, per 100 feet of row before planting.

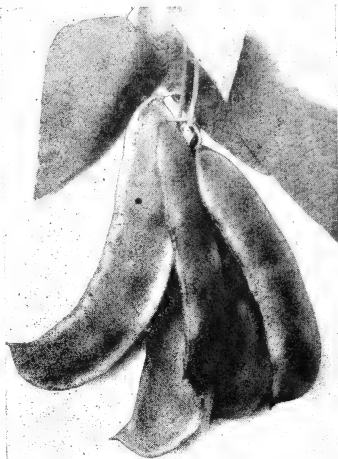
BABY POTATO. (72 days.) Twelve to sixteen inches high, early and prolific, and here at last is a small, thick-seeded butter bean with some Fordhook flavor. Pods are large for a Baby Lima, seeds are an attractive bright green in its green or eating stage, and creamy white when dry. This variety is adapted for produce markets, canning and quick freezing, as well as homegardens. Postpaid, pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 25c; pt., 40c; qt., 65c; $\frac{1}{2}$ gal., \$1.10; gal., \$2.00.

HENDERSON'S. (68 days.) The earliest variety. One week earlier than Burpee's Bush Lima. Sometimes called Baby Lima. Used largely by canners. Plant small, dark green, erect, bushy; pods flat, containing 3 to 4 flat, light green beans or seed, of excellent flavor when ripe and dry. Best yields obtained on warm, sandy loam. Dry beans creamy white. Postpaid, pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 20c; pt., 35c; qt., 55c; $\frac{1}{2}$ gal., 95c; gal., \$1.75.

BURPEE'S IMPROVED. (75 days.) An improvement over the old Burpee's Bush Lima, slightly earlier and larger. Plant sturdy, vigorous and very productive. Pods 5 inches long, contain three to four beans, flat but thicker than Burpee's Bush. Postpaid, pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 30c; pt., 45c; qt., 70c; $\frac{1}{2}$ gal., \$1.20; gal., \$2.20.

JACKSON WONDER. (65 days.) This is also called Never Fail Bush Lima. Excellent drought resistant and sure cropper. Pods about 3 inches long, $\frac{3}{4}$ of an inch wide, filled with 3 or 4 beans, of medium size, flat, light brown to purple, mottled; also good as a winter shell bean. Postpaid, pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 20c; pt., 35c; qt., 60c; $\frac{1}{2}$ gal., \$1.00; gal., \$1.85.

WOOD'S PROLIFIC. (72 days.) Similar to Henderson's but slightly larger. Extremely prolific, of true bush form, and very early, beans white, valuable when fresh or dried. Postpaid, pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 20c; pt., 35c; qt., 60c; $\frac{1}{2}$ gal., \$1.00; gal., \$1.85.



BEANS—LARGE WHITE LIMA

POLE BUTTER OR LIMA BEANS

Culture—One pound will plant 100 feet of row; 30 lbs. to the acre. Set poles 4 feet apart each way. Drop 4 to 6 beans in each hill; the large types with eye downward. Cover 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches, thin to three plants when up. Plant after ground is warm in April and May. Late plantings can be made up to August 1st. For best results inoculate seed with nitrogen and mix 4 pounds Vigoro, the complete plant food, per 100 feet of row before planting.

CAROLINA or SIEVA. (78 days.) In the South this is familiarly known as the "Butter Bean." It is very early, vigorous and productive. The seeds are small and white and of good flavor. Postpaid, pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 20c; pt., 35c; qt., 55c; $\frac{1}{2}$ gal., 95c; gal., \$1.75.

IMPROVED FLORIDA. (80 days.) A new distinct variety. Pods large, beans very tender and of excellent quality. Heavy yielders. Seed is more than double the size of Florida Butter, very striking in appearance, of a creamy white, mottled with purple. Postpaid, pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 30c; pt., 45c; qt., 70c; $\frac{1}{2}$ gal., \$1.20; gal., \$2.20.

LARGE WHITE. (88 days.) Beans greenish white, large size, matures late. The most productive variety for this section. Postpaid, pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 25c; pt., 40c; qt., 65c; $\frac{1}{2}$ gal., \$1.10; gal., \$2.00.

WILLOW LEAF. (90 days.) A great yielder and fine flavored. The vines are vigorous with many short branches. The leaves are small, smooth, stiff, glossy and dark green. The pods are dark green, short, about three inches, curved. Seed small, flat and white. Postpaid, pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 25c; pt., 40c; qt., 65c; $\frac{1}{2}$ gal., \$1.10; gal., \$2.00.

FLORIDA or SPECKLED CALICO. (82 days.) This is undoubtedly the greatest yielding Pole Lima Bean known today. It commences to bear very early and bears continually until killed by frost. It is an extra fine flavored bean, both in the green state and when shelled dry for winter use. The beans are medium size, beautifully speckled or blotched dark red to black. Postpaid, pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 20c; pt., 35c; qt., 60c; $\frac{1}{2}$ gal., \$1.00; gal., \$1.85.



BEANS—HENDERSON'S BUSH LIMA

DWARF SHELL OR FIELD BEANS

Culture—Do not plant until the middle of June. Plant in rows 2 to 3 feet apart, spacing the seed 2 to 3 inches apart, and cover 1 to 2 inches deep. One lb. for 100 feet; 60 to 75 lbs. per acre. Plants erect, semi-bush type. For best results inoculate seed with nitrogen and mix 4 pounds Vigoro, the complete plant food, per 100 feet of row before planting.

GREAT NORTHERN. (90-100 days.) The standard dry shell bean, used for baking and soup. Vine large, slender, spreading, with short runners, hardy and productive. Postpaid, pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 20c; pt., 35c; qt., 55c; $\frac{1}{2}$ gal., 90c; gal., \$1.60.

PINTO. (100-110 days.) A standard shell bean, grows well in the South. Vine $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet, vigorous and productive. Postpaid, pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 20c; pt., 35c; qt., 55c; $\frac{1}{2}$ gal., 90c; gal., \$1.60.

RED KIDNEY. (90-100 days.) One of the finest of all beans for baking. Very productive. Postpaid, pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 20c; pt., 35c; qt., 55c; $\frac{1}{2}$ gal., 95c; gal., \$1.75.

WHITE NAVY. (90-100 days.) This small shell bean will out-yield all others. Excellent for use as baked beans. Plant large, spreading, with many runners. Postpaid, pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 20c; pt., 35c; qt., 55c; $\frac{1}{2}$ gal., 90c; gal., \$1.60.

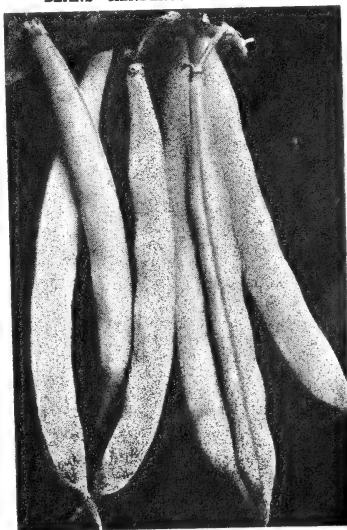
EDIBLE SOY OR SOJA BEANS

Culture. Plant in April and May on maturated soil, seeds three inches apart and one inch deep. The number of days refers to picking for use as green shelled beans; full maturity for dry shelled beans, is reached about 30 days later.

BANSEL. (90 days.) Plants erect of medium height, very prolific, well adapted for short season areas. Beans glossy yellow, oblong with rounded ends, of mild pleasing flavor. Postpaid, pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 20c; pt., 35c; qt., 60c; $\frac{1}{2}$ gal., \$1.00; gal., \$1.85.

EASY COOK. (110 days.) An edible soy bean that can be cooked in about half the time of other varieties. Used either in the green state or dried. Postpaid, pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 20c; pt., 35c; qt., 55c; $\frac{1}{2}$ gal., 95c; gal., \$1.70.

ROKUSUN. (100 days.) One of our best edible types for both dry beans and green vegetable. A large, flat, yellow seeded variety; the pods 2 to 3 seeded. Cooks easily and has a good flavor. Postpaid, pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ pt., 20c; pt., 35c; qt., 60c; $\frac{1}{2}$ gal., \$1.00; gal., \$1.85.



BEANS—WHITE NAVY SHELL

FOR
TABLE...

♦ BEETS ♦

FOR LIVE-
STOCK FEED

GARDEN BEETS

How and When to Plant For earliest use and market, sow seed of any round sort under glass, in February or March, and transplant to open ground in March or April. Seed for main crop may be sown in the early spring as soon as ground can be worked. For table beets sow in drills 2 to 2½ feet apart and thin to stand 3 to 4 inches apart in the rows. A packet will sow a row about 25 feet long; use 2 ounces to 100 feet; 6 to 8 lbs. per acre. Make successive plantings and cultivate freely. They are fit for use in 35 to 65 days. Beet tops are much used for greens, being cooked like spinach. For best results mix 4 pounds Vigoro, the complete plant food, per 100 feet of row before planting.

DETROIT DARK RED. (50 days.) A highly bred, globe-shaped beet for home or market. We offer a special strain of this famous beet. It excels in uniformity of size, shape and color, being suited for home use, market sales, storing, shipping and canning. The roots are of medium size, smooth, perfectly globe-shaped, and of attractive appearance. The color of the flesh is a most intense deep red, showing no signs of any zones after cooking. It remains tender throughout and free from fibre until fully grown. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 55c; ½ lb., 85c; 1 lb., \$1.75; 3 lbs., \$4.95.**

EARLY BLOOD TURNIP. (60 days.) If in doubt about what beet to plant, you will not go wrong in planting the Early Blood Turnip. Of uniform size, with smooth skin free from fibrous roots. Color rich dark red. Tender, sweet and crisp. Ideal for planting in May, June and July to make beets for winter. A fine keeper. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; ½ lb., 85c; 1 lb., \$1.50; 3 lbs., \$4.20.**

EARLY WONDER. (40 days.) Also known as Boston Crosby. Early, tender and sweet, dark red roots. This early beet is the result of yearly selection made over a period of time. As we offer it today it seems almost impossible to still further improve its appearance and excellent quality. It is probably the earliest of the small table beets for outside growing. The roots are flat to globe in shape, of a beautiful deep red color, and of medium size. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; ½ lb., 85c; 1 lb., \$1.50 3 lbs., \$4.20.**

BEET PLANTS

Ready March 1st. Crosby's Egyptian, Detroit Dark Red. **Postpaid, 25c; 50 for 40c; 100 for 65c; 300 for \$1.65.**

STOCK BEETS OR MANGELS

How and When to Plant Plantings should be made from April until the middle of June, soaking the seeds for 24 hours before planting. Sow in drills 2 to 2½ feet apart. Thin out to stand 10 inches apart in the row; 5 to 6 lbs. will plant an acre. For best results mix 4 pounds Vigoro, the complete plant food, per 100 feet of row before planting. Cultivate as soon after planting as possible. As soon as frost occurs, dig the roots, cut off the tops and pile on a well drained situation, covering with straw or corn stalks and an inch of earth. As it gets colder, increase the covering to prevent freezing. Always feed with some dry roughage.

MAMMOTH LONG RED MANGEL. (110 days.) Highest in yield. The roots often weigh 20 to 30 pounds each. It grows well above ground, is easily pulled; the deep red roots are straight, well formed and solid. A fine keeper and will supply an abundance of succulent green food for stock of all kinds and for poultry. Adapted to deep soils. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; ½ lb., 80c; 1 lb., \$1.40; 5 lbs., \$6.50.**

KLEIN WANZLEBEN SUGAR. (95 days.) Large, smooth white roots with broad shoulder, gradually tapering toward the base; good keepers. Widely grown in many sections for sugar production and stock feeding. Rich in sugar content. Claimed to be the heaviest yielder of the sugar beets. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; ½ lb., 80c; 1 lb., \$1.40; 5 lbs., \$6.50.**

GOLDEN TANKARD MANGEL. (95 days.) Especially recommended for the dairyman on account of its milk producing properties and the richer quality of the milk. The flesh is firm and solid, rich golden yellow color. Due to its peculiar shape they can be grown closer in the rows than most mangels, increasing the yield per acre. Grows well above ground and easily pulled. Does well on light soils. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; ½ lb., 80c; 1 lb., \$1.40; 5 lbs., \$6.50.**

GIANT FEEDING SUGAR. (90 days.) Not as high in tonnage yield per acre, but the pound to pound feeding value is greater because of its high sugar content. Grows partly out of the ground and is easily harvested. Fine for fattening cattle and equally as good as other stock beets for general feeding. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 45c; ½ lb., 80c; 1 lb., \$1.40; 5 lbs., \$6.50.**

VIGORO
Complete plant food

For
LAWNS
FLOWERS
SHRUBS
TREES
VEGETABLES

SWISS CHARD

(Spinach Beet or Sea Kale)

Culture—Should be in your garden. Grown for its leaves only, as it does not make a bulbous root. Leaves large, upright and as center leaves are cut more come from the center. The midrib of leaf is large and almost white and after trimming can be cooked like asparagus. The leaf is boiled like spinach or turnip greens. Delicious, delicate flavor not found in turnips or kale. Yellowish green, heavily crumpled leaf growth. For home or market. Sown in the spring the leaves are soon ready to eat and will continue to grow all through the summer and fall. Plant same as garden beets.

LICULLUS. (52 to 62 days.) A variety with curled leaves like a Savoy cabbage. The plant grows nearly 2 feet high and the stem and leaves are very large and of fine quality. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; ¼ lb., 50c; ½ lb., 85c; 1 lb., \$1.50; 3 lbs., \$4.20.**

MANGEL BEET—MAMMOTH LONG RED

RUSSELL-HECKLE

For Quantity Prices

MANY FINE VARIETIES

CABBAGE

EARLY AND LATE

How to Grow For very early use sow in January or February in hotbeds; put out when the plants are strong enough, into other hotbeds, or sow in cold frames in March; transplant when danger from killing frost is past, to open ground in rows 24 to 36 inches apart and 18 inches in the row. For a succession sow in the open ground the last of March or early in April. The autumn and winter varieties sow in April or early in May, in shallow drills 3 or 4 inches apart; transplant early in July in rows. Cabbage succeeds best in fresh, rich soil, deeply dug or plowed. One ounce of seed produces about 2,000 plants; one-half pound will produce enough plants to set an acre. We have indicated the average number of days required to produce heads from the date the young plants are set in the field. For best results work a level tablespoonful of Vigoro, the complete plant food, in the soil around the plant when transplanting to the field.

COPENHAGEN MARKET. (70 days.) The heads average about 10 pounds each in weight, are very solid and of fine quality. It matures as early as Charleston Wakefield. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; 2 oz., 55c; ¼ lb., 95c; ½ lb., \$1.75; 1 lb., \$3.25; 3 lbs., \$9.45.**

GOLDEN ACRE. (64 days.) This early, round-headed cabbage closely resembles Copenhagen Market in type. It is 8 to 10 days earlier than Copenhagen Market but is smaller and can be planted closer. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; 2 oz., 65c; ¼ lb., \$1.10; ½ lb., \$2.00; 1 lb., \$3.75; 3 lbs., \$14.95.**

ALL SEASONS. (90 days.) The name best describes this variety as it is sureheaded, of the Flat Dutch type of heads and a first class main crop. The heads are very large, extremely hard and solid. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; 2 oz., 40c; ¼ lb., 65c; ½ lb., \$1.20; 1 lb., \$2.20; 3 lbs., \$6.30.**

CHARLESTON or LARGE WAKEFIELD. (73 days.) A selection from Early Jersey Wakefield, producing a larger and more solid head. Charleston Wakefield is more uniform of type and a much better shipping variety; of fine quality. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 2 oz., 35c; ¼ lb., 60c; ½ lb., \$1.10; 1 lb., \$2.00; 3 lbs., \$5.70.**

EARLY FLAT DUTCH. (70 days.) Excellent second-early variety, producing fine large heads. Highly valued for the fine quality and ability to resist heat. Heads are round, flattened on top, measure 13 inches across and weigh from 10 to 12 pounds each. A favorite with many market growers. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 2 oz., 35c; ¼ lb., 60c; ½ lb., \$1.10; 1 lb., \$2.00; 3 lbs., \$5.70.**

LARGE LATE DRUMHEAD. (105 days.) A dependable heading variety, good winter keeper, solid and firm. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; 2 oz., 40c; ¼ lb., 65c; ½ lb., \$1.20; 1 lb., \$2.20; 3 lbs., \$6.30.**

CHINESE CABBAGE

(Celery Cabbage)

Chinese Cabbage has a distinct taste and flavor and when cooked it can be served like spinach, using the green part of the leaves. The middle ribs are very palatable cooked like asparagus. Raw, it is used like lettuce.

CHIHILL. (75 days.) Long, pointed, very firm, solid heads, pure white inside and of the finest flavor. When fully matured heads often measure 18 inches tall and 3½ to 4 inches thick. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 2 oz., 35c; ¼ lb., 60c; ½ lb., \$1.10; 1 lb., \$2.00.**

WONG BOK. (80 days.) Heads 8 to 10 in. tall, rather broad. Leaves tightly folded, blanching the interior, making it crisp, tender and of delicious quality. Gaining in popularity each year. For salad, slaw and greens. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 2 oz., 35c; ¼ lb., 60c; ½ lb., \$1.10; 1 lb., \$2.00.**

EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD. (64 days.) Dwarf, compact plants maturing very early. The heads are pyramidal in shape, having a blunted or rounded peak. Very sweet flavor. Small outside foliage and a uniform crop. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 2 oz., 35c; ¼ lb., 55c; ½ lb., \$1.05; 1 lb., \$1.90; 3 lbs., \$5.40.**

LARGE LATE FLAT DUTCH. (110 days.) Remarkably large, solid heads, of bluish green with a broad, flat surface, and interior of fine quality; crisp, tender, white; a good keeper. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; 2 oz., 40c; ¼ lb., 65c; ½ lb., \$1.20; 1 lb., \$2.20; 3 lbs., \$6.30.**

LARGE DRUMHEAD SAVOY. (90 days.) Leaves curled, tender and delicately flavored when touched by frost. Heads flattened, nearly round; leaves crimped, bluish green. A favorite for fall and winter market. Sow seed in June and July. Set in the open in September. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 30c; 2 oz., 50c; ¼ lb., 90c; ½ lb., \$1.60; 1 lb., \$3.00; 3 lbs., \$8.70.**

ALL HEAD EARLY. (78 days.) Excellent for shipping and for kraut. Heads deep, medium, flat, slightly sloping at base, 7 inches deep, solid, uniform and of good quality. Outer leaves grey green. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 2 oz., 35c; ¼ lb., 60c; ½ lb., \$1.10; 1 lb., \$2.00; 3 lbs., \$5.70.**

MAMMOTH RED ROCK (95 days.) The largest of the red cabbages, the round heads weighing 6 to 8 lbs. Intense dark red color. A sure header. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; 2 oz., 60c; ¼ lb., \$1.00; ½ lb., \$1.85; 1 lb., \$3.50.**

SUCCESSION. (84 days.) Very dependable for late summer and fall use, good keeper. Plants large but compact, stem short. Heads large and flat but deep, 10 to 11 inches across; 7 to 8 inches deep and weigh 8 to 9 lbs. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 25c; 2 oz., 40c; ¼ lb., 65c; ½ lb., \$1.20; 1 lb., \$2.20; 3 lbs., \$6.30.**

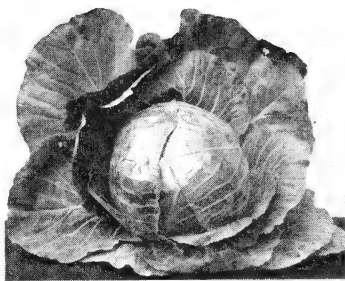
CAULIFLOWER

Culture—Sow in beds or boxes in January or February and transplant to the garden in March or April. Cultivate like cabbage. For best results work a level tablespoonful of Vigoro, the complete plant food, in the soil around the plant when transplanting to the field.

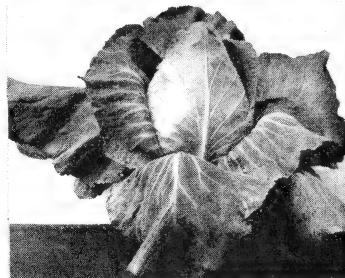
EARLY SNOWBALL. (55 days.) The best and most widely used early variety. Plants dwarf, with short pale green leaves. Heads medium, firm, compact, solid, pure white and of finest quality. A dependable header. **Postpaid, pkt., 35c; ¼ oz., 85c; ½ oz., \$1.50; oz., \$2.75.**

CAULIFLOWER PLANTS

Ready March 1st. **Early Snowball.** Postpaid, 25 for 40c; 50 for 65c; 100 for \$1.20.



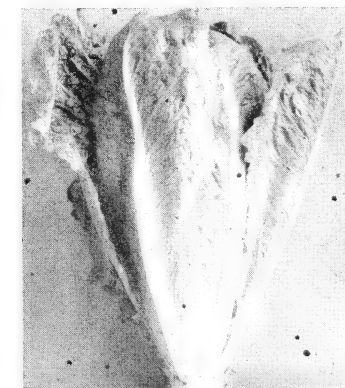
CABBAGE—COPENHAGEN MARKET



CABBAGE—EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD



CABBAGE—EARLY FLAT DUTCH



CHINESE CABBAGE—WONG BOK

RUSSELL-HECKLE'S Frost-Proof CABBAGE PLANTS

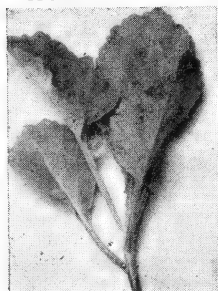
These cabbage plants will stand light freezes and considerable cold with little or no damage. They are raised outdoors and are hardy and vigorous. If weather permits they can be set out in this section early in February. If you cannot plant on arrival, heel the plants in the ground; they will keep for weeks. Do not be disappointed if the plants look wilted or yellow on arrival. Set the roots in water for 24 hours and they will revive and grow perfectly satisfactorily.

Orders for Frost-Proof Cabbage Plants will be filled from February 1st to April 1st unless weather is too cold or severe.

PRICES OF FROST-PROOF CABBAGE PLANTS

	Postpaid				Express			
	100	200	500	1,000	100	200	500	1,000
Early Jersey Wakefield	\$.40	\$.70	\$ 1.40	\$ 2.50	\$.30	\$.50	\$ 1.10	\$ 2.00
Charleston Wakefield	.40	.70	1.40	2.50	.30	.50	1.10	2.00
Early Flat Dutch	.40	.70	1.40	2.50	.30	.50	1.10	2.00

No plants shipped C. O. D. No order for less than 100 plants can be accepted. Customers wanting prices on large lots, write us for special quotation.



See Green Ink List

" " " " " " " " " " " "

RUSSELL-HECKLE

COOKED
OR RAW

CARROTS

RICH IN
VITAMINS

How and When to Plant

The carrot, whether used raw, fried, boiled or stewed, used alone or combined with other vegetables or meat is not surpassed in nutritious healthfulness by any vegetable. Plant carrot seed from the time the soil can be worked in the spring tillily, in 1- or 2-foot rows for hand cultivation or in 30-inch rows where a horse-drawn tool is used. Use one ounce of seed to 100 feet of row, 4 to 5 inches apart, covering one-half inch deep and later thin to a four-inch stand. Do not overlook the value of this crop as a stock food. For best results, mix 4 pounds Vigoro, the complete plant food, per 100 feet of row before planting.

DANVERS HALF-LONG. (75 days.) One of the favorite main crop varieties known by all. Very productive and used extensively by market gardeners, shippers and home gardeners. Roots bright deep orange, 6 to 7 inches long, 1 3/4 inches thick, broad shoulder tapering to a blunt point. Flesh bright orange, tender, and very sweet. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; 2 oz., 55c; 1/4 lb., 95c; 1/2 lb., \$1.75; 1 lb., \$3.25; 3 lbs., \$9.45.**

IMPERATOR. (75 days.) This new carrot has already become very popular as it combines both attractive appearance with first class quality. The roots are 7 to 8 inches long, tapering gradually toward the tip. Rich orange color with indistinct core. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; 2 oz., 60c; 1/4 lb., \$1.00; 1/2 lb., \$1.95; 1 lb., \$3.50; 3 lbs., \$10.20.**

HALF-LONG SCARLET CHANTENAY. (72 days.) Market gardeners know this to be the perfect carrot and one of the most salable market varieties. An excellent all-purpose sort. Roots deep orange, smooth, 5 to 6 inches long, 2 1/4 inches thick, broad shoulders gradually tapering and stump-rooted at the lower end. Flesh deep orange with distinct core. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 35c; 2 oz., 55c; 1/4 lb., 95c; 1/2 lb., \$1.75; 1 lb., \$3.25; 3 lbs., \$9.45.**

IMPROVED LONG ORANGE. (88 days.) Roots reddish orange, 12 inches long, 2 inches thick, tapering to a point; flesh red-orange. Excellent for table use, also used for stock feeding. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 40c; 2 oz., 65c; 1/4 lb., \$1.10; 1/2 lb., \$2.00; 1 lb., \$3.75; 3 lbs., \$10.95.**

CELERY

GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING. (115 days.) Very popular because of its earliness and self-blanching quality. The dwarf, compact plants grow 18 to 20 inches tall and form thick, solid stalks which readily blanch to a beautiful waxy yellow. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 oz., 25c; oz., 40c; 2 oz., 70c.**

WHITE PLUME. (115 days.) Foliage is bright, light green, tinted white; stalks and foliage blanch readily to a pure snowy white. Crisp, tender and free from fiber strings. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 oz., 25c; oz., 40c; 2 oz., 70c.**

CELERY PLANTS

GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING. Ready March 15th. **Postpaid, 50 for 50c; 100 for 85c; 300 for \$2.25.**

PLANT ONE OR MORE

CUCUMBERS

—FOR PICKLES FOR SALAD

How and When to Plant

One ounce to 50 hills; 2 to 3 pounds per acre. After danger of frost is past plant in hills 4 by 5 feet apart and thin to 3 plants to a hill. Seed can be planted in boxes or paper pots in a hotbed, but cucumbers do not transplant readily unless a mass of soil adheres to the roots. For best results mix a level tablespoonful of Vigoro in the hill before planting the seed.

A. & C. (60 days.) White Spine. A very desirable cucumber because of its uniform length and intense dark green color. It has become increasingly popular for all market purposes and is a vigorous, high yielding variety. The fruit tapers at both ends and is 10 to 12 inches long and about 3 inches thick. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 2 oz., 35c; 1/4 lb., 60c; 1/2 lb., \$1.00; 1 lb., \$1.85; 5 lbs., \$8.75.**

DAVIS PERFECT. (58 days.) White Spine. A long smooth cucumber with tapering ends. It has enjoyed wide use for many years because of its dark green color when in the slicing stage, and the edible qualities are excellent. Fruit 10 to 12 inches long and about 3 inches thick. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; 1/4 lb., 40c; 1/2 lb., 70c; 1 lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.75.**

EARLY GREEN CLUSTER. (52 days.) Black Spine. A fine variety for pickling, also desirable for early slicing. Fruit's borne in twos and threes. Short, thick, pale green, cylindrical and full at both ends. 5 to 6 inches long and about 2 1/2 inches thick. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 2 oz., 35c; 1/4 lb., 60c; 1/2 lb., \$1.00; 1 lb., \$1.85; 5 lbs., \$8.75.**

EARLY WHITE SPINE. (60 days.) The most popular white spined cucumber for the home garden; extensively grown for shipping. Fruits medium dark green; remain in good condition remarkably long; slightly tapered; blunt, 6 to 8 inches long and about 2 1/2 inches thick. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 2 oz., 35c; 1/4 lb., 50c; 1/2 lb., 85c; 1 lb., \$1.50; 5 lbs., \$7.00.**

WHITE WONDER. (58 days.) This is a novelty, but it has considerable merit. It is white at all stages of growth. The small white pickles are 8 to 8 1/2 inches long and about 3 1/8 inches thick, taper at the blossom end, and are very attractive when packed in glass containers. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 30c; 2 oz., 45c; 1/4 lb., 75c.**

CLIMBING. (58 Days.) A distinct variety used for its climbing qualities to cover trellises and fences. The color when ripe is a deep russet, covered with a heavy netting. When in the slicing stage the deep green color is splendid, the edible qualities are good. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 2 oz., 30c; 1/4 lb., 50c; 1/2 lb., 85c.**

CHICAGO PICKLE. (58 days.) Black Spine. One of the most popular of the small early pickle varieties. It has square ends with symmetrical shape and a tendency to taper slightly toward the blossom end. The Chicago pickle is very popular for all pickling purposes. The fruit is 6 to 8 inches long and about 3 inches thick. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 2 oz., 35c; 1/4 lb., 60c; 1/2 lb., \$1.00; 1 lb., \$1.85; 5 lbs., \$8.75.**

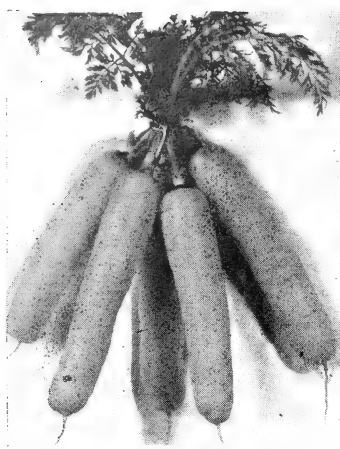
EVERBEARING. (52 days.) Black Spine. A special early variety. The fruits are kept picked during the growing season it will continue to bear almost indefinitely. It is of little use except for pickling, but it is so early in maturing that it is used for the first crop pickles. 5 to 7 inches long and about 3 inches thick. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 2 oz., 35c; 1/4 lb., 60c; 1/2 lb., \$1.00; 1 lb., \$1.85; 5 lbs., \$8.75.**

IMPROVED LONG GREEN. (70 days.) Black Spine. One of the most popular and widely used varieties for slicing, also very good for pickling. Fruits dark green and somewhat slender, 10 to 15 inches long and about 3 inches thick. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 2 oz., 35c; 1/4 lb., 65c; 1/2 lb., \$1.10; 1 lb., \$2.00; 5 lbs., \$9.50.**

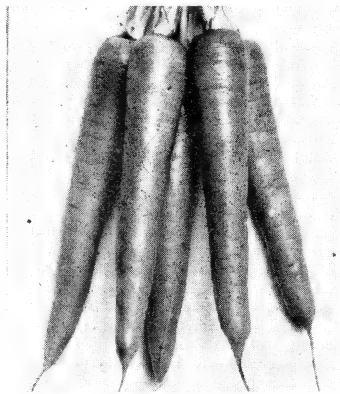
SMALL GHERKIN. (50 days.) Of superior quality for pickles. This is the West India Gherkin, and not a true cucumber. Very prolific, fruits pale green, prickly over entire surface; 1 1/2 to 2 inches long, oval, uniform, seeds numerous and small. **Postpaid, 20c; 2 oz., 35c; 1/4 lb., 50c; 1/2 lb., 85c; 1 lb., \$1.50.**

STAYS GREEN. (60 days.) White Spine. A splendid variety of recent introduction. Glossy dark green, cylindrical. Retains its color a long time. Young fruit fine for pickling, mature fruit adapted in shape and size to packing and shipping. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 2 oz., 35c; 1/4 lb., 55c; 1/2 lb., 95c; 1 lb., \$1.75; 5 lbs., \$8.25.**

STRAIGHT EIGHT. (63 days.) White Spine. An excellent slicing variety. Desirable for shipping, market garden or home garden trade. The fruit is 8 to 9 inches long and about 1 1/2 inches thick. Ends are rounded. It is very symmetrical, not tapering from either end. The color is dark green in the shipping stage. Plants quite vigorous. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 2 oz., 35c; 1/4 lb., 65c; 1/2 lb., \$1.10; 1 lb., \$2.00; 5 lbs., \$9.50.**



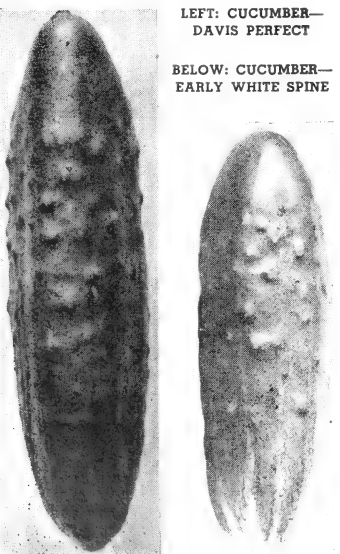
CARROTS—HALF-LONG SCARLET CHANTENAY



CARROTS—IMPERATOR

LEFT: CUCUMBER—
DAVIS PERFECT

BELOW: CUCUMBER—
EARLY WHITE SPINE



RUSSELL-HECKLE

For Quantity Prices

**SWEET
AND SUGAR**

• CORN •

**HYBRID
SUGAR**

SWEET CORN

How and When to Plant

Plant the sweet corns the 15th of March, sugar corn not until the first week in April. One pound of corn will plant about 200 hills; 12 to 14 pounds of seed will plant an acre. Make hills 3 feet each way, leaving two stalks to the hill. Make successive plantings every three weeks to have roasting ears all through the summer. Plant only in rich or well-fertilized soil.

EXTRA EARLY ADAMS. (75 days.) Widely used in the South for early planting for roasting ears. Ears 12-rowed; white; reasonably tender and sweet when young. Husks of the Adams series are tight fitting, limiting ear-worm damage. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; pt., 1/2 15c; qt., 25c; gal., 50c; gal., 50c; gal., \$1.00.

TRUCKER'S FAVORITE. (85 days.) Ears 8 inches long, even rowed, tender and of fine quality, usually produces two good ears to each stalk. An excellent variety for field culture or for late planting to use as a garden crop. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 15c; pt., 25c; qt., 35c; 1/2 gal., 55c; gal., 95c.

EARLY LARGE ADAMS. (85 days.) A hardy variety, resembling Extra Early Adams but larger and later. Ears 12- to 14-rowed; kernels white, fairly sweet and tender at roasting stage. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 15c; pt., 25c; qt., 35c; 1/2 gal., 50c; gal., \$1.00.

HONEY JUNE. (88 days.) A cross between Country Gentleman and White June. The stalks are tall and vigorous, ears medium in size and have 14 to 16 rows. The grains are long, slender and white, producing one to two ears to the stalk. It develops a heavy shuck which provides a natural protection against ear worm damages. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 20c; pt., 35c; qt., 60c; 1/2 gal., \$1.00; gal., \$1.85.

R-H. CO.'S EARLY SURPRISE. (68 days.) You can depend on getting it right from us. Stalks 7 feet tall, ears 9 to 10 inches long, producing generally two good ears to a stalk. Grains white and stay tender longer than the average varieties of garden corns. It also adapts itself as a fine early field corn. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 15c; pt., 25c; qt., 35c; 1/2 gal., 55c; gal., 95c.

SUGAR CORN

Plant these when the ground is warm, not too soon, otherwise the seed will rot. For real quality, you should plant any of the following varieties of sugar corn.

BARDEN'S WONDER BANTAM. (82 days) Nearly as early as Golden Bantam, but the ears are longer and heavier, sweet and of fine quality. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 20c; pt., 35c; qt., 50c; 1/2 gal., 80c; gal., \$1.40.

BLACK MEXICAN (88 days.) This is one of the richest flavored and tenderest of sweet corns. Many are misled by the bluish black color of the ripe seed, but when in table condition the kernels are pearly white and superior to many of the other white sweet corns. The ears are 8-rowed and 8 to 9 inches long. As a midseason variety this will prove surprisingly good. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 20c; pt., 35c; 1 qt., 50c; 1/2 gal., 80c; gal., \$1.40.

GOLDEN BANTAM. (80 days.) The most popular and best known of all the yellow sugar corns and has made a reputation for its earliness and delicious quality. It is used extensively by home gardeners, truckers and canners. Stalks dwarf, 4 1/2 to 5 feet; ears 8 to 7 inches long, uniformly 8-rowed. Kernels broad, tender, sweet and of fine flavor. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 20c; pt., 35c; qt., 50c; 1/2 gal., 80c; gal., \$1.40.

COUNTRY GENTLEMAN. (93 days.) Kernels set irregularly on a small cob. The Shoe Peg grains are white, very sweet, tender and juicy. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 20c; pt., 35c; qt., 50c; 1/2 gal., 80c; gal., \$1.40.

EARLY YELLOW SENSATION. (78 days.) One of the best of the yellow varieties. In addition to having excellent quality, it is very early. The ear is 6 to 8 inches long, with 12 to 16 rows. Very popular and highly recommended. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 20c; pt., 35c; qt., 50c; 1/2 gal., 85c; gal., \$1.50.

STOWELL'S EVERGREEN. (94 days.) Stalk produces two good ears which are 9 to 10 inches long, grains long in shape, white, tender and delicious. This is a good standard variety that will always please. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 20c; pt., 35c; qt., 50c; 1/2 gal., 90c; gal., \$1.65.

WHIPPLE'S EARLY YELLOW. (84 days.) One of the best large-eared, second-early varieties. Stalks 7 feet; ears 8 inches, set with 12 to 14 rows of golden yellow, fairly deep, sweet grains. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 20c; pt., 35c; qt., 50c; 1/2 gal., 80c; gal., \$1.40.

HYBRID SUGAR CORN

Plant these when the ground is warm, not too soon, otherwise the seed will rot. For real quality, you should plant any of the following varieties of hybrid sugar corn.

NARROW GRAIN WHITE HYBRID. (98 days.) While its maturity and characteristics are almost identical with Narrow Grain Evergreen variety, this hybrid is less susceptible to lodging and disease. Through the elimination of barren and nubbins bearing stalks, this topcross easily produces 30% more corn than the Narrow Grain Evergreen. The ears are 18-26 rowed, about 7 1/2 inches long, cylindrical and well filled at the tips. Postpaid, pkt., 15c; 1/2 pt., 30c; pt., 45c; qt., 75c; 1/2 gal., \$1.35; gal., \$2.50.

EARLIGOLD YELLOW HYBRID. (75 days.) One of the earliest hybrids, developed for growers who have been looking for a hybrid both early and large eared. The ears are 6 1/2 to 7 inches long, slightly tapering and very uniform, well filled with 12 to 16 rows of kernels. Plants are 5 to 5 1/2 feet tall, with few suckers. Somewhat resistant to wilt. Postpaid, pkt., 15c; 1/2 pt., 30c; pt., 45c; qt., 70c; 1/2 gal., \$1.20; gal., \$2.20.

GOLDEN CROSS BANTAM HYBRID. (96 days.) Grows 6 to 7 feet high, sturdy and straight, producing two ears to the stalk. Ears very uniform, 8 inches long and have 10 to 14 rows of light yellow kernels with delicious sweet pulp. Postpaid, pkt., 15c; 1/2 pt., 30c; pt., 45c; qt., 70c; 1/2 gal., \$1.20; gal., \$2.20.

LINCOLN HYBRID. (84 days.) A mid-season yellow variety developed by the Connecticut Agricultural Experiment Station. It is stiff stalked, normally with one ear per stalk and very few suckers. Stalks are 7-7 1/2 feet high. Ears are 12-14 rowed, 7 1/2-8 inches long, cylindrical in shape, with broad kernels of medium depth. The hybrid is wilt resistant, drought-tolerant, and of good quality. This is a Bronze Medal winner in the All-America selections for 1941. Postpaid, pkt., 15c; 1/2 pt., 30c; pt., 45c; qt., 70c; 1/2 gal., \$1.20; gal., \$2.20.

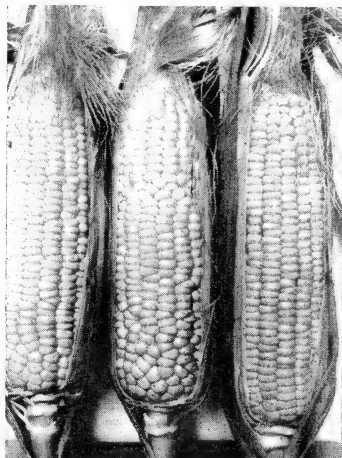
POP CORN FOR PLANTING

AUSTRALIAN DYNAMITE OR T. N. T. (120 days.) Produces large yellow kernels, pops large, crisp and tender, flavor excellent. Vigorous, tall growing, produces 2 to 3 ears to a stalk, 6 to 9 inches long. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 lb., 15c; lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.00.

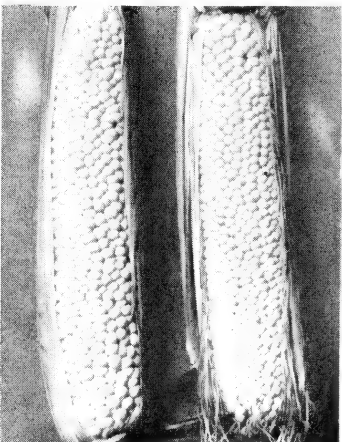
BABY RICE. (120 days.) This is a dwarf growing, heavy yielding variety; the ears are thick in proportion to their length. The kernels resemble the best white rice and pop larger and without hull. The flavor is excellent. Fine for home use. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 lb., 15c; lb., 25c; 5 lbs., \$1.00.



CORN—BARDEN'S WONDER BANTAM



CORN—GOLDEN BANTAM



CORN—COUNTRY GENTLEMAN

See Green Ink List

RUSSELL-HECKLE

• Gourds • Vegetables • Herbs

CHIVES

Also called Schnittlauch. Small perennial of the onion family. Leaves used in salads and for flavoring soups and stews. Sow in March, transplant in April. Postpaid, pkt., 15c; 1/2 oz., 60c; oz., \$1.00.

COLLARDS

Culture—Sow in spring 1/2 inch deep in 2 1/2-foot rows, thin to 12 inches in the row. Late plantings for fall use should be made in June and July. Cultivate like cabbage; they are very hardy and easy to grow. One ounce will drill 100 feet of row or make 1,000 plants. Use 1 to 2 pounds to sow an acre in drills.

GEORGIA WHITE CABBAGE. (80 days.) An improved type, producing compact plants 1 1/2 feet tall with clusters of loose leaves, forming a small head. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1/2 lb., 40c; lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.50.

SOUTHERN OR GEORGIA. (80 days.) The regular native blue stem variety, very hardy and tender. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1/2 lb., 40c; lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.50.

EGGPLANT

Culture—Sow in hotbeds in February or March. When 2 inches high transplant to 3 to 3 1/2-foot rows. One ounce of seed will produce 1,000 plants.

BLACK BEAUTY. (120 days.) This is the earliest and best of all large-fruited eggplants. Fruits are thick and of the most attractive form. The skin is a rich lustrous purplish-black. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 oz., 20c; oz., 35c; 2 oz., 65c; 1/4 lb., \$1.10; 1/2 lb., \$2.00.

FLORIDA HIGH BUSH. (130 days.) Stands heat well; the fruit is round, smooth and very large; color bright purple. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 oz., 20c; oz., 35c; 2 oz., 65c; 1/4 lb., \$1.10; 1/2 lb., \$2.00; lb., \$3.75.

NEW YORK PURPLE. (130 days.) The old standard variety. Oval in shape; fruits black-purple and glossy, slightly larger than Black Beauty. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 oz., 20c; oz., 35c; 2 oz., 65c; 1/4 lb., \$1.10; 1/2 lb., \$2.00; lb., \$3.75.

EGGPLANT PLANTS

BLACK BEAUTY, NEW YORK PURPLE. Ready April 15th. Postpaid, doz., 25c; 3 doz., 60c; 6 doz., \$1.00; 12 doz., \$1.75.

ENDIVE

Culture—One ounce will sow 200 feet of drill, thin to 12 to 15 inches. Sow about the middle of April, and for succession in June and July. When nearly full grown they should be blanched by tying the leaves loosely together.

GREEN CURLED. (85 days.) Rich green curled leaves. Plants 15 inches in diameter. Blanch easily. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; 1/4 lb., 40c; 1/2 lb., 60c; lb., \$1.00; 3 lbs., \$2.85.

BROAD-LEAVED BATAVIAN (Escarole). (95 days.) Large, broad leaves, full, compact heads. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; 1/4 lb., 40c; 1/2 lb., 60c; lb., \$1.00; 3 lbs., \$2.85.

GARLIC

BULBS. As an appetizing dash of flavoring for soups and stews, many people use small quantities of this pear-shaped white bulb. In large amounts it has a strong odor and flavor. To grow garlic in the garden, the several sections or "cloves" of each bulb should be separated and set in rows 10 or 12 inches apart and 4 inches apart in the row. They should be taken up in the fall and stored in a cool, dry place until used. Postpaid, 1/4 lb., 15c; 1/2 lb., 25c; lb., 45c; 5 lbs., \$2.00.

GOURDS

Ornamentals but also have some utility value and are especially attractive to children. Our list includes the popular varieties. Also a mixture. Plant in April or May, 6 to 8 feet apart. Do not plant any kind of gourd near squash or pumpkin.

NEST EGG. Small white-fruited variety; makes splendid durable nest eggs. Do not plant in too rich soil because the fruits will grow too large. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; 1/2 oz., 20c; oz., 35c.

DIPPER. The variety from which the old-fashioned long-handled dippers are made. Also used for bird houses. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; 1/2 oz., 15c; oz., 25c.

SUGAR TROUGH. Immense gourd that can be made generally useful. With the neck sawed off can be used for buckets, baskets, nests, water dishes for poultry and many other uses. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; 1/2 oz., 15c; oz., 25c.

DISH RAG. The sponge-like interior is fine for dish rags or to use in place of rags. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; 1/2 oz., 15c; oz., 25c.

TURKS TURBAN. Red, lower portion green, striped white. Very ornamental novelty. Grown for decorations. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; 1/4 oz., 20c; oz., 35c.

MIXED SMALL VARIETIES. Special selection of the oddest, rarest shapes and colors to please and attract anybody. When mature, wax or shellac them for all-year ornaments as they are, or carve figures and useful receptacles from them. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; 1/2 oz., 15c; oz., 25c.

HERBS

BASIL, SWEET. Seeds and stems have strong flavor; used in soups and sauces. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 oz., 20c; oz., 35c.

DILL. Seeds strongly aromatic with pungent flavor for flavoring pickles and for seasoning. Chief use is for Dill Pickles. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 35c; 1/2 lb., 60c; lb., \$1.00.

FENNEL, SWEET. Seeds have pleasant taste; used in confectionery and medicinal preparations. Young shoots are eaten raw and used in soups, salads and fish sauces. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c.

LAVENDER. Common lavender; leaves used for seasoning. Dried flowers are highly esteemed for perfume. Postpaid, pkt., 15c.

MARJORAM, SWEET. Tender shoots and leaves used for seasoning and dried for winter use. Postpaid, pkt., 15c.

SAGE. Used in flavoring or seasoning. Cut leaves as plant blooms; dry quickly in shade. Postpaid, pkt., 25c; 1/2 oz., 55c; oz., \$1.75; 2 oz., \$3.35; 1/4 lb., \$6.50; 1/2 lb., \$12.75; lb., \$25.00.

SUMMER SAVORY. Dried leaves, stems and flowers used for flavoring soups and dressings. Postpaid, pkt., 15c.

THYME. Leaves and tender shoots used for seasoning during summer and dried for winter. Delicious flavoring for sausage and meats. Postpaid, pkt., 15c; 1/2 oz., 60c; oz., \$1.00.

HORSERADISH

ROOTS. There are very few people who don't need, at some time or other during the year, horseradish for food. Horseradish can be grown in the South, giving best results in rich, rather moist, partly shaded locations. Set the roots small end down, with tops 2 in. below surface. Large, strong cuttings. Postpaid, doz., 45c; 25 for 85c; 50 for \$1.50; 100 for \$2.50.

KALE

Culture—Sow from 2 to 3 pounds broadcast to the acre, one ounce to 100 feet of drill. Sow in March or September.

DWARF GREEN CURLED SIBERIAN. (60 days.) A hardy, vigorous, spreading variety of dwarf habit, 12 to 16 inches tall. Leaves large and heavy in texture, plain at center with edges curled. Color deep bluish green. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 40c; 1/2 lb., 70c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.75.

DWARF GREEN CURLED SCOTCH. (55 days.) The plant reaches a height of 15 inches with a 30-inch spread. Compact leaves, deep yellowish green, large and finely curled, flame-like. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 40c; 1/2 lb., 70c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.75.

TALL GREEN CURLED SCOTCH. (60 days.) A strain 3 feet tall and producing an abundance of light green, densely curled leaves. Very hardy and tender, easy to grow. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 40c; 1/2 lb., 70c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.75.

KOHLRABI

Culture—Plant in 2- to 3-ft. rows as early as the ground can be worked in the spring, thinning out to stand 5 to 6 inches apart in the row. One ounce plants 300 feet.

WHITE VIENNA. (60 days.) An extra early variety making bulbs 2 to 2 1/2 inches across. Sweet and tender. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 45c; 2 oz., 75c; 1/4 lb., \$1.35; 1/2 lb., \$2.50.

LEEK

Culture—Sow early in the spring one-half inch deep in rows 12 to 24 inches apart and thin to 4 to 6 inches in the row. Cultivate and draw the earth to them as they grow.

LONDON FLAG. (85 days.) Stems 10 inches long, 1 1/2 inches thick; leaves large, broad and dark green. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 45c; 2 oz., 80c; 1/4 lb., \$1.50; 1/2 lb., \$2.85; lb., \$5.50.

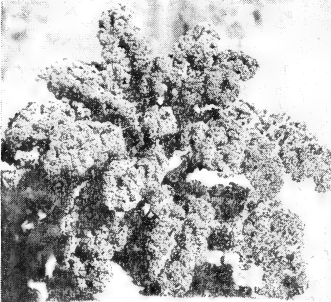
For Quantity Prices



EGGPLANT—BLACK BEAUTY



ENDIVE—BROAD-LEAVED BATAVIAN



KALE—DWARF GREEN CURLED SIBERIAN



KOHLRABI—WHITE VIENNA

RUSSELL-HECKLE

How and When to Plant

One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill; 2 to 3 pounds will sow one acre in drills. Sow the seed in hotbeds in February or March, transplant into a sheltering border with southern exposure. For successive crops, sowing may be made in the open ground as early as the spring opens and continued until July. Always thin out well or the plants will not be strong. When wanted as a cut salad, sow thickly in rows or broadcast.

NEW YORK WONDERFUL. (75 days.) Also known as Los Angeles. This is the crisp heading variety grown in immense quantities on the Pacific Coast and shipped to eastern markets as Iceberg. The plants are large, 12 to 15 inches across with dark green leaves only slightly curled on the edges. Heads are solid, well blanched, sweet and tender. Postpaid, pkt. 5c; oz., 25c; 2 oz., 40c; ¼ lb., 65c; ½ lb., \$1.20; lb., \$2.25; 3 lbs., \$6.45.

PRIZE HEAD. (45 days.) Very early, quick growing and popular for home gardens. Plants medium large, stiffly loose leaf; leaves broad, crumpled and frilled; outside leaves tinged with red, inner leaves wholly green; very crisp, sweet and tender. Postpaid, pkt. 5c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 35c; ½ lb., 60c; lb., \$1.00; 3 lbs., \$2.70.

BIG BOSTON. (75 days.) Early and hardy. Big Boston grows to an enormous size, well grown heads measuring from 10 to 12 inches across. Grows well during hot weather, but during the cool weather it heads particularly well, forming a tightly folded heart which consists of beautifully blanched, tender and juicy leaves. Postpaid, pkt. 5c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 40c; ½ lb., 70c; lb., \$1.25; 3 lbs., \$3.45.

BLACK SEEDED SIMPSON. (45 days.) Dependable in all parts of America and widely grown in home and market gardens. Plant large, attractive, compact, with broad, frilled light green leaves that are of fine crisp texture and excellent quality. Postpaid, pkt. 5c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 35c; ½ lb., 60c; lb., \$1.00; 3 lbs., \$2.70.

CHICKEN LETTUCE. (40 days.) Your poultry needs "green" food and this variety of lettuce is just the thing you want to grow for this purpose. It is a genuine lettuce which will yield to quail or more chicken or rabbit feed than any plant you may have used for "greens." When once cut it starts to grow again and makes a successive crop. Postpaid, pkt. 5c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 35c; ½ lb., 60c; lb., \$1.00; 3 lbs., \$2.70.

LETTUCE PLANTS

BIG BOSTON, NEW YORK WONDERFUL. Ready March 1st. Postpaid, 25 for 25c, 50 for 35c, 100 for 60c, 300 for \$1.50, 500 for \$2.25.

SMOOTH LEAF
CURLY LEAF**MUSTARD**FOR HOME
FOR MARKET**How and When to Plant**

Sow seed in any good garden soil early in the spring, in rows stand 3 to 4 inches apart. By making several sowings a week or so apart, the fresh tender leaves may be had throughout the season. Sow also in August and September for fall crops, 2 to 3 pounds will plant an acre.

Elephant Ear (Smooth Leaf). (40 days.) This is an excellent variety for market and home gardeners. The leaves are smooth, very large, tender and succulent. Grows upright and makes a large plant. Postpaid, pkt. 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; ½ lb., 65c; lb., \$1.20; 5 lbs., \$5.50.

Southern Giant Curled (Curly-leaf). (30 days.) Produces large leaves; makes very fine greens; flavor is all that can be desired. Sow in February for early spring use. Postpaid, pkt. 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; ½ lb., 60c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.50.

Chinese Mammoth (Smooth Leaf). (40 days.) Good quality for salads or boiling and remains for use a long time. The quick, almost rank growth insures tenderness, mildness and freedom from bitter flavor. Postpaid, pkt. 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; ½ lb., 65c; lb., \$1.20; 5 lbs., \$5.50.

Mustard-Spinach (Smooth Leaf). (25 days.) Also known as Tendergreen. Evergreen and like Resisting. This splendid "greens" plant is rapidly gaining in popularity throughout the South. It is largely used instead of spinach in the Orient because it grows on and stays tender even in dry weather. Is a plant used for "greens" only, about half between Spinach and Mustard, and preferred by many to either. It is becoming popular in markets and is fine for both home garden and market growers. Postpaid, pkt. 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 30c; ½ lb., 45c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25.

COS or ROMAINE. (68 days.) A strong growing and very productive, with long, shell shaped, medium green leaves of most excellent quality. A self-folder, but when plant is over half grown it is best to tie it up with string so that the inner leaves may be blanched perfectly white. Head 8 to 9 inches high, long leaf shaped. Postpaid, pkt. 5c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 35c; ½ lb., 60c; lb., \$1.00; 3 lbs., \$2.70.

Early Curled Simpson. (45 days.) Also well known as "White Seeded Simpson." Very hardy and dependable; particularly popular for home gardens. Plant large, compact, bright, light lustrous green; leaves broad, frilled, firm, crisp, sweet and of good quality. Postpaid, pkt. 5c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 35c; ½ lb., 60c; lb., \$1.00; 3 lbs., \$2.70.

Improved Hanson. (65 days.) This is a perfect table lettuce of fine texture and having a rich and sweet flavor even to the outer leaves. Widely used in all parts of the country as it withstands extremes of weather better than any other varieties. Large plant with broad, thick, frilled, light yellowish-green leaves, and hard cabbage-like head. Postpaid, pkt. 5c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; ¼ lb., 40c; ½ lb., \$70c; lb., \$1.25; 3 lbs., \$3.45.

Mignonnette. (67 days.) Splendid for the home garden; (67 days.) Splendid for the home garden, Hawaii, Guam and the Philippines. Plant medium small, compact, medium brown with dark greenish tinge; leaves frilled, head globular, firm, heart well blanched, almost white, of excellent quality. Postpaid, pkt. 5c; oz., 20c; 2 oz., 35c; ¼ lb., 50c; ½ lb., 80c; lb., \$1.40; 3 lbs., \$3.90.

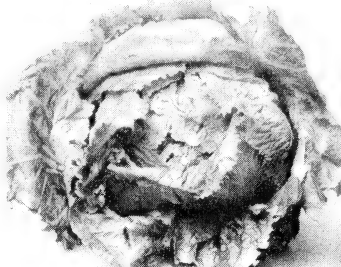
Iceberg. (82 days.) Very popular for near markets and home garden. Plant large with broad, crisp, wavy light green leaves tinged brown on margins. Head large, well folded, white inside, crisp, very sweet and tender. Must not be confused with New York, which is commonly called Iceberg by shippers and green grocers. Postpaid, pkt. 5c; oz., 20c; 2 oz., 35c; ¼ lb., 50c; ½ lb., 85c; lb., \$1.50; 3 lbs., \$4.20.



LETTUCE—EARLY CURLED SIMPSON



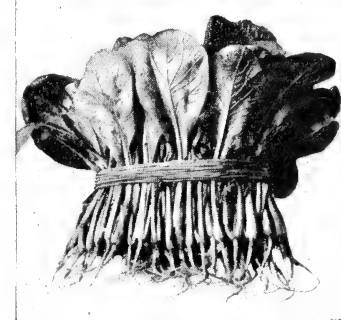
LETTUCE—BIG BOSTON



LETTUCE—ICEBERG



MUSTARD—SOUTHERN GIANT CURLED



MUSTARD-SPINACH

FREE WITH ORDERS**1943 CALENDAR AND ALMANAC**

Useful in many ways. Gives weather predictions for the next 12 months, with other information.

With first order only, on request, we will mail you a copy of our 1943 Almanac Calendar.

Don't fail to ask for a copy when sending your order.

This offer holds good only so long as our present limited supply of calendars lasts.

Grow

DELICIOUS WATERMELONS

HOW EASY TO GROW

Prepare hills 8 or 10 feet apart each way by working the soil thoroughly—rich ground gives the plants a good start before insects attack them. When the ground is warm plant 6 or 8 seeds to the hill, covering an inch deep and when well up, thin out, leaving three strong plants to each hill. Do not grow near pumpkins and gourds. They are often planted between the rows in a cornfield. In growing they require plenty of water. Avoid lifting the vines and use only hand tools in cultivating. One ounce will plant 30 hills; 2 to 3 pounds will plant an acre. For best results mix a level tablespoonful of Vigoro in the hill before planting the seed.

EARLY MARKET. (60 days.) No doubt the earliest good quality watermelon, small in size but highly prolific, grows to 15 to 20 pounds. It is a very attractive melon, nearly round in form, with dark green rind indistinctly striped with darker green, flesh is red, solid and very sweet, rind very thin, seeds small dark and vary in color. This melon is also known as the 60 Day Melon. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 35c; 1/2 lb., 60c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.50.**

LEESBURG WILT RESISTANT. (85 days.) It is not only resistant to fusarium wilt disease, which permits of its being grown on the same lands year after year, also where melons were grown the year before or in recent years, but it also possesses the fine qualities for commercial shipping as well as a home garden melon. The rind is of a dark glossy green, thin, hard and tough. The fruit is oblong, and range in size from 25 to 35 pounds, flesh deep pink red and no trace of white hearts, even in the smallest sizes. The seeds are white. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 45c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25.**

HAWKESBURY WILT RESISTANT. (85 days.) One of the best shipping sorts. Its light grey-green color gives a distinction to the variety. Aside from its possessing the fine qualities necessary for a market sort, it also has fine eating qualities. The vines have a vigorous growth, prolific and grow melons weighing 30 pounds and larger, with specimens up to 50 pounds. The rind is tough and stands rough handling with no bad effects. Markets preferring a grey rind melon would cater to the Hawkesbury. Uniform shaped and highly resistant to fusarium wilt, flesh red, seeds black and no trace of hard or white hearts. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 50c; lb., 85c; 5 lbs., \$3.75.**

FLORIDA GIANT. (85 days.) Also called Cannon Ball and Clara Lee. The vines are of a very vigorous growth and heavy producers, the melons are nearly round in form, the skin is solid, dark green, the flesh is red and firm, splendid quality and a good shipper. Grows large, even size melons and if given special attention specimens have grown to weigh 100 pounds. Seeds black, and has been called by some growers, Black Seeded Stone Mountain. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 35c; 1/2 lb., 55c; lb., 95c; 5 lbs., \$4.25.**

KING AND QUEEN WINTER (85 days.) The color is a light cream with faint irregular stripes of light green. It is very early, prolific and the edible qualities are excellent. Properly stored it will remain edible for several months. It is a splendid shipper, and the flesh is sweet and of fine texture. The seeds are quite small and very black. Oval in shape and will weigh approximately 14 pounds. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 35c; 1/2 lb., 55c; lb., 95c; 5 lbs., \$4.25.**

GEORGIA RATTLESNAKE. (90 days.) An excellent shipping melon popular in the South for its size, productiveness and eating qualities. Fruits very long, fairly large, 25 to 30 pounds, light green, irregularly mottled with dark green stripes. Its striking appearance has helped its popularity. A ready seller, for once seen, it is always remembered. Rind very tough. Flesh bright scarlet, crisp and sweet. Seeds dull white with black tips. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 45c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25.**

SUN, MOON AND STARS. (88 days.) It is a novelty but not without merit. The edible qualities are about average. The vines and fruit are generously spotted with bright yellow markings of varying size. In Sun, Moon and Stars, the flesh is pink and the seeds are of brownish color. Oval in shape and will weigh approximately 18 pounds. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; 1/2 lb., 70c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.75.**

EARLY KANSAS. (80 days.) Largest of all early melons, ten days or more earlier to ripen than Watson. The Early Kansas has finest texture, sweet flavor and melting, bright red meat, solid to the rind, nearly round in form, light green with broad bands of wavy stripes, growing 30- to 60-pound melons, with some specimens up to 80 pounds. Under normal conditions 800 to 1,000 melons per acre weighing 30 pounds each is not surprising. No white or stringy hearts. Seeds red but dry to buff color and very few seeds. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 45c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25.**

STONE MOUNTAIN. (85 days.) The fruit is almost round or square-shaped with rich, dark green, medium thick rind, and dazzling scarlet flesh of luscious sweetness. It has few seeds, is firm and solid, almost all heart, and truly an unsurpassed table delicacy. The rind is sufficiently tough to stand considerable handling, making it an excellent shipper. It is the best round type watermelon for home garden or market. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 45c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25.**

NEW WONDER. (85 days.) It possesses a flavor that is not approached by any other variety. Its rind is thin but tough, and it will stand safe shipment for reasonable distances. Its flesh is a rich red and full of flavor right up to the rind, without any hollow. The seeds are large and white, and relatively few to the melon. It is large and long. The color is a dark solid green, most attractive. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 45c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25.**

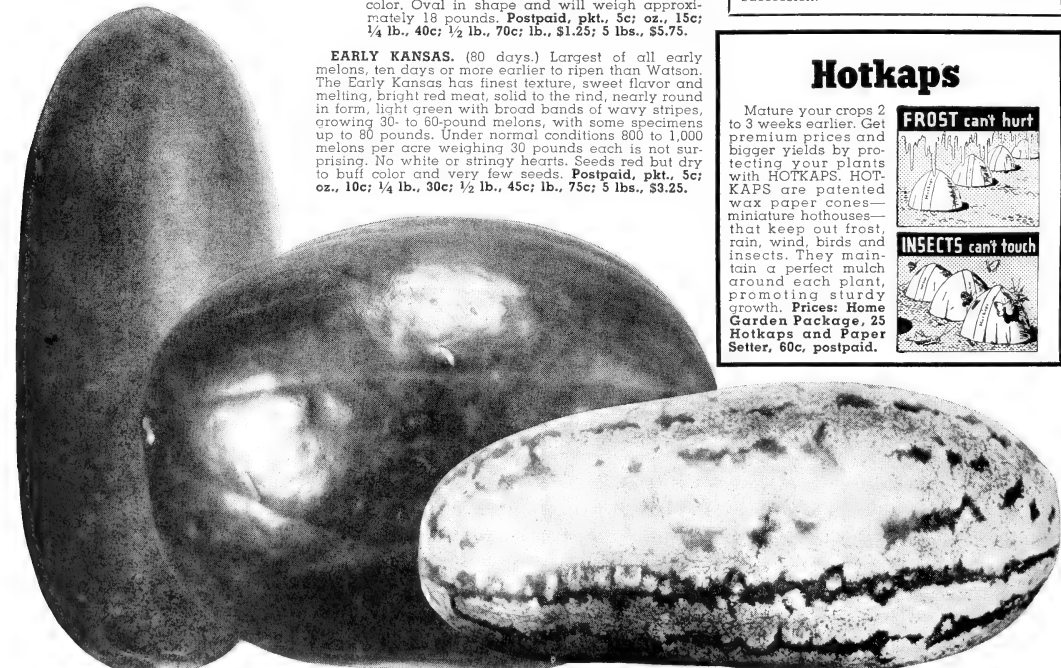
KLECKLEY'S SWEET. (85 days.) This improved strain of Kleckley's Sweet produces uniformly large, dark green melons of the finest quality and of handsome appearance. It is a splendid table melon with a heavy, tough rind which makes it a good shipper to distant markets. The seeds are all creamy white. The flesh is bright scarlet, very firm, and of superb flavor. The outside skin is of a rich dark green color, shaded with faint stripes of a lighter shade. The sweetest and juiciest of all the melons, and so solid that a hollow or pithy center is seldom found. Altogether, it is a melon without an equal. About 20 inches long. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 45c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25.**

How To Grow Big Ones

Leave only two of the best young melons on the vine. Select the melons to leave when vines are about eight feet long, keeping all melons pulled off until vines get size, then leave just two of the best. When those ripen leave two more. Never plant melons on same land more than one time in five years, unless you have deep bottom land, and then not more than two years in succession.

Hotkaps

Mature your crops 2 to 3 weeks earlier. Get premium prices and bigger yields by protecting your plants with HOTKAPS. HOTKAPS are patented wax paper cones—miniature hothouses—that keep out frost, rain, wind, birds and insects. They maintain a perfect mulch around each plant, promoting sturdy growth. **Prices: Home Garden Package, 25 Hotkaps and Paper Setter, 60c, postpaid.**



KLECKLEY'S SWEET

STONE MOUNTAIN

GEORGIA RATTLESNAKE

RUSSELL-HECKLE

For Quantity Prices

... Grow 'em BIG -- Grow 'em SWEET

HALBERT HONEY. (82 days.) Often called the sweetest of all melons. Entirely devoid of fibrous substances, the sweet flesh melts away in the mouth like so much honey, even after the largest bite of the "heart." This is surely a sweet melon, and its delicious crimson red flesh extends nearly to the skin, the rind being very thin and brittle. The melon is long in shape, weighs approximately 32 pounds, and the dark green skin makes it very attractive. It is quite early and the hardy vines are remarkably prolific. The rind is not tough or thick enough for long distance shipping, but this is a prime favorite for local markets and home use. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 45c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25.**

R-H. CO.'S WINONA. (90 days.) This celebrated southern grown watermelon is in a class by itself. The fruits are very long with dark green rind, flesh crimson-red, crisp and sweet. The average weight of Winona Melon is about 35 pounds. Our seed is genuine, raised for us in the South, and saved from uniform specimens. Seeds shiny black, a very distinct and splendid variety either for home or market use. Vine vigorous and healthy. Winona is especially adapted to our climate and soil. We strongly recommend it to our customers. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 35c; 1/2 lb., 55c; lb., 95c; 5 lbs., \$4.25.**

MIXED. Many varieties—early and late; oblong and round; small and large; gray, green and striped; red meat, pink meat and yellow meat. This is indeed a desirable mixture and we are sure you will be pleased with the various types and sizes. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 45c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25.**

SCHLOCHER. (90 days.) One of the largest melons. They will average 45 pounds each. The dark green fruit is oblong in shape with an indistinct stripe. Flesh bright red, the rind for such a large melon is relatively thin, and the first taste will convince you of its rich, sugary flavor. Vines are vigorous and exceedingly prolific and will withstand a great deal of drought. As a shipping melon it is outstanding; its size, its tough rind and its quality entitle it to preference. You will also like it in your home garden. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 45c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25.**

IRISH GRAY. (90 days.) In sweetness it is like Kleckley's Sweet; in shipping quality, uniformity in shape, size and in productiveness it compares with Tom Watson. The thin rind is so tough it will not burst from rough treatment in transit; its keeping quality will appeal to shippers who have experienced losses on account of glutted markets. The color is a distinct mottled greenish-gray; the flesh is red, sweet, crisp and free from stringiness. Although a grand shipper, it is equally fine for the home garden. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 45c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25.**

GOLDEN HONEY. (90 days.) A golden flesh melon, glistening amber shade of yellow, very tender and delicious flavor, long oval shape, rind dark green, entirely free from hard centers or stringy sections. Seeds white with occasional brownish smears. Maximum weight about 35 pounds. A good shipper. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 45c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25.**

TOM WATSON. (90 days.) Genuine cut red strain. The Watson has rightly been the most largely planted melon for shipping purposes in the South. It is a splendid shipper, excellent for nearby markets and fine for home use. In other words it is the best combination or general purpose melon ever introduced. In eating quality it is good. Its tough, medium thick elastic rind makes it a splendid one for long distance shipping or trucking over rough roads. Oblong in shape, averaging about 12 by 22 inches, and weighing approximately 35 lbs. Its dark green color and generally handsome appearance make it an easy seller at top market prices. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 45c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25.**

DIXIE QUEEN. (90 days.) Fruits oblong or nearly round, fair size, averaging 25 pounds or more, light green, striped and blotched with dark green; rind thin but tough. Flesh rich scarlet, crisp and extremely sweet with very few seeds. Seeds white and small. Dixie Queen has now become one of the most popular and desirable varieties either for home use, market or trucking. It stands the drought better than most other sorts. In normal seasons grows large enough, a nice average size that the trade wants. Dixie Queen Melon is sometimes called the white-seeded Cuban Queen. Do not confuse it with old black-seeded Cuban Queen, which is an entirely different melon. Our stock of Dixie Queen is genuine and from the very best growers. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 35c; 1/2 lb., 55c; lb., 95c; 5 lbs., \$4.25.**

Grow Citrons



RED SEEDED. (95 days.) Citrons are not edible as fresh fruit and are used only for preserving. The flesh is white, hard, and the vines are enormously productive. The seeds of this variety are a smooth shiny red. The outside color is light green, with heavy dark green stripes. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 45c; lb., 75c.**

VEGETABLES FOR VITALITY.... FOR VICTORY!

Only successful gardens can bring you Vegetables for Vitality for Victory. Tests have proved that vegetables grown in soils rich in minerals are a better source of vital minerals in your diet. Vigoro supplies plants with an abundance of the 11 vital elements plants need from the soil. Vigoro makes gardens more productive. Makes them a better source of minerals.

VIGORO

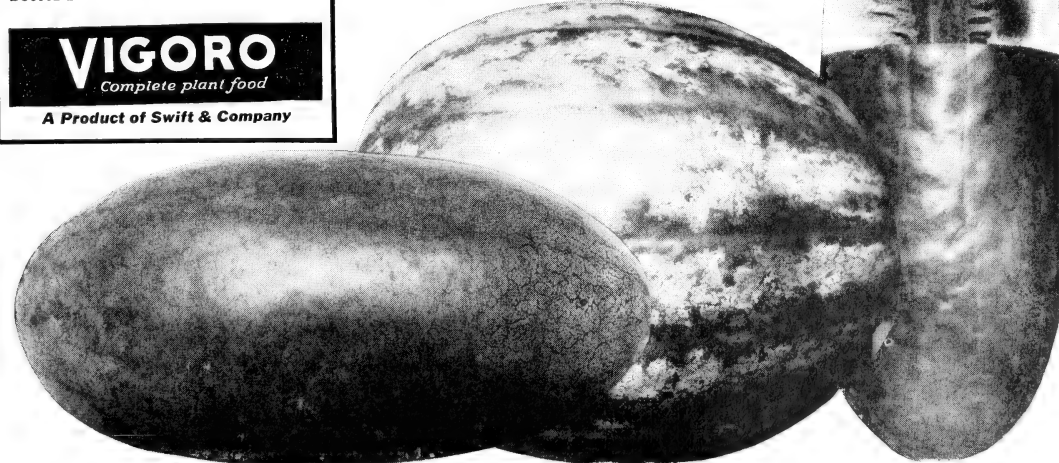
Complete plant food

A Product of Swift & Company

5 RUSSELL-HECKLE'S BIG FIVE NOVELTY WATERMELON COLLECTION CONSISTING OF

- 1 oz. Early Market
- 1 oz. Golden Honey
- 1 oz. Sun, Moon and Stars
- 1 oz. King and Queen Winter
- 1 oz. Hawkesbury Wilt Resistant
- 5 Varieties, Total Value 55c. Sent Postpaid for Only

40c



IRISH GRAY

DIXIE QUEEN

TOM WATSON

See Green Ink List

RUSSELL-HECKLE

EASY TO
GROW...

MUSKMELONS

GOOD
TO EAT

CANTALOUPE

When and How to Plant One ounce will plant 50 hills; 2 or 3 pounds in hills per acre. Melons thrive best in rich, light soil. Plant early in May, when the ground has become warm and dry, in hills six feet apart each way. Plant 1/2 to 1 1/2 seeds in each hill after all danger of the bugs is over, thin out to three plants per hill. When about one foot long, pinch off the tips to make them branch as it strengthens the growth of the vines and makes the fruit mature earlier. Give plenty of water. Early plantings can be made with the use of Hotkaps. For best results mix a level tablespoonful of Vigoro in the hill before planting the seed.

BANANA. (94 days.) An extremely long melon, tapering at both ends and usually curved at the stem end. It has lemon colored skin at maturity and grown under proper conditions is really delicious. Vigorous and hardy. Excellent for home use. Approximate weight 7 1/2 pounds. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; 1/2 lb., 70c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.75.**

HALE'S BEST (Original Jumbo). (85 days.) Oval in shape, heavily netted with wide stripes. The flesh is thick pink meat of excellent flavor and good color. Not designed for packing, as it is too large, but is most popular for roadside market and trucking. Approximate weight 4 1/2 pounds. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; 1/2 lb., 70c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.75.**

HALE'S BEST NO. 36. (85 days.) Desirable for any purpose, home garden, roadside stands and for shipment by truck or packing for distant markets. The size is ideal, the net is heavy with just a faint stripe, the shape slightly oval and the flesh is very thick. It is about the most uniform stock of Hale's Best. Approximate weight, 3 pounds. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; 1/2 lb., 70c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.75.**

OSAGE or MILLER'S CREAM. (92 days.) It is oval or egg shaped with indistinct ribs and a trace of netting. The skin is dark green when immature, ripening to a mottled orange and green. The seed cavity is small, the flesh unusually thick and firm, enabling it to carry for some distance. It has a spicy flavor and continues to enjoy wide use as an all-purpose variety. Approximate weight 5 pounds. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; 1/2 lb., 70c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.75.**

HEARTS OF GOLD. (95 days.) A golden fleshed variety. Fruit of medium and very uniform size. Netting exceptionally fine and dense, extending practically over the entire surface. Flesh thick, firm, highly colored, of fine texture and delicious flavor. Desirable for shipping as well as general purposes. Approximate weight 3 pounds. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; 1/2 lb., 70c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.75.**

MAMMOTH ROCKY FORD. (87 days.) The melons are larger in size and not quite as heavily netted as the regular Rocky Ford. The shape is nearly round, and very uniform in size. The flesh is thick and firm which permits it being shipped long distances. The vines are rust resistant, producing enormous crops. Approximate weight 3 3/4 pounds. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; 1/2 lb., 70c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.75.**

LARGE HACKENSACK MUSKMELON. (94 days.) A very large, green fleshed muskmelon, quite flat in shape, with prominent ribs and heavy netting. The flesh is remarkably thick, sweet and spicy. While a little late in maturing this melon is widely used and is both distinctive and valuable. Approximate weight 8 1/2 pounds. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; 1/2 lb., 70c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.75.**

HONEY DEW. (110 days.) A delicious green meat variety. The outside color is white with some net, ripening to a light cream color. The rind is smooth and hard, suitable for long distance shipping, and with excellent keeping qualities. Requires a long growing season. Approximate weight 6 1/2 pounds. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; 1/2 lb., 70c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.75.**

PINK MEAT ROCKY FORD. (95 days.) It is identical to Rocky Ford except the flesh is salmon tinted instead of green. The fruits are very uniform, heavily netted with no trace of ribs, and the vines are rust resistant. Excellent for long distance shipping and home market use. Approximate weight 2 1/2 pounds. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; 1/2 lb., 70c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.75.**

GOLD LINED ROCKY FORD. (95 days.) This excellent stock of the Rocky Ford type has spicy green flesh with a gold lining next to the seed cavity. It is otherwise quite similar to the Rocky Ford in general appearance and use. For sweetness and spiciness this popular variety is unsurpassed. Approximate weight 2 3/4 pounds. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; 1/2 lb., 70c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.75.**

ROCKY FORD. (95 days.) The Rocky Ford continues to be a leader among melons of its class. It has enjoyed wide use for many years and is well known everywhere that melons are produced. It is popular chiefly because of its extraordinary flavor. The spicy flavor of the green fleshed Rocky Ford melon is difficult to improve upon. Approximate weight 2 1/2 pounds. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; 1/2 lb., 70c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.75.**

HONEY ROCK or SUGAR ROCK. (85 days.) This popular melon received All-America distinction for 1933. It has maintained a place among the leaders ever since its introduction and is one of the best of the pink fleshed sorts. The rind is tough and hard, covered with a distinctive, rope-like netting. The flesh is of a deep salmon color, fairly thick and very sweet. It is not adapted for shipping any great distances. Approximate weight 3 pounds. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 50c; 1/2 lb., 85c; lb., \$1.50; 5 lbs., \$7.00.**

IMPERIAL NO. 45 (Mildew Resistant). (86 days.) A shipping variety scientifically designed for that particular trade. The shape is oval, the size is medium with heavy net and a faint stripe which insures earliness. The inside is most attractive, with thick deep colored pink flesh and very small seed cavity. Approximate weight, 4 pounds. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; 1/2 lb., 70c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.75.**

SUPERFACTO. (92 days.) One of the best cantaloupes for the late shipping market. The size is uniform with but a slight trace of stripe and solid net. The fine grained orange flesh is very thick and this fine melon has about the smallest seed cavity of any variety. Late in maturing as compared to many of the other shipping kinds but its attractive appearance and excellent flavor are among the best. Approximate weight 3 pounds. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; 1/2 lb., 70c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.75.**

TEXAS CANNONBALL. (95 days.) A hard, green skinned variety, well covered with netting, and with no trace of ribs. It is early and its most remarkable feature is the thickness of the flesh, which has the spicyness of others of the green fleshed kinds. It is grown principally for local markets. Approximate weight 3 1/4 pounds. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; 1/2 lb., 70c; lb., \$1.25; 5 lbs., \$5.75.**

MIXED. Several varieties, early and late, both pink and green meat. This is a good mixture for home use and you should be well pleased with the various shapes and sizes. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 40c; 1/2 lb., 70c; lb., \$1.25.**

BIG 5 NOVELTY CANTALOUPE COLLECTION

1 oz. Banana

1 oz. Large Hackensack

1 oz. Osage

1 oz. Texas Cannonball

1 oz. Honey Rock or Sugar Rock

5 Varieties, Total Value 80c, Sent Postpaid for Only

60c

HEARTS OF GOLD

HALE'S BEST (ORIGINAL JUMBO)

ROCKY FORD

MAMMOTH ROCKY FORD

RUSSELL-HECKLE

For Quantity Prices

When and How to Plant

Onions require a fertile soil, well pulverized and drained. Sow in March and April in rows 24 to 30 inches apart, covering the seed one-half inch deep. When the plants are 3 or 4 inches high, thin them out where too thick in the row. Cultivate thoroughly. One ounce will sow 100 feet of row; 3 to 4 pounds per acre. Onions mature when grown from seed in 120 to 130 days. For best results mix 4 pounds Vigoro, the complete plant food, per 100 feet of row before planting.

YELLOW SWEET SPANISH. The best of the very mild varieties. One of the original Spanish types, but a better keeper because it was selected for keeping qualities. Deep amber orange; small neck, globular. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; 2 oz., 85c; 1/4 lb., \$1.50.

YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS. A splendid variety for home gardens and market. Nearly globe shaped, with pure yellow skin, white flesh and mild flavor. Bulbs about 2 inches in diameter. Very productive and a fairly good keeper. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; 2 oz., 85c; 1/4 lb., \$1.50.

WHITE SILVERSKIN. Most widely used white onion for sets, pickling onions, mature bulbs of medium size; flat but fairly deep; pure white; flesh fine grained, firm and hard. A splendid keeper. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; 2 oz., 85c; 1/4 lb., \$1.50; 1/2 lb., \$2.85.

RED WETHERSFIELD. Standard late variety of splendid keeping quality; excellent for sets and mature bulbs. Bulbs large; flat but rather deep; skin deep purplish red; flesh white with faint pink flush; strong. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; 2 oz., 85c; 1/4 lb., \$1.50; 1/2 lb., \$2.85.

AUSTRALIAN BROWN. Standard market variety of notable long keeping quality; splendid for sets. Bulb flattened globe shape; skin thick and chestnut brown; flavor strong and flesh cooks dark. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 50c; 2 oz., 85c; 1/4 lb., \$1.50; 1/2 lb., \$2.85; lb., \$5.60.

YELLOW BERMUDA. One of the most widely used varieties in the country. An early flat onion, light straw colored, small top. Flesh white and mild. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 55c; 2 oz., 95c; 1/4 lb., \$1.75; 1/2 lb., \$3.30; lb., \$6.50.

WHITE WAX BERMUDA. Similar to yellow Bermuda in all respects except color, which is clear glistening white. An early flat onion, sweet and mild. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 55c; 2 oz., 95c; 1/4 lb., \$1.75; 1/2 lb., \$3.30; lb., \$6.50.

TOP NOTCH ONION PLANTS

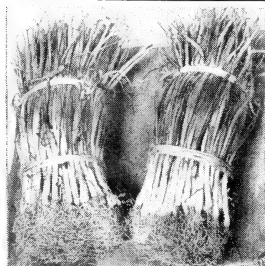
Plant in February or March, 4 to 6 inches apart in 24-inch rows; early plantings should be mulched slightly. It takes about 60,000 plants per acre. Our onion plants are high quality Texas grown. We begin shipping onion plants in January if the weather is not too severe. None shipped C. O. D.

VARIETY	200	500	1,000
White Wax Bermuda (Postpaid)	\$.40	\$.85	\$1.50
Yellow Bermuda (Postpaid)	.40	.85	1.50

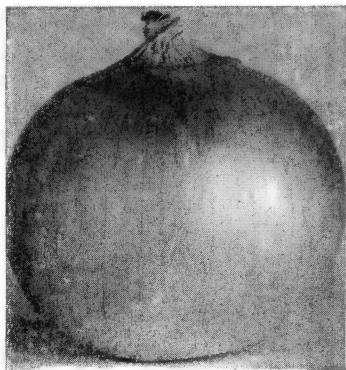
TOP NOTCH ONION SETS

Set 3 to 4 inches apart, in March and April. Have rows 24 to 30 inches apart. Give them clean cultivation and plenty of fertilizer. Our sets are quality stock.

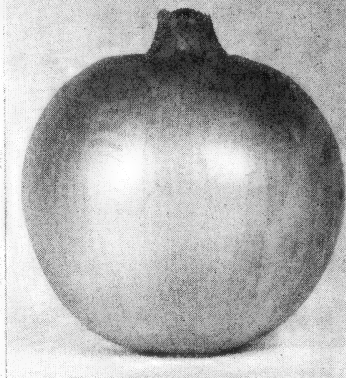
VARIETY	Qt.	Gal.
Red Wethersfield (Postpaid)	\$.35	\$1.00
Yellow Danvers (Postpaid)	.35	.95
White Silverskin (Postpaid)	.40	1.15



ONION PLANTS



ONION—YELLOW GLOBE DANVERS



ONION—YELLOW SWEET SPANISH

BE SURE TO PLANT

OKRA or GUMBO

NEW VARIETIES

One ounce will plant 100 hills. Sow about the first of May, in drills 3 feet apart, and thin out the plants to 1 foot apart. Soak seed in water 12 hours—they germinate easier. The pods should be picked daily to prolong the bearing season.

DWARF GREEN PROLIFIC. (50 days.) (2 1/2 to 3 ft. tall.) A dwarf, compact plant with many branches. Pods long, deep green, slightly corrugated, and very thickly set on the plant; fine quality. Very productive. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 15c; 1/2 lb., 25c; lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.50.

TALL LONG GREEN. (56 days.) (4 to 5 ft. tall.) Standard medium early sort for home, market garden and canning. Pods dark green, fleshy, tender; distinctly ribbed and tapered. A desirable variety, being very productive. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 15c; 1/2 lb., 25c; lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.50.

WHITE LIGHTNING SPINELESS. (50 days.) (4 to 5 ft. tall.) An excellent development of White Velvet type for the home or market garden. Long tapering pods, greenish white, round, smooth and entirely spineless, stay tender to larger size than most other varieties. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 20c; 1/2 lb., 30c; lb., 45c; 5 lbs., \$1.60.

CLEMSON GREEN SPINELESS. (55 days.) (3 1/2 to 4 1/2 ft. tall.) Developed by the South Carolina Experiment Station. Remarkably uniform; highly productive; pods rich green, straight, moderately ridged and of high quality. A valuable introduction for commercial or garden crops. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 20c; 1/2 lb., 30c; lb., 45c; 5 lbs., \$1.60.

WHITE VELVET. (60 days.) (4 to 4 1/2 ft. tall.) A standard variety in the South for home gardens and market. Pods are round, smooth, long and tapering, free from ridges, not prickly to touch, and greenish-white in color and fine quality. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 15c; 1/2 lb., 25c; lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.50.

LOUISIANA GREEN VELVET. (55 days.) A green, spineless, round podded, velvet okra, which remains tender until quite long, prolific; for home and commercial use. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1/2 lb., 40c; lb., 60c; 5 lbs., \$2.50.

PARSLEY

A beautiful plant used for garnishing and for flavoring or seasoning soups and stews. Use the green leaves or dry them crisp and rub into a powder, keeping in bottles until needed for flavoring. Sow in March and April, also in September in rows 18 to 24 inches apart and one-half inch in depth, cover lightly. One ounce will sow 100 feet of drill.

PARAMOUNT. (70 days.) Color unusually rich, dark green, texture more uniformly and attractively "triple curled" than older strains. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 35c; 1/2 lb., 55c; lb., \$1.00; 5 lbs., \$4.50.

DOUBLE CURLED. (70 days.) Very handsome; rich, deep green with finely curled leaves. Coarser than triple curled, but more frost resistant. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 50c; lb., 90c; 5 lbs., \$4.00.

PLAIN or SINGLE. (60 days.) The standard variety of plain leaved parsley. Leaves dark green, deeply cut, but not curled. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 50c; lb., 90c.

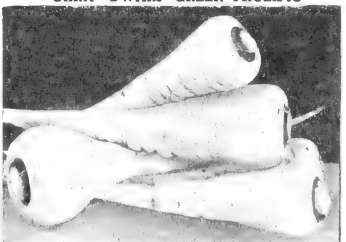
PARSNIPS

Excellent for table use; prepared for like turnips or carrots, parsnips produce an immense crop of roots on favorable soil. They are more nutritious than turnips and any surplus will be found very valuable in stock feeding, especially for milch cows. Parsnips succeed best on deep, rich, sandy soil but do well on any good deep, mellow soil. Fresh manure makes coarse roots of uneven shapes. Sow seed in early spring, one inch deep, in rows 18 to 24 inches apart and when 3 inches high thin to 4 to 6 inches apart in row. One ounce of seed for 100 feet of row; 5 to 6 pounds of seed required for an acre.

SUGAR or HOLLOW CROWN. (110 days.) The best all-round variety of parsnips. The leaves start from a depression in the crown of the root, thus giving it the name of "Hollow Crown." Rich, with smooth white skin; very sweet flavor, immensely productive. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 45c; 1/2 lb., 75c; lb., \$1.35; 5 lbs., \$6.25.



OKRA—DWARF GREEN PROLIFIC



PARSNIPS—HOLLOW CROWN

How, Where and When to Plant

The early varieties, a heavier soil that will retain moisture for the main crop. Peas are a cool weather crop. Plant the early smooth varieties, Alaska and Extra Early, as soon as the ground can be worked in February. The wrinkled varieties should be planted in March. Make main crop plantings 3 to 4 inches deep. Peas are usually planted in double rows, 12 inches between rows and 3 to 4 inches between seeds. Plantings should be made every week until hot weather. For best results mix 4 pounds Vigoro, the complete plant food, per 100 feet of row before planting.

SMOOTH VARIETIES . . . (Sow in February and March)

EARLY ALASKA. (Wilt-resistant.) (54 days.) (Height 33 inches.) One of the earliest garden peas in cultivation. Alaska is one of the most widely grown peas for canning purposes, also a prime favorite with market growers, as it holds its green color so well, and almost the entire crop can be gathered at a single picking. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 20c; qt., 35c; qt., 55c; 1/2 gal., 90c; gal., \$1.60.

AMEER. (60 days.) (Height 36 inches.) Sometimes called Big Pod Alaska. Only a few days later than Early Alaska but the pods are nearly double as large, the peas are larger, and it is more productive. The dark green pods are frequently borne in pairs, and the quality is good. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 20c; qt., 35c; qt., 55c; 1/2 gal., 90c; gal., \$1.60.

FIRST AND BEST EXTRA EARLY. (54 days.) (Height 30 inches.) As early as Alaska, a trifle darker green, but otherwise similar. Heavy bearing, delicious eating quality and uniform maturity make this a big favorite for home, market and canning. The seeds are round and faintly dimpled. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 20c; qt., 35c; qt., 55c; 1/2 gal., 90c; gal., \$1.60.

LARGE WHITE MARROWFAT. (82 days.) (Height 5 feet.) Very productive late variety for home garden; suitable for dry use and grown extensively for that purpose. The pods are about three inches long and contain 4 to 5 large peas. On poor ground this variety will outyield all others. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 20c; qt., 35c; qt., 55c; 1/2 gal., 90c; gal., \$1.60.

PEAS—EARLY ALASKA

WRINKLED VARIETIES . . . (Sow in March and April)

ALDERMAN. (75 days.) (Height 4 1/2 to 5 feet.) Splendid dark podded variety. Excellent for home, market garden and shipping. Pods dark green, 4 1/2 to 5 1/2 inches long, containing nine large tasty wrinkled peas. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 20c; qt., 35c; qt., 55c; 1/2 gal., 95c; gal., \$1.75.

AMERICAN WONDER. (59 days.) (Height, 12-14 inches.) Very important early dwarf variety for the home garden. Peas plump, 3 inches long, wrinkled, of fine flavor. Very productive. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 20c; qt., 35c; qt., 55c; 1/2 gal., 95c; gal., \$1.75.

BLISS EVERBEARING. (72 days.) (Height 30 inches.) Popular for the home garden. Peas large, wrinkled, sweet; of marrowy texture and flavor. Has long bearing period. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 20c; qt., 35c; qt., 55c; 1/2 gal., 95c; gal., \$1.75.

DWARF TELEPHONE OR DAISY. (75 days.) (Height 24 inches.) Very satisfactory for home, market garden and shipping. Pods light green, 4 1/2 inches long, plump, tapered at end. Peas large, wrinkled, green. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 20c; qt., 35c; qt., 55c; 1/2 gal., 95c; gal., \$1.75.

LAXTON'S PROGRESS. (60 days.) (Height 18-22 inches.) Splendid dwarf variety for home, market garden and shipping. Pods handsome dark green; fully 4 inches long. Filled with light greenish-cream, tender, wrinkled peas. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 20c; qt., 35c; qt., 55c; 1/2 gal., \$1.00; gal., \$1.85.

McLEAN'S LITTLE GEM. (62 days.) (Height 18 inches.) Pods medium green, 2 3/4 inches long, seeds wrinkled, medium size, rich green, very sweet. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 20c; qt., 35c; qt., 55c; 1/2 gal., 95c; gal., \$1.75.

LITTLE MARVEL. (62 days.) (Height 18-20 inches.) Unsurpassed in quality and productiveness; particularly valuable for the home garden. Pods dark green, 3 inches long, filled with medium size wrinkled green peas as sweet as you ever tasted. This is by far one of the most delicious dwarf peas on our list. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 20c; qt., 35c; qt., 60c; 1/2 gal., \$1.00; gal., \$1.85.

GRADUS OR PROSPERITY. (58 days.) (Height 3 to 3 1/2 feet.) One of the earliest of the wrinkled peas. Used extensively for home and market gardens. A superb variety of delicious quality. The pods, which are 4 inches long, contain 6 to 8 large, delicious peas. Hardy and prolific, pods uniform, well shaped, and pointed. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 20c; qt., 35c; qt., 55c; 1/2 gal., 95c; gal., \$1.75.

TALL TELEPHONE. (73 days.) (Height 4 to 4 1/2 feet.) One of the best home and market garden sorts; sometimes used for canning. Pods borne singly, 4 1/2 inches long, plump, straight, tapering at end. Peas large, wrinkled, green in color, of fine table quality. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 20c; qt., 35c; qt., 55c; 1/2 gal., 95c; gal., \$1.75.

TOMAS LAXTON. (57 days.) (Height 3 to 3 1/2 feet.) Unsurpassed by the home garden as an early large-podded pea of high quality. Pods deep green, 3 1/2 inches long, plump, blunt; peas wrinkled, cream green, very sweet, tender and delicious. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 20c; qt., 35c; qt., 55c; 1/2 gal., 95c; gal., \$1.75.

LAXTONIAN. (62 days.) (Height 18-22 inches.) Prolific, large podded, dwarf variety; easy to grow. Pods dark green, 4 inches long. Peas large, wrinkled. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 20c; qt., 35c; qt., 55c; 1/2 gal., 95c; gal., \$1.75.

SOUTHERN VARIETIES . . . (Sow in May and June)

RICE OR CREAM. (Semi-dwarf.) Early. Similar to Gallivant or Lady, but larger, very popular, kidney shaped with pale white eye. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 20c; qt., 35c; qt., 50c; 1/2 gal., 85c; gal., \$1.50.

LADY OR GALLIVANT. (Running.) Small white pea with pale white eye. There are more of these peas sold on the Southern markets than any other of the small white peas. Fine flavor. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 20c; qt., 35c; qt., 50c; 1/2 gal., 85c; gal., \$1.50.

CALICO. (Running.) White pea with red spots, known in some sections as Coat and Jacket, Joseph Coat, Pole Cat, Arkansas Traveler, World Wonder, and Wild Goose. Peas of good flavor and not as strong as most dark peas. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 20c; qt., 35c; qt., 50c; 1/2 gal., 85c; gal., \$1.50.

WHITE BROWN EYE PURPLE HULL. (Semi-dwarf.) Produces green peas of good quality. Very prolific with well-filled pods. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 20c; qt., 35c; qt., 50c; 1/2 gal., 85c; gal., \$1.50.

BROWN SUGAR CROWDER. (Semi-dwarf.) Will bunch on poor ground, make some vine on good soil, sometimes larger than the White or Cream Crowder; very prolific. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 20c; qt., 35c; qt., 50c; 1/2 gal., 85c; gal., \$1.50.

LARGE WHITE BLACK EYE. (Running.) Main crop pea, late maturing. Long pods well filled; good producers. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 20c; qt., 35c; qt., 50c; 1/2 gal., 85c; gal., \$1.50.

WHITE SUGAR CROWDER. (Semi-dwarf.) Seeds have brown eye, very sweet. Considered best of the Crowders for home or market. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 20c; qt., 35c; qt., 50c; 1/2 gal., 85c; gal., \$1.50.

SMALL CREAM CROWDER. (Bunch.) Also called Six Weeks or Two Crop. Will produce green table peas in six weeks; while we do not consider it superior to large Sugar Crowder, it is equally as good and its earliness makes it more desirable to plant for early market. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 pt., 20c; qt., 35c; qt., 50c; 1/2 gal., 85c; gal., \$1.50.

PEAS—LITTLE MARVEL

RICE OR
CREAM

WHITE
CROWDER

LADY OR
GALLIVANT

CREAM
CROWDER

BROWN
CROWDER

WHITE
BLACK EYE

HOT AND
SWEET

PEPPERS

USE DRIED
OR GREEN

How, Where and When to Plant

Peppers should be started in a hotbed or cold frame and transplanted about the end of May into a sunny corner of the garden, in rows about 2 to 3 feet apart, with the plants about 18 to 24 inches between them in the rows. In warmer sections they can also be sown in open ground in a prepared seedbed when all danger from frost has passed. When the little plants are about 3 inches in height, transplant as above into the rows where they are to remain. For best results work a level tablespoonful of Vigoro, the complete plant food, in the soil around the plant when transplanting to the field.

FORDHOOK. (Sweet.) (67 days.) Plants are 15 to 18 inches tall, erect, bearing fruits upright in large clusters. The fruit is blocky, just the right size and shape for stuffing, measuring 3 to 3½ inches in diameter and 3½ to 3¾ inches in length. It is nearly round in cross section, with 3 or 4 lobes, a well-rounded blossom end entirely without objectionable deep creases, and is glossy dark green turning bright red when ripe. The flesh is ¾-inch thick, tender, crisp and, of course, always sweet. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 25c; oz., 40c; 2 oz., 70c; ¼ lb., \$1.25; ½ lb., \$2.30.

CHINESE GIANT. (Sweet.) (80 days.) This is the largest mild pepper ever developed, measuring 4 to 5 inches in diameter and of equal length. It is deliciously sweet and an ideal home garden variety. Plants dwarf, stocky and thickly set with enormous, unusually shaped, but attractive fruits that are chunky, twisted, slightly crumpled and square-ended. Colors rich, bright green changing to a scarlet-red when ripe. Flesh thick and tender. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 20c; oz., 35c; 2 oz., 60c; ¼ lb., \$1.10; ½ lb., \$2.00; lb., \$3.80.

BELL or BULL NOSE. (Sweet.) (55-60 days.) The earliest pepper of the "bell" type. A popular prolific sort with small, erect plants. Fruits blunt, deep green changing to scarlet red; mild in flavor. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 15c; oz., 25c; 2 oz., 45c; ¼ lb., 80c; ½ lb., \$1.45; lb., \$2.75.

LONG RED CAYENNE. (Hot.) (70 days.) The most popular hot variety used for canning, pickles and drying. Plants large with fruits borne in great abundance, ½ to 4 inches, tapering to a point, twisted and deep green changing to red. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 15c; oz., 25c; 2 oz., 45c; ¼ lb., 80c; ½ lb., \$1.45; lb., \$2.75.

CALIFORNIA WONDER. (Sweet.) (72 days.) A popular pepper throughout the United States possessing qualities that make it ideal for stuffing or salads. The thickness of flesh, often measuring three-eighths of an inch, unknown in any other variety of pepper, is one of the points of excellence. In addition, it is firm, crisp, juicy, sweet and mild, without a trace of pungency. Plants upright and prolific. Fruits four-lobed, 4 by 4½ inches, attractive, smooth, uniform, very heavy; deep green changing to bright crimson at maturity. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 20c; oz., 30c; 2 oz., 55c; ¼ lb., 95c; ½ lb., \$1.70; lb., \$3.25.

RUBY KING. (Sweet.) (68 days.) Plants erect, vigorous and very productive. Fruits 3 by 5 inches, tapering, dark green turning red. Flesh crisp, tender and very mild, and pleasant to the taste. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 15c; oz., 25c; 2 oz., 45c; ¼ lb., 80c; ½ lb., \$1.45; lb., \$2.75.

WORLD BEATER. (Sweet.) (70 days.) Combines the size of the Chinese Giant and the attractive shape and color of the Ruby King. Plants sturdy, erect and very productive. Fruits four-lobed, 3½ by 5 inches, glossy and smooth, deep green when young, changing to bright scarlet when ripe. Flesh unusually thick, mild and sweet. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 15c; oz., 25c; 2 oz., 45c; ¼ lb., 80c; ½ lb., \$1.45; lb., \$2.75.

PIMIENTO. (Sweet.) (72 days.) The sweetest variety. Used extensively by canners. It is also desirable for home use in salads and for stuffed peppers. Plants tall and productive. Fruits heart-shaped, 2½ by 3½ inches, very smooth, tapering to a single point, dark green turning to crimson. Flesh very thick and mild. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 15c; oz., 25c; 2 oz., 40c; ¼ lb., 75c; ½ lb., \$1.35; lb., \$2.50.

SPECIAL VARIETIES PEPPERS

For Pepper Sauce—Pickling—Drying.

BIRD'S EYE CREOLE

RED CHILI

TABASCO

Postpaid, pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 25c; oz., 45c.

PEPPER PLANTS

California Wonder, Chinese Giant, Ruby King, Pimiento, Long Red Cayenne. Ready April 1st. Postpaid, doz., 25c; 3 doz., 60c; 6 doz., \$1.00; 12 doz., \$1.75.

Certified IRISH SEED POTATOES

How, Where and When to Plant

Potatoes can be grown in any soil provided it is fairly rich, but usually do best on loose, sandy loam and are of better quality than if planted on heavy clay soil. Cut the potatoes in four to six pieces, so there is at least one eye on each piece. About three pieces should be planted in each hill, 3 to 4 inches deep, according to the time of planting, in rows 3 feet apart and 16 to 18 inches apart in the rows. For best results mix a level tablespoonful of Vigoro in the hill before planting the seed.

CERTIFIED CHIPPEWA. (75 days.) Has general features of the Cobbler. Extra early, shallow eyes, resistant to disease, very white, round, smooth, heavy yielder. Write for prices.

CERTIFIED RED WARBA. (72 days.) A new variety, skin red, flesh white and of fine quality. Tubers are oval, large size and is a very heavy cropper. The Warba potato is a two-crop variety, producing a crop in the spring, also for fall. Write for prices.

ETHYLENE CHLORHYDRIN

A chemical that stimulates rapid and complete sprouting when properly applied to spring dug Irish potatoes.

Ethylene	Treats	At Store	Postpaid
½ Pint	2 Bushels.....	\$0.50	\$0.65
1 Pint	4 Bushels.....	.85	1.00

SEMESAN BEL

BETTER STANDS—Semesan Bel helps produce better stands of more vigorous plants by generally reducing losses from certain seed-borne diseases and seed-piece decay. All seed, including certified seed should be treated. Used on both IRISH and SWEET Potatoes. One ounce treats 4 to 5 bushels of seed. Postpaid, 2 oz., 33c; 1 lb., \$1.75.

CERTIFIED RED TRIUMPH. (75 days.) A popular early variety. Tubers are nearly round, with red, smooth skin, small, shallow eyes, very uniform in size and shape. One of the priciest potatoes grown. Write for prices.

CERTIFIED IRISH COBBLER. (80 days.) The eyes are strong, well-developed, and slightly indented. The flesh is creamy white and of fine quality and flavor. Write for prices.

Certified SWEET POTATOES

Plant only disease-free sweet potato slips. They mean better quality and better crops.

CERTIFIED NANCY HALL. Skin yellow; meat sweet, of amber-yellow. Write for prices.

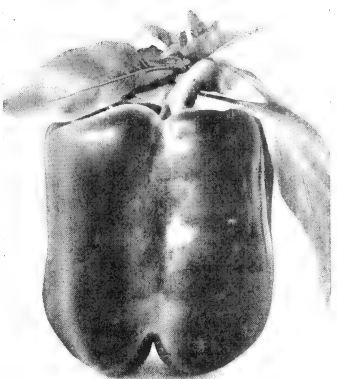
CERTIFIED PORTO RICO YAMS. Deep orange meat, soft, sweet and of best flavor; skin golden color with slight purplish tinge. Write for prices.

CERTIFIED SWEET POTATO SLIPS

Ready April 10th

CERTIFIED NANCY HALL
CERTIFIED PORTO RICO

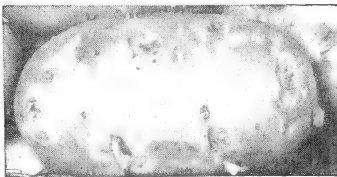
Write for prices.



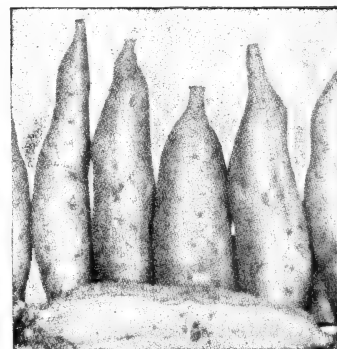
PEPPER—FORDHOOK



PEPPER—BELL OR BULL NOSE



POTATO—CERTIFIED IRISH COBBLER



POTATO—CERTIFIED PORTO RICO YAMS

See Green Ink List

RUSSELL-HECKLE

How and When to Plant Two to three pounds per acre alone, or one pound sown with corn. Plant when the ground has become warm, in hills 8 to 10 feet apart each way. Plant one inch deep. Thin to two plants to a hill. Cultivate thoroughly until the vines cover the ground. For best results mix a level tablespoonful of Vigoro in the hill before planting the seed.

KENTUCKY YELLOW FIELD. (98 days.) A fine pumpkin, nearly 2 feet in diameter. Flesh dull orange color, extra thick. Heavy yielder and excellent keeper. Largely used for canning and stock feeding. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 20c; 1/2 lb., 30c; lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.00.

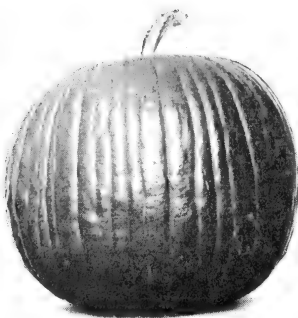
STRIPED CUSHAW. (115 days.) A crook-necked variety popular in the South. Fruits weigh 10 to 12 pounds, skin creamy white, mottled with irregular green stripes. Flesh light yellow. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 50c; lb., 85c; 5 lbs., \$3.75.

SMALL SUGAR. (115 days.) Small, round, flat-ended. Very prolific. Deep orange-yellow flesh, fine grained and sweet. One of the best for pies. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 50c; lb., 85c; 5 lbs., \$3.75.

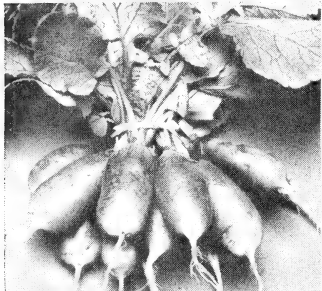
SMALL PIE. (110 days.) Skin dark green with lighter stripes; flesh deep yellow, of good quality. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 50c; lb., 85c; 5 lbs., \$3.75.

TENNESSEE SWEET POTATO. (110 days.) Bell-shaped fruits, 12 to 15 pounds. Skin creamy white with light green stripes. Flesh creamy, fine grained, thick, sweet and delicious for pies. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 50c; lb., 85c; 5 lbs., \$3.75.

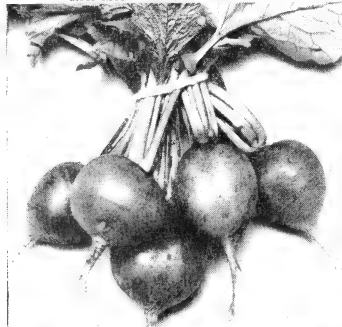
KING OF THE MAMMOTH. (115 days.) The largest of all pumpkins. Fruits weigh 40 to 80 pounds. Skin light yellow, mottled with orange; slightly ribbed; flesh solid, yellow to orange. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 35c; 1/2 lb., 55c; lb., 95c; 5 lbs., \$4.25.



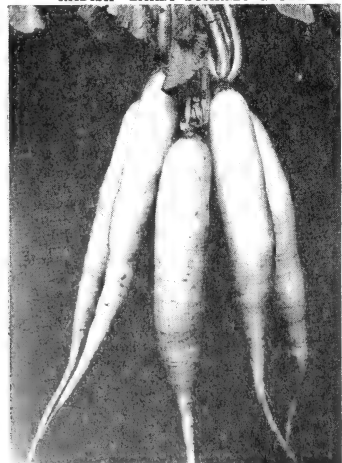
PUMPKIN—KENTUCKY YELLOW FIELD



RADISH—FRENCH BREAKFAST



RADISH—EARLY SCARLET GLOBE



RADISH—WHITE ICICLE

PLANT SEVERAL... RADISHES CRISP... TENDER

To be tender and crisp, radishes must be grown quickly and this requires rich soil and moisture. Begin as early as possible in the spring and sow at intervals of about 10 days in a light, rich, deeply worked soil. For fall and winter, sow in August and September. Two ounces sows 100 feet in drills; 8 to 10 pounds to the acre. For best results mix 4 pounds Vigoro, the complete plant food per 100 feet of row before planting.

CHINA ROSE (Winter). (50 days.) One of the best for fall and winter use. Roots 6-7 inches long, 1 3/4 inches diameter at shoulder and slightly broadened outward to 2-2 1/2 inches at blunt base; skin smooth, uniform bright deep scarlet; flesh white, firm, crisp and pungent. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 45c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25.

MAMMOTH WHITE CHINESE. (Winter.) (55 days.) Roots about 8 inches long, 3 inches diameter at mid-section, with square shoulder and blunt bottom; white, smooth; flesh white, firm, crisp, mildly pungent. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 45c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25.

EARLY LONG SCARLET. (27 days.) Standard home and market garden sort. Tops small. Roots long, tapered; becomes 4 to 5 inches long and three-fourths inch thick at shoulder; bright carmine red. Very tender and brittle. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1/2 lb., 40c; lb., 70c; 5 lbs., \$3.00.

EARLY SCARLET GLOBE. (21 days.) Recommended for your main sowing. Usable almost as soon as the very earliest radishes and for a period of a week or 10 days afterwards, or until they are nearly an inch through; and during that time they stay crisp, solid and tender, and mild in flavor. Color pure brilliant scarlet; very uniform in size and shape, which is a rather long oval. Tops and roots small. Excellent for market. Improvement over Early Scarlet Turnip. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 45c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25.

FRENCH BREAKFAST. (25 days.) Standard home and market garden sort; also suitable for forcing. Tops small. Roots oblong, blunt, about 1 1/2 inches long and five-eighths inch through; rich scarlet with some white at the base, crisp and of splendid quality. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 50c; lb., 80c; 5 lbs., \$3.50.

EARLY SPARKLER WHITE TIP. (25 days.) The most brilliant in appearance of all radishes. The upper half of the root is a brilliant scarlet, almost the entire lower half a pure white. This strain runs remarkably uniform in color, size and true ball shape. The best selling variety on practically all markets. Improvement over Early Scarlet Turnip White Tip. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 45c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25.

LONG BLACK SPANISH. (Winter.) (55 days.) Splendid keeper. Roots 8-9 inches long, 2-2 1/4 inches diameter at shoulder and only slightly tapered. Skin somewhat roughened; black; flesh white, very firm and crisp, pungent. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 45c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25.

WHITE ICICLE. (27 days.) Decidedly the best early white variety and considered by many the standard of excellence in radish. Particularly popular in home and market gardens. Tops small. Roots long, tapered; very white throughout; brittle as ice; 5-6 inches long and one-half inch thick or larger; mild and splendid flavor. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 45c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25.

RHUBARB

(PIE PLANT)

Culture—Sow seed early in the spring in rows 18 inches apart; cover 1 inch deep. Thin seedlings to stand 7 to 12 inches apart in the row. Roots will be ready to transplant the following spring to their permanent location; set roots 4 feet apart each way and plant so that the crowns will be 4 inches under the surface of the soil. A packet is enough for 10 feet; 1 oz. for 75 feet of drill; 10 lbs. per acre.

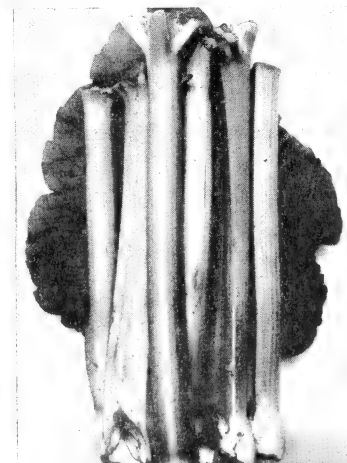
RHUBARB SEED (Victoria). Popular variety for home or market. Stalks are thick, tender and heavily shaded with red. Roots planted early in the spring furnish delicious stalks the following spring. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; 1/2 oz., 15c; oz., 25c; 2 oz., 40c; 1/4 lb., 60c; 1/2 lb., \$1.00.

RHUBARB ROOTS (Victoria). Nice, strong one-year roots. Postpaid, each, 15c; 1/2 doz., 60c; doz., \$1.00; 25, \$1.90; 50, \$3.60; 100, \$7.00.

SALSIFY or OYSTER PLANT

Culture—Salsify succeeds best on a rich, light, deep soil. Avoid fresh manure as it makes badly shaped and uneven roots. Sow seed early in spring in rows 18 to 24 inches apart and thin plants to 3 inches apart. Cover seed 1/2 inch. Sow one ounce to 100 feet of row; use 7 to 8 pounds per acre.

MAMMOTH SANDWICH ISLAND. (80 days.) Roots 7 to 8 inches long, 1 to 1 1/2 inches thick, skin almost white, flesh mild and delicately flavored. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 2 oz., 25c; 1/4 lb., 45c; 1/2 lb., 75c; lb., \$1.35.



RHUBARB OR PIE PLANT

**GROW
MORE**

• SPINACH •

**RICH IN
VITAMINS**

One Ounce Will Sow 100 Feet of Row. Requires but little culture. It is one of the most easily managed of all vegetables. The main crop is sown from September until November. For summer use it may be sown at intervals of 2 or 3 weeks, from March to November. Two ounces to 100 feet of drill; 8 to 10 pounds to an acre. During hot, dry weather, spinach does not grow so well, but in suitable weather with plenty of rain it is ready for use in about five weeks from sowing seed. For best results mix 4 pounds Vigoro, the complete plant food, per 100 feet of row before planting.

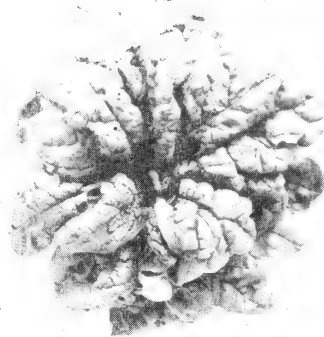
BLOOMSDALE CURLED SAVOY. (40 days.) (Curly Leaf.) The standard very early sort for home and market garden. Plants upright and compact, at height of 10-12 inches and spread of 12-15 inches. Leaves large; blistered and crumpled; rich deep, glossy green; of splendid quality. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 45c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25.

BLIGHT RESISTANT SAVOY. (45 days.) (Curly Leaf.) Similar in general to Bloomsdale Resistant. Especially adapted for sections where blight or mosaic is serious. This variety is usually planted for fall cutting. It bolts to seed easily and does not give the tonnage of regular Bloomsdale except on blight infested soil. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 50c; lb., 80c; 5 lbs., \$3.50.

VIBROFLAY. (55 days.) (Smooth Leaf.) Desirable for canning as the leaves grow clean and upright. Green leaves are very large, broad and pointed at end. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 50c; lb., 80c; 5 lbs., \$3.50.

GIANT NOBEL. (43 days.) (Smooth Leaf.) Definitely the best of the thick leaved group. Because of the enormous yield, long standing character, and the deep green color and smooth character of the leaves, this is highly recommended for canning as well as for home and market garden. Leaves very large, thick, broad arrow-shaped with rounded tip. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 50c; lb., 80c; 5 lbs., \$3.50.

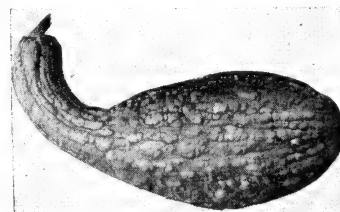
NEW ZEALAND. (70 days.) (Smooth Leaf.) The "cut and come again" spinach. Distinct from other kinds of spinach and particularly valuable for culture in hot dry weather. Plants very large and spreading; leaves numerous, small, triangular, thick, deep green. The tender leafy shoots are gathered repeatedly. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 45c; 1/2 lb., 75c; lb., \$1.35; 5 lbs., \$6.25.



SPINACH—BLOOMSDALE CURLED SAVOY



SQUASH—GOLDEN SUMMER CROOKNECK



SQUASH—GIANT YELLOW CROOKNECK

**FOR HOME
TABLE...**

• SQUASH •

**FOR MARKET
GARDEN**

Plant in Hills Plant after weather becomes fully settled and the ground is warm and dry, in hills 3 to 4 feet apart for bush varieties, and 6 to 8 feet apart for running varieties. Slightly elevate the hills and place 7 or 8 seeds in each, finally leaving but three of the strongest plants. Press the seeds down firmly before covering, and cover early planted ones 1 inch deep, and late ones 1 1/2 inches. One ounce of seed makes 40 hills 2 to 3 pounds to an acre. For best results mix a level tablespoonful of Vigoro in the hill before planting the seed.

EARLY PROLIFIC STRAIGHTNECK. (50 days.) 1937 All-America selection. Is of small type, straight and less warted than other types, has a bright yellow color and the fruits are tender and delicious when in marketable condition. It is ready for picking in about 50 days. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 45c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25.

MAMMOTH WHITE BUSH. (56 days.) A large strain of the Early White Bush. The fruits grow to about one-third more size. It is a desirable strain especially where a larger size is required for market. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 25c; 1/2 lb., 40c; lb., 70c; 5 lbs., \$3.00.

GIANT YELLOW CROOKNECK. (56 days.) Standard sort for home, market garden and shipping. Fruits become very large; 18-24 inches long, 4 1/2 inches through; neck curved; skin rich orange yellow, warted. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 45c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25.

GIANT YELLOW STRAIGHTNECK. (55 days.) Particularly valuable for shipping because the straight fruits are more readily packed than the crookneck type with less waste of shipping space. Fruits handsome; deep orange with moderate shallow warting. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 45c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25.

EARLY WHITE BUSH. (55 days.) It is also called "Cymling" and "White Patty Pan." It is the most popular of the white summer types of squash. The fruits are rather small, quite flat with rigid or scalloped edges. Standard for home and market. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 45c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25.

GOLDEN SUMMER CROOKNECK. (50 days.) The most popular of the yellow summer varieties. The fruits are rather small, golden yellow in color and thickly covered with warts. The variety is exceedingly prolific. Very popular for home, market garden and shipping. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 45c; lb., 75c; 5 lbs., \$3.25.

MAMMOTH CHILL. (120 days.) The largest of the squashes. The fruits are long and slightly pointed. It often attains a weight of 100 pounds and is used chiefly for stock feeding and exhibition purposes. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 35c; 1/2 lb., 55c; lb., 95c; 5 lbs., \$4.25.

HUBBARD. (110 days.) The standard winter squash for home, market garden and shipping. Commonly 9 to 10 inches through; globular; dark bronze green, moderately warted; rind very hard and strong; flesh very thick, deep orange yellow, fine grained and dry; of splendid quality. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 35c; 1/2 lb., 50c; lb., 85c.

GOLDEN CUSTARD. (56 days.) A large strain of the yellow bush variety. The fruits are large, flat and the edges are deeply scalloped; and are inclined to be a little warted. Fine for home use. Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 1/4 lb., 30c; 1/2 lb., 50c; lb., 80c.



SQUASH—EARLY WHITE BUSH

RUSSELL-HECKLE

TOBACCO

Culture—The seed should be sown as soon as possible after danger of frost is over. When the plants are 6 inches high, transplant into rows 3 feet apart each way.

VARIETIES

HAVANA. Much used for cigar wrappers; leaf very thin and of fine texture. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 oz., 35c; oz., 55c; 2 oz., 95c; 1/4 lb., \$1.75.

WHITE BURLEY. (Root rot resistant.) Favorite for plug fillers and wrappers. Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 oz., 35c; oz., 55c; 2 oz., 95c; 1/4 lb., \$1.75.

See Green Ink List

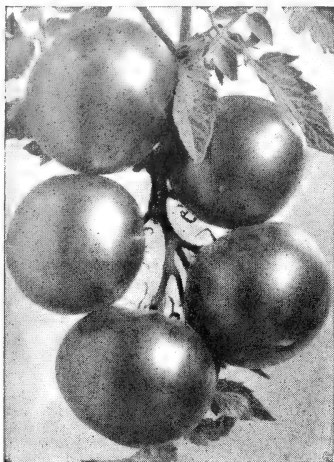
Grow DELICIOUS TOMATOES • •

Appetizing . . . Wholesome . . . Nourishing

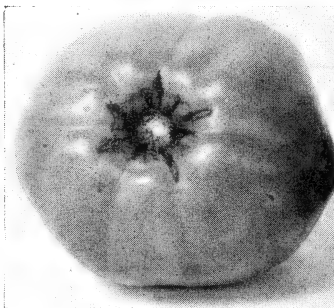
No garden should be without its quota of Tomatoes. They require little care and yield heavily in a small space. No vegetable can be put to more uses, cooked or in salads, than Tomatoes. They are rich in vitamins, and valuable as an appetizing dish in many ways.

Six to eight ounces to an acre; one ounce to 1,500 plants

How, When and Where to Plant The seed may be started in hotbed in March, or sufficient plants for family use can be grown in pots or boxes indoors with very little trouble. Be particular to give plants the benefit of fresh air and sun whenever judicious, for the purpose of hardening them, and cover with mats when necessary to prevent them from frosting. The two extremes of heat and cold are equally injurious. It is customary with the best gardeners to remove the plants from hotbeds to the cold frames, allowing a distance of several inches between the plants. In April select and prepare the soil and set the plants 3 feet each way. Hoe and draw early in the stems. For good crop sow from the middle of April or during May. The number of days on varieties shown means the time from setting of plants. For best results work a level tablespoonful of Vigoro, the complete plant food, in the soil around the plant when transplanting to the field.



TOMATO—MARGLOBE



TOMATO—GREATER BALTIMORE



TOMATO—BREAK O' DAY

BEEFSTEAK. (90 days.) Large fruit, 4 to 5½ inches across, nearly always perfectly smooth, glossy, bright red flesh. Very solid; excellent keeper and a good shipper. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 20c oz., 35c; 2 oz., 65c; ¼ lb., \$1.10; ½ lb., \$2.00; 1 lb., \$3.80.**

BONNY BEST. (74 days.) Deep red. Here is an old favorite that has been continuously selected for earliness, solidity, smoothness, and evenness of ripening. It is a vigorous grower, producing bright red fruit throughout the season. The heavy foliage is a good protection against sun-scall. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 15c; oz., 25c; 2 oz., 45c; ¼ lb., 75c; ½ lb., \$1.35; 1 lb., \$2.50.**

BREAK O' DAY. (70 days.) Beautiful red. An extra early perfect globe hybridized from Marglobe and other earlier tomatoes. Almost as early as Earliana. All the wilt and disease-resistant qualities of Marglobe but at least one week earlier. Good shipper. Stands hot and dry weather. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 20c; oz., 30c; 2 oz., 50c; ¼ lb., 90c; ½ lb., \$1.60; 1 lb., \$3.00.**

GREATER BALTIMORE. (82 days.) Bright red. Being a deeper, more blocky tomato than Stone, Greater Baltimore has become a universal canning favorite. It produces an unusually heavy tonnage per acre, having fine shaped fruit, very heavy, firm and meaty. For main and late crops it is also popular among home and market gardeners. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 15c; oz., 25c; 2 oz., 40c; ¼ lb., 70c; ½ lb., \$1.25; 1 lb., \$2.35.**

EARLY DETROIT (78 days.) Pink. Vines vigorous and productive. Fruit round and nearly globe-shaped, firm and very smooth. A splendid second early variety. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 20c; oz., 30c; 2 oz., 50c; ¼ lb., 90c; ½ lb., \$1.60; 1 lb., \$3.00.**

EARLIANA. (66 days.) Scarlet red. Coming into the market early it commands top prices. It produces an abundance of remarkably solid fruit of uniform shape and rich, bright red color. The tomatoes are borne in clusters. They are of good flavor and contain few seeds. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 20c; oz., 35c; 2 oz., 65c; ¼ lb., \$1.10; ½ lb., \$2.00; 1 lb., \$3.80.**

BRIMMER. (88 days.) A great, big, solid red tomato, 15 to 18 inches across, weighing 2 to 2½ pounds each. It is all meat, very few seeds. The vines bear a tremendous load of fruits up to frost. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 25c; oz., 40c; 2 oz., 70c; ¼ lb., \$1.15; ½ lb., \$2.10; 1 lb., \$4.00.**

GULF STATE MARKET. (77 days.) Fruit purplish pink, smooth, firm, globe-shaped, fine for market or home gardens. Vines vigorous and productive. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 20c; oz., 30c; 2 oz., 50c; ¼ lb., 90c; ½ lb., \$1.60; 1 lb., \$3.00.**

JUNE PINK. (69 days.) A very early pink sort. The vine branches freely and fruits are produced in clusters of 6 to 8. Medium size, uniform, smooth and very attractive. Produces throughout the season. A favorite with home gardeners. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 20c; oz., 30c; 2 oz., 50c; ¼ lb., 85c; ½ lb., \$1.55; 1 lb., \$2.90.**

MARGLOBE. (78 days.) Bright red. This is our regular stock of Marglobe. It is rust and equal to our other strains of this excellent variety, it is as good as any stock sold by other seed houses. Our grower procured the original stock from the U. S. Department of Agriculture. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 15c; oz., 25c; 2 oz., 40c; ¼ lb., 65c; ½ lb., \$1.10; 1 lb., \$2.00.**

CERTIFIED MASTER MARGLOBE. (83 days.) Conceded to be the most important market tomato in North America. It is rust and globe resisting; fruits are a bright red and globe shape; seed cavities small. Marglobe is one of the best main crop tomatoes. It is a good shipper and canner. It has a sturdy vine which carries the fruit well, with plenty of foliage to protect its fruit. Average weight, 6 ounces. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 20c; oz., 30c; 2 oz., 55c; ¼ lb., 95c; ½ lb., \$1.70; 1 lb., \$3.20.**

NEW STONE. (86 days.) Deep red. Vines vigorous and productive. Fruits large, smooth, solid; very heavy. This is a favorite canners' variety. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 15c; oz., 25c; 2 oz., 40c; ¼ lb., 65c; ½ lb., \$1.10; 1 lb., \$2.00.**

PRITCHARD. (75 days.) Heavy cropper of scarlet, globe-shaped fruits. Fruit very heavy, inside color beautiful red, desirable for canning. Abundant foliage to protect from sun-scall. Excellent tomato for the home garden and market gardener, as well as long distance shipper. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 15c; oz., 25c; 2 oz., 45c; ¼ lb., 75c; ½ lb., \$1.35; 1 lb., \$2.50.**

Treat Tomato Seed With Semesan . . . TO PREVENT CERTAIN SEED-BORNE DISEASES



Good stands of healthy, vigorous plants usually produce larger yields and better quality tomatoes than thin stands of weak or stunted plants. For these reasons tomato seeds treated with Semesan generally produce more profitable crops. ½ oz., enough to treat 5 to 20 lbs. of seed, 12c, postpaid.

GREATEST of all VEGETABLES

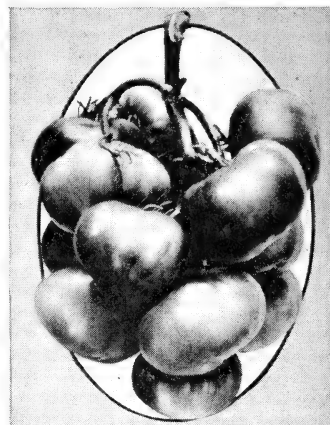
OXHEART. (90 days.) Fruits large, smooth, purplish pink, almost seedless. Flesh is very thick and delicious. The name is derived from its shape which is large at stem end, tapering almost to a point. Vine growth open and spreading, fruits setting in clusters of 3 to 7. Popular late home garden variety, very choice for salads. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 oz., 25c; oz., 45c; 2 oz., 80c; 1/4 lb., \$1.45; 1/2 lb., \$2.75; lb., \$5.25.**

PONDEROSA. (88 days.) One of the largest varieties in general use for home garden planting. Plant large and spreading, with medium green leaves. Fruit deep purplish-pink; extremely large, commonly 9-12 oz. each; deep, but flat; very fleshy with few seeds; of mild flavor. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 oz., 25c; oz., 40c; 2 oz., 70c; 1/4 lb., \$1.15; 1/2 lb., \$2.10; lb., \$4.00.**

CERTIFIED RUTGERS. (83 days.) An important variety that has been bred primarily for canner purposes, also used in the manufacture of juice, soup, catsup, etc. It is highly disease resistant, has excellent interior color and structure, and is an extraordinary producer. The vine is very erect and under normal conditions will develop heavy, vegetative growth. It is suggested that nitrates in the fertilizer be applied very slightly for this variety. Otherwise, the fruit becomes too large and often has some blossom end scar. Rutgers is highly wilt-resistant. Average weight of fruit 8 ounces. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 oz., 20c; oz., 30c; 2 oz., 55c; 1/4 lb., 95c; 1/2 lb., \$1.70; lb., \$3.20.**

CERTIFIED STOKESDALE. (72 days.) An important all-purpose type for market or for canner. For market, it will be profitable because of its earliness, its beauty and its quality. For canner it offers high tonnage per acre, with all that makes for a strong government grade. It has the further advantage of spreading the picking season—the peak will precede Marglobe by 10 days, Rutgers by 14 days. Flavor and interior color are also outstanding points. It is highly wilt resistant and you will be astonished with its producing power. Average weight 8 ounces. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 oz., 20c; oz., 30c; 2 oz., 55c; 1/4 lb., 95c; 1/2 lb., \$1.70; lb., \$3.20.**

MINGOLD (72 days.) A mild flavored, deep yellow fruited tomato, very similar in size and season to Marglobe. Where size and quality are concerned Mingold excels all previously known yellow types. It has a mild, sweet flavor not found in red colored sorts. It is early, deep round in shape, with a thick, firm outer wall. Its large, attractive size and mild, pleasant flavor will make Mingold a splendid home garden tomato. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 oz., 25c; oz., 40c; 2 oz., 70c; 1/4 lb., \$1.25; 1/2 lb., \$2.35; lb., \$4.50.**



TOMATO—PONDEROSA

OTHER CERTIFIED TOMATOES

It will pay you to plant certified tomato seed. They are grown for purity, selectiveness, trueness to type, and freedom from disease.

CERTIFIED BREAK O' DAY, CERTIFIED GULF STATE MARKET, CERTIFIED GREATER BALTIMORE. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 oz., 20c; oz., 30c; 2 oz., 55c; 1/4 lb., \$1.00; 1/2 lb., \$1.80; lb., \$3.40.**

CERTIFIED MARGLOBE, CERTIFIED NEW STONE. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 oz., 20c; oz., 30c; 2 oz., 50c; 1/4 lb., 90c; 1/2 lb., \$1.60; lb., \$3.00.**

SMALL FRUITED TOMATOES

Popular miniature fruited tomatoes for making preserves, pickles or for serving whole in salads or marmalade. They mature early and continue to bear profusely until late in the season. Easily grown and should find a place in every garden.

RED PEAR. (75 days.) Fruits 2 inches long; pear shaped. The red flesh is tender, sweet and of fine flavor. Excellent for preserves and canning. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 oz., 25c; oz., 40c.**

YELLOW PEAR. (75 days.) Fruits 2 inches long; pear shaped. Has bright yellow, sweet flesh. Mild and unexcelled for preserves. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 oz., 25c; oz., 40c.**

RED PLUM. (75 days.) Fruits oval, 2 inches long; rich deep red. Fine for pickling or salads. **Postpaid, pkt., 10c; 1/2 oz., 25c; oz., 40c.**

TOMATO BASKETS

2-qt., Doz., 30c; 100, \$1.70. **Postpaid, Doz., 40c; 100, \$2.10.** (1,000, \$16.00, cannot mail.)

3-qt., Doz., 35c; 100, \$2.00. **Postpaid, Doz., 50c; 100, \$2.50.** (1,000, \$19.00, cannot mail.)

STAVE BASKETS

	Each	Doz.
1/2 bu. wire bale, picking.....	\$.25	\$2.75
1 bu. side handle, stave.....	.15	1.50
1/2 bu. side handle, stave.....	.15	1.40

Top Notch Tomato Plants

Ready April 1st, following varieties only:

Gulf State Market
Master Marglobe
New Stone
Ponderosa
Rutgers
Stokesdale



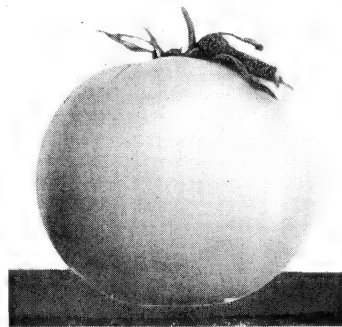
HOTBED OR SEEDLING PLANTS. **Postpaid, 25 for 30c; 50 for 50c; 100 for 85c; 300 for \$2.25.** Ask for prices on larger quantities.

TRANSPLANTED PLANTS. **Postpaid, doz., 25c; 3 doz., 60c; 6 doz., \$1.00; 12 doz., \$1.75.** Ask for prices on larger quantities.

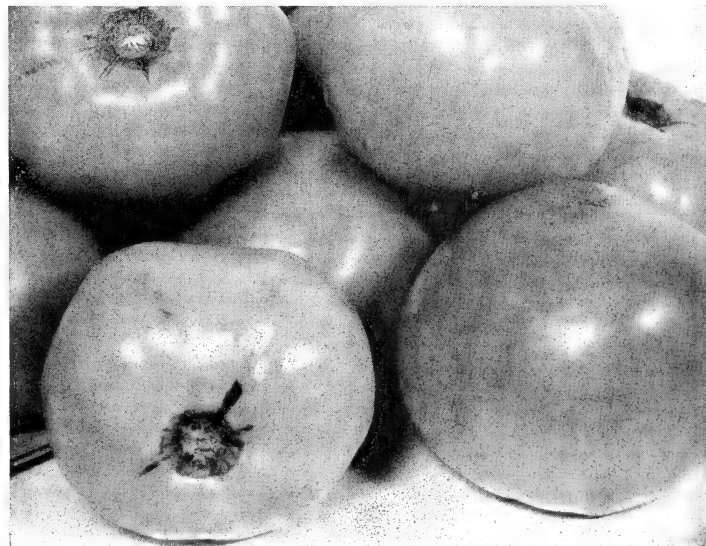
TREE TOMATO

VIGOR VINE (Tree Tomato). (85 days.) The vine of this plant grows 10 to 12 feet high when properly staked and pruned and will bear longer and heavier than the ordinary tomato when handled in this manner. The fruits are globe type, smooth, of true, even color and of good quality. Remember, this tomato will grow much like other tomatoes except when staked and pruned. **Postpaid, pkt., 15c; 1/2 oz., 40c; oz., 75c; 2 oz., \$1.35; 1/4 lb., \$2.50.**

VIGOR VINE (Tree Tomato) PLANTS. **Postpaid, doz., 40c; 3 doz., \$1.00; 6 doz., \$1.75.**



TOMATO—MINGOLD



TOMATO—CERTIFIED STOKESDALE

See Green Ink List

RUSSELL-HECKLE

How, When and Where to Sow Spring sowing should be put in early, so that they will attain a good size before hot weather. For the regular crop, sow the early sorts in July or August, the later sorts during August, and the salad varieties August and September. Sow either broadcast or in drills, 2 to 2½ feet apart, thinning out to 2 to 3 inches and roll the ground after sowing. Cover the seed about ½ inch. Sow 1 to 2 pounds to acre in drills, 2 to 3 pounds broadcast. Rutabagas or Swede should be sown in July, and always in drills 18 to 24 inches apart, and then the plants thinned out to stand 4 to 6 inches. As the plants grow ridge up to them, otherwise they will form ac bulbs.

PURPLE TOP WHITE GLOBE. (55-60 days.) One of the most popular varieties now grown; globe shape, flesh pure white with a purple top, and of very rapid growth. It is of the same character and habit as the Purple Top Flat, differing only in its form and leaves; but owing to the great size and thickness of the root, it will produce twice as much to the acre. It is also a good winter variety. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; ½ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 45c; 5 lbs., \$2.00.**

LARGE YELLOW AMBER GLOBE. (75-80 days.) This is a very beautifully formed variety, of an amber color, quite productive, solid flesh, and attractive in appearance. It keeps well and is desirable for either table use or stock feeding. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; ½ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.25.**

LONG WHITE COWHORN. (65-70 days.) A pure white variety with green top, growing in shape similar to a cow's horn. 12-15 inches long. Is desirable for both table use and for stock feeding. The flesh is mild, sweet and tender. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; ½ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.25.**

EARLY PURPLE TOP FLAT STRAPLEAF. (46 days.) Perfectly flat form with a small tap-root and a bright purple top; the leaves are short and narrow. Fine table variety and excellent for feeding stock. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; ½ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 45c; 5 lbs., \$2.00.**

YELLOW ABERDEEN. (75-80 days.) Resembles a very handsomely formed rutabaga. It can be sown with success fully a month later than the Swede, and is desirable for table use. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; ½ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.25.**

POMERANIAN WHITE GLOBE. (75 days.) Tops large, with cut leaves. Roots large, globe shaped, slightly flattened, weighs 4 to 8 pounds. White throughout, smooth, firm, somewhat coarse. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; ½ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 45c; 5 lbs., \$2.00.**

MIXED TURNIP. A dependable mixture of all the fall and winter turnips, both for the turnips and for the greens that will keep your table supplied from fall until late spring. Sow liberally; they are good both for table use and stock. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; ½ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 45c; 5 lbs., \$2.00.**

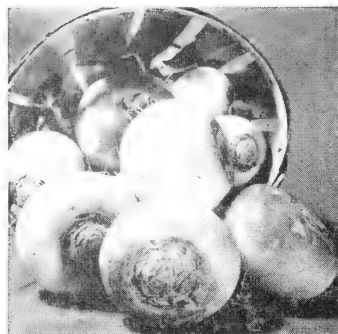
EARLY WHITE EGG. (55-60 days.) Splendid home and market sort. Tops erect, fairly compact, cut-leaved. Roots white, smooth, grow one-half above ground, egg shaped, become 3 inches long and 2¼ inches through; flesh white, firm, fine grained, sweet and tender. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; ½ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.25.**

EARLY WHITE FLAT DUTCH. (46 days.) Is of a beautiful flat form, of pure white color and of a delicate mild flavor. It produces bulbs entirely free from small roots and with long, narrow strap leaves growing erect, which permits close culture. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 20c; ½ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 50c; 5 lbs., \$2.25.**

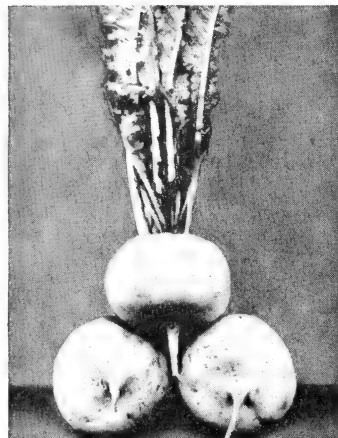
SHOGGIN. (Louse resistant.) (60 days.) It is quick growing and supplies large edible strap leaves as well as smooth globular roots of a superior quality. Already popular as a dual purpose variety; also very desirable because of its resistance to aphids or plant lice. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; ½ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$1.10; 5 lbs., \$5.00.**

SOUTHERN SEVEN TOP. (70 days.) Cultivated very extensively in the South for the tops, which are cooked and served as greens. Does not produce edible roots. Very hardy. May be left standing in the open ground during the winter. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 15c; ½ lb., 25c; 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.75.**

PURPLE-TOP YELLOW RUTABAGAS. (88 days.) One of the best and heaviest cropping sorts. It is of globe shape with a rich purple top and light yellow below the ground. The quality is fine. **Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; ¼ lb., 35c; ½ lb., 60c; 1 lb., \$1.10; 5 lbs., \$5.00.**



TURNIP—PURPLE TOP WHITE GLOBE



TURNIP—SHOGGIN

SPRAYING GUIDE FOR VEGETABLES

WE RECOMMEND "SHERWIN-WILLIAMS" AND "ACME" INSECTICIDES

CROPS	INSECTS AND DISEASES	MATERIALS	DILUTIONS		TIME TO SPRAY
			One Gal. of Water	50 Gals. of Water	
BEAN	Mexican Bean-Beetle	Bean-Beetle Dust or Roto Dust	Apply as a dust as it comes from the package		Dust when beetles appear and as often as necessary thereafter.
BEEF	Leaf-Spot and Flea-Beetle	Pestroy	7 tablespoonsful	7 pounds	Begin when the plants are up and continue thereafter every ten days as often as may be necessary.
CABBAGE and CAULIFLOWER	Cabbage Worm and Looper	Roto Dust	Dust	Dust	When worms first appear before plants head and thereafter as necessary.
CELERY	Blight and Leaf-Tier	Pestroy	9½ tablespoonsful	9½ pounds	Spray or dust in the plant bed; one week after setting and thereafter every two weeks until five applications have been made. Do not spray later than one month before harvesting.
CUCUMBER and MELON	Striped Beetle and Wilt	Pestroy	7 tablespoonsful	7 pounds	Spray as soon as the plants break through and keep them covered until they begin to run.
EGGPLANT	Flea-Beetle and Rot	Pestroy	7 tablespoonsful	7 pounds	Spray frequently as long as the beetles continue to appear and after the fruit begins to set.
PEPPER	Rot	Pestroy	7 tablespoonsful	7 pounds	Spray as soon as the fruit begins to set and two or three times more at two-week intervals.
POTATO	Potato "Bugs", Flea-Beetle, Leaf Hopper and Blight	Pestroy or Red River Potato Spray	9½ tablespoonsful 4 tablespoonsful	9½ pounds 4 pounds	Begin spraying when plants are six inches high and thereafter at ten-day intervals until four or five applications have been made.
TOMATO	Flea-Beetle, Horn Worm, Leaf-Spot	Pestroy	7 tablespoonsful	7 pounds	Spray plants in the bed and after setting spray every ten days until four or five applications have been made.

We Recommend HOTKAPS

FOR EARLIER, BIGGER CROPS
AND PREMIUM PROFITS

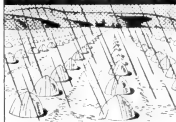
AN INDIVIDUAL HOTHOUSE FOR EVERY PLANT

Germaco HOTKAPS—strong little hothouses—protect plants from destructive frost, storms, insects, promote bigger fruits and vegetables, ripen plants three weeks earlier. Scientific tests, by Agricultural Experiment Station of a leading University, over three-year period show that the average yield per acre of early marketable crops with HOTKAPS is nearly twice as great as without HOTKAPS. Since early-to-market means high out-of-season prices, HOTKAPS return you a handsome profit. Quick, easy to set, instructions on package. One hundred million used by successful growers. Beat everyone with first vegetables, flowers. Crop failure is costly—HOTKAPS protection is cheap! Order today.

FROST can't hurt



RAIN can't harm



INSECTS can't touch



Prices—Home Garden Package, 25 HOTKAPS and paper setter, 50c; postpaid, 60c.

100 Hotkaps with fibreboard garden setter, \$1.95; postpaid, \$2.15.

250 Hotkaps with fibreboard garden setter, \$3.50; postpaid, \$3.75.

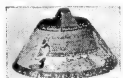
100 Hotkaps (loose) without setter, \$1.75; postpaid, \$1.95.

1,000 Hotkaps without setter, \$11.00.

5,000 Hotkaps without setter, \$3.75.

Steel Setter, \$1.35. Postpaid, \$1.55.

Fibreboard Garden Setter, 15c; postpaid, 35c.

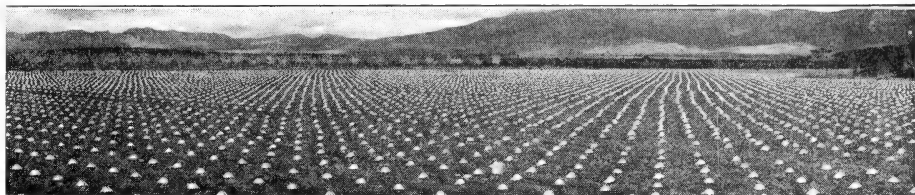


Fibreboard
Garden Setter



Steel Setter

Millions of HOTKAPS are Sold Every Year



FERTILIZE for Increased Crop Yields

HOW TO USE FERTILIZERS

Fifty pounds of Garden Fertilizer is sufficient for a garden 40x50 feet. For most field crops, use from 200 to 400 pounds per acre, according to the soil. Fertilizers can always be used to good advantage by opening up the row, sprinkling thinly the fertilizer; then cover same with a little soil and then sow your seed. Or, they can be used by working them into the soil along the rows after the plant is up, care being taken not to let it come in contact with the leaves or stem of the plant. For plants that are transplanted, work the fertilizer into the soil thoroughly before transplanting, using from a teaspoonful to a small handful, according to the size and the nature of the plant.

BASIC SLAG

Tennessee ground open Hearth Slag, the 6 in. 1 soil builder and soil conditioner. Contains 40% Lime, 8% Phosphoric Acid, 5.50% Manganese Oxide, 18.50% Iron Oxide, 3% Manganese Oxide. Also fine for winter legumes, clovers, grain crops, pastures and vegetables, etc. Increases growth as well as production. Complete descriptive folder on request. For Prices see Green Ink Price List.

RAW BONE MEAL

Especially fine for roses and peonies. For best results use twice a year (early Spring and late Summer). Use about a teaspoonful each time, sprinkle around the bush or plant about one inch away. For other purposes and over larger areas use 8 to 10 pounds to 100 square feet. Prices, postpaid: 5 lbs., 45c; 10 lbs., 80c; 25 lb., \$1.40. Price, F.O.B. Memphis 100 lbs., \$3.10.

VIGORO COMPLETE PLANT FOOD



Vigoro supplies all the elements needed to grow mineral-rich vegetables in your garden. Vigoro is clean, odorless, sanitary, easy to use, and most economical. Prices: 1-lb. pkg., 10c; 5-lb. pkg., 45c; 10-lb. pkg., 85c; 25-lb. bag, \$1.50; 50-lb. bag, \$2.50; 100-lb. bag, \$4.00. Postpaid, 1-lb. pkg., 20c; 5-lb. pkg., 65c; 10-lb. pkg., \$1.15; 25-lb. bag, \$1.85.

SHEEP MANURE

The natural fertilizer, finely pulverized. Fine for lawns, gardens and shrubbery. Improves the mechanical condition of the soil. Excellent for mulching or as a liquid manure. A splendid fertilizer for making new lawns or top dressing old lawns. Use 10 pounds to 100 square feet for mixing in soil and half that quantity for top dressing. Especially recommended for use when sowing winter rye grass. Prices, postpaid: 5 lbs., 45c; 10 lbs., 65c; 25 lbs., \$1.10. Price, F.O.B. Memphis: 100 lbs., \$1.75.

MURIATE OF POTASH—48%

Excellent for fertilizing cotton; helps prevent rust, increases yield. For cotton and grains, 50 to 75 pounds to acre; for potatoes, turnips and truck crops 75 to 150 pounds to acre. For Prices see Green Ink Price List.

ACID-PHOSPHATE—20%

Acid Phosphate is recommended for all grain and grass crops, cowpeas, soy beans, and for applying to lands deficient in phosphoric acid. Apply 200 to 300 pounds to the acre. For Prices see Green Ink Price List.

MIXED FERTILIZERS

The following mixed fertilizers are available in restricted quantities for sale in the various states as shown below. Please write for prices and state quantities wanted.

Arkansas	Mississippi	Tennessee
3-12-6	4-8-4	2-8-10
3-12-12		2-12-6
3-9-18		3-9-6
4-12-4	4-8-8	4-8-8
4-10-7		4-10-4
4-8-12		4-12-4
0-14-7	0-14-7	0-14-7

NITRATE OF SODA

Application of Nitrate of Soda on cabbage, lettuce, beets, etc., makes them more crisp and tender, also fine for many field crops. It requires about 100 to 300 pounds of Nitrate of Soda to the acre, depending on the crop. For Prices see Green Ink Price List.

SULPHATE OF AMMONIA

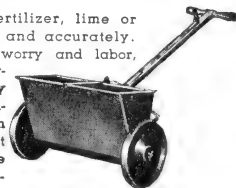
Quickly available; not easily leached from the soil; fine and dry, easily spread by hand or machine. For Prices see Green Ink Price List.

STEAMED BONE MEAL

Recommended for lawns, shrubs, trees, and all garden or farm crops. Slow acting and lasting in effects. Apply 10 pounds to 100 square feet; 500 pounds to the acre. Prices, postpaid: 5 lbs., 45c; 10 lbs., 80c; 25 lbs., \$1.40. Price, F.O.B. Memphis: 100 lbs., \$3.10.

LAWNETTE FERTILIZER AND SEED DISTRIBUTOR

Spreads fertilizer, lime or seeds evenly and accurately. Saves time, worry and labor, ideal for sowing on windy days, especially desirable on lawns since it puts down the fertilizer properly, evenly.



No. 15—14 inches wide (postpaid \$4.00) \$ 3.75

No. 215—24 inches wide (cannot mail) 16.75

See Green Ink List

RUSSELL-HECKLE

SPRAYERS • DUSTERS •

COMPRESSED AIR SPRAYERS



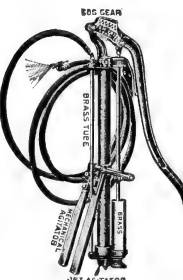
No. 235G—HUDSON CLIMAX SPRAYER. (3 3/4-gal.). "OPEN TOP." The Climax embodies in its construction strength, safety, complete accessibility and efficient operation. Used for all classes of work in the truck garden, orchard, vineyard, poultry house, dairy barn, hog pen, about the yard, etc. Handles whitewash, coldwater paints, agricultural insecticides, etc. Wide opening permits easy filling, emptying or cleaning thoroughly. Galvanized tank. 24 inches 3/8-inch 3-ply spray hose, Perfection automatic shut-off valve which locks open for continuous spraying, 2 ft. brass extension rod, all brass angle spray nozzle. Price, complete, \$6.00; postpaid, \$6.25.

No. 240G—HUDSON CLIMAX JUNIOR SPRAYER. (2 1/2 Gal.) "Open Top." A popular pattern for smaller jobs, or for women or children to use, because of its small capacity and light weight. Wide opening permits easy filling, emptying or cleaning thoroughly. Galvanized tank. 24 inches 3/8-inch 3-ply spray hose, Perfection Automatic shut-off valve which locks open for continuous spraying, 2 ft. brass extension rod, all brass angle spray nozzle. Price, complete, \$5.75; postpaid, \$6.00.

IDEAL SPRAYER

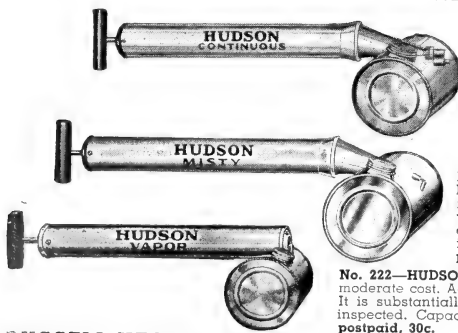
No. 34—HUDSON IDEAL. (18-gal.) A high pressure, portable outfit, similar to Sunshine, as illustrated, being heavier and larger. Maintains working pressure of 200 pounds. A handy outfit for the orchard, vineyard or truck garden. Widely used in the dairy barn, poultry house or cattle pen. Handles whitewash, coldwater paints, agricultural insecticides, stock dips, remedies, etc. Has a 45A barrel pump securely mounted in an 18-gallon heavy galvanized corrugated tank. Has 10-foot 3/8-inch spray hose, 3-foot extension rod and automatic shut-off. F.O.B. Memphis, \$22.50.

MYERS BARREL SPRAYER



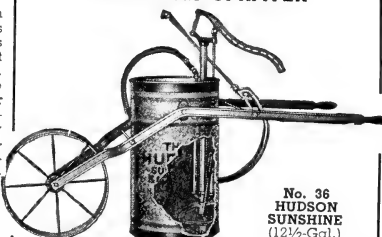
No. R305B Myers. Attaches to side of an open barrel... Equipped with cog gear handle, jet and mechanical agitators, complete with 15 feet of 3/8-inch, 3-ply discharge hose and Myers Graduating Vermorel Nozzle. Price: Less barrel, F.O.B. Memphis, \$16.00.

No. R318B Myers. Attaches to top of closed barrel. Has bronze ball valves and brass seats. Plunger is self-expanding and the cylinder and pipes are all brass. Complete, with 15 feet of 3/8-inch, 3-ply discharge hose, graduating Vermorel nozzle, and mechanical agitator. Price, less barrel, F.O.B. Memphis, \$17.00.



RUSSELL-HECKLE

SUNSHINE SPRAYER



No. 36
HUDSON
SUNSHINE
(12 1/2-Gal.)

was designed particularly for the florist and nurseryman. Short, compact construction permits its use in narrow greenhouse rows and in close quarters. Also adapted for spraying small orchards, vineyards, truck gardens, berry bushes, etc.; for whitewashing and disinfecting poultry houses, dairy barns, hog pens, spraying stock dips and poultry remedies, treating ornamental shrubbery and flowers. Its high pressure and easy portability adapt it for work of all kinds. Its sturdy construction enables it to be used on hillsides and uneven ground without danger of tipping. Complete with 6 feet of 3/8-inch spray hose, 3-foot brass pipe extension and angle spray nozzle. Shipping weight, 40 pounds.

Price, complete, F.O.B. Memphis, \$15.00.



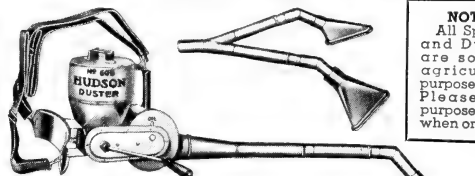
HAND SPRAYERS

No. 432—HUDSON Continuous. Handles all solutions which are sediment free, such as disinfectants, deodorants, insecticides, etc. Fitted with double nozzle to spray ahead or up. Capacity, about 1 quart. Price 80c; postpaid, 95c.

No. 452—HUDSON Misty. The Misty is a universal favorite for use about the yard, backyard garden, poultry house, etc. Sturdy construction. Capacity about 1 quart. Price, 45c; postpaid, 60c.

No. 222—HUDSON Vapor. A handy sprayer at moderate cost. Adapted for small garden work. It is substantially built and is air tested and inspected. Capacity about 3/4 pint. Price, 20c; postpaid, 30c.

ROTO-POWER DUSTER



No. 608—HUDSON ROTO-POWER DUSTER. Adapted for truck gardens, field crops, small orchards, etc. Widely used in the treatment of beans, potatoes, melons, cotton, etc. Capacity 5 pounds Arsenate of Lead or 17 pounds Paris Green. Machine is well balanced and comfortably carried by two adjustable shoulder straps. Crank is shaped for comfortable arm movement, protected from powder and easily accessible. Price, complete, \$14.00; postpaid, \$14.40.

No. 610—HUDSON BARON DUSTER. Same duster as No. 608 above, except constructed to permit dusting in any position, including behind the operator. Keeps powder from blowing in operator's face, likewise avoids the possibility of inhaling the insecticide. Special designed elbows permit the desired angle of discharge. Equipment can be quickly adjusted to meet different requirements of operation. Very efficient for dusting garden truck, field crops, shrubbery, small trees, nursery stock, etc. Price, complete, \$16.00; postpaid, \$16.50.

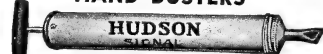
DU-MORE SPRAYER

No. 247G—HUDSON DU-MORE is outstanding in efficiency and design. A slow easy stroke of the powerful diaphragm pump maintains uniform high pressure easily. Adapted for truck and field crops vineyards, berry bushes, fruit trees, ornamental shrubs and flowers. Capacity 4 gallons. Galvanized tank. 36 inches 3/8-inch 3-ply spray hose, Perfection automatic shut-off valve which locks open for continuous spraying, 6-inch tubular brass strainer, 2-foot brass extension, all brass angle spray nozzle. Price, complete, \$18.50; postpaid, \$19.50.

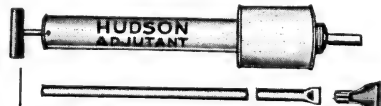


No. 765—HUDSON ADMIRAL DUSTER. The Admiral Duster will effectively handle any powder insecticide, and apply in any quantity desired. Has a range of volume of discharge from a very fine to a very heavy cloud. Price, \$1.20; postpaid, \$1.40.

HAND DUSTERS



No. 660—HUDSON SIGNAL DUSTER. Handles oil insecticides in powder form very efficiently. Used for small garden work. Price 30c; postpaid, 40c.



No. 664—HUDSON ADJUTANT DUSTER. Ample power and capacity for garden and field, in the poultry house, etc. Handles all types of dry powdered insecticides efficiently. Price 50c; postpaid, 65c.

For Quantity Prices

• ACCESSORIES • REPAIR PARTS

EXTENSION RODS



- No. 172B Rod 2 ft., brass..... Each 65c; postpaid, 75c
 No. 172 Rod 2 ft., iron..... Each 45c; postpaid, 55c
 No. 174 Rod 4 ft., iron..... Each 75c; postpaid, 90c

BAMBOO SPRAY POLE



Brass lined, with one-piece lining locked to poles at each end. Fitted with adjustable brass drip shield and stop cock. Recommended for all work where a longer rod than 4 feet is required.

- No. 42 Spray Pole, 8 ft., with stop cock. Each, F.O.B. Memphis \$4.50
 No. 44 Spray Pole, 10 ft., with stop cock. Each, F.O.B. Memphis \$4.75

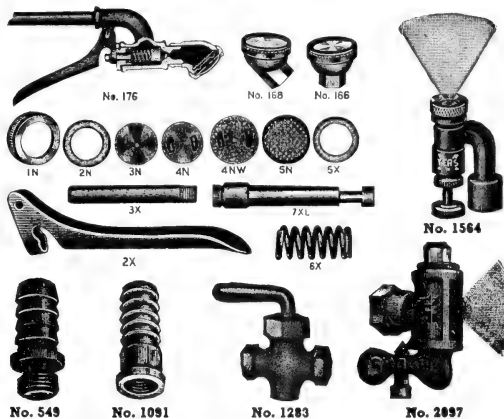


MYERS SPRAY HOSE

Myers Spray Hose is used for barrel, bucket and compressed air pumps and is furnished in 3/8-inch size only, any length up to 100 feet, 1 to 24 ft., 13c per ft. (Postage 2c per ft. extra); 24 to 100 ft., 12c per ft. (Postage 1c per foot extra).

MISCELLANEOUS SPRAYER REPAIRS

- Barrel Spray Pump Leather Washers..... Each, postpaid, \$.15
 Bucket Spray Pump Leather Washers..... Each, postpaid, .10
 Hand Spray Pump Leather Washers..... Each, postpaid, .10
 Compressed Air Spray Pump Leather Washers..... Each, postpaid, .10
 Rubber Gaskets for Compressed Air Sprayer..... Each, postpaid, .10
 Rubber Gasket for Open Top Comp. Air Sprayer Small, 1 1/2; Large .25
 No. 1279 Y Connection..... Each, postpaid, .70
 No. 1380 45-degree Bend Connection..... Each, postpaid, .35
 No. 1381 45-degree Double Bend..... Each, postpaid, .50
 No. 3212 Myers Straight Nozzle..... Each, postpaid, .88
 No. 3214 Myers Angle Nozzle..... Each, postpaid, .90
 Hose Clamps, 3/8- or 1/2-inch..... Each, postpaid, .85



NOZZLES, PARTS AND ACCESSORIES

- | Each, Postpaid | | Each, Postpaid | |
|---------------------------------|--------|--|------|
| No. 176—Shut-off Nozzle..... | \$1.75 | No. 3-X—Hose Nipple..... | .15 |
| No. 166—Straight Nozzle..... | .68 | No. 7-XL—Shut-off Valve..... | .28 |
| No. 168—Angle Nozzle..... | .60 | No. 2-X—Shut-off Handle..... | .30 |
| No. 1-N—Nozzle Cap..... | .20 | No. 6-X—Shut-off Spring..... | .15 |
| No. 2-N—Nozzle Washer..... | .05 | No. 1564—Vermorel Nozzle..... | .90 |
| No. 3-N—Outside Disc..... | .10 | No. 2097—Bordeaux Nozzle..... | 1.20 |
| No. 4-N—Inside Disc..... | .10 | No. 1283—Shut-off Cock..... | 1.35 |
| No. 4-NW—Inside Disc..... | .10 | No. 1091—Female End, 3/4" or 1/2"..... | .35 |
| No. 5-N—Nozzle Screen..... | .10 | No. 549—Male End, 3/8" or 1/2"..... | .35 |
| No. 5-X—Packing Nut Gasket..... | .05 | | |

SPRAYING GUIDE FOR FRUITS

CROPS	INSECTS AND DISEASES	MATERIALS	DILUTIONS		TIME TO SPRAY
			One Gal. of Water	50 Gals. of Water	
PEACH PLUM CHERRY APRICOT	Scale, Insects and Leaf Curl	Lime-Sulphur Sol. Oil Emulsion or Dry Lime-Sulphur	1 pint 1/4 pint 18-20 teaspoonsful	5-7 gallons 2 gallons 12-15 gallons	Before the buds swell. Add Bordeaux to Oil Emulsion to prevent leaf curl.
	Shot Hole or Fungi Curculio	Zinc Sulphate Arsenate of Lead	1 teaspoonful 2 teaspoonsful	2 pounds 3/4 to 1 pound	Combine with petal fall and later sprays. Use in combination with Dritomic Sulphur on petal fall, shuck and cover sprays.
	Scab and Brown Rot	Dry Mix, Dritomic Sulphur	12-20 teaspoonsful 8 teaspoonsful	8-10 pounds 2 1/2 pounds	1. When most of shucks are off. 2. Two weeks after shucks have dropped. 3. Four weeks before picking if necessary.
	Borers	Paradichlorbenzene Para Scalecide	1 oz. 2 in. from trunk of tree Sprinkle around trunk of tree		In the fall or spring. In the fall or spring.
APPLE PEAR	Scale Insects and Blister Mites	Lime-Sulphur Sol. Dry Lime-Sulphur	1 pint 18-20 teaspoonsful	5-7 gallons 12-15 pounds	Dormant and delayed dormant. When buds begin to swell.
	Psylla, Slugs, Scab and Codling Moth	Bordeaux Mixture or Dry Lime-Sulphur or Lime-Sulphur Sol. with Arsenate of lead	12-16 teaspoonsful 5-6 teaspoonsful 1/5 pint 3-8 teaspoonsful	6-8 pounds 3-4 pounds 1 1/4-1 1/2 gallons 1-1 1/2 pounds	1. Cluster or pink stage. 2. Calyx or petal fall. 3. Two weeks after petals fall.
	Later Codling Moth For Blight at full blossom Blotch	Arsenate of Lead Bordeaux Dritomic Sulphur	3-8 teaspoonsful 12-16 teaspoonsful 3 teaspoonsful	1-1 1/2 pounds 8 pounds 1 pound	Eight to ten weeks after petals fall and as often as necessary to keep fruit covered with Arsenate of Lead, and a fungicide.
	Aphids (Plant Lice)	Black Leaf 40	1 teaspoonful	1/2 pint	Combine with other spray and apply when Aphids appear.
GRAPE	Chewing Insects Black Rot-Mildew	Arsenate of Lead Bordeaux Mixture	2 teaspoonsful 12-16 teaspoonsful	1-1 1/2 pounds 6-8 pounds	1. After the blossoms fall. 2. Ten days to two weeks later.
	Leaf Hopper	Black Leaf 40	1 teaspoonful	1/2 pint	Apply when first nymphs of the Hopper acquire wings.
BLACKBERRY DEWBERRY RASPBERRY	Rose - Scale, Cane-Blight, Leaf-Spot	Dry Lime-Sulphur	9 level tablespoonsful	12 pounds	In spring before growth starts.
	Anthracnose	Dry Lime-Sulphur	2 1/2 level tablespoonsful	3 pounds	Just before the bloom.
STRAWBERRY	Leaf-Spot, Flea Beetle and Leaf-Roller	Pestroy	7 level tablespoonsful	7 pounds	1. Before the blossoms open. 2. As soon as the fruit has been picked.

**TOP NOTCH
APPROVED...**

Insecticides and Fungicides

**FOR ORCHARD
AND GARDEN**

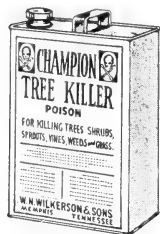


BAIT-M

An effective insecticide bait which will throw a ring of protection around shrubs, flowers and plants in garden and lawn. For use against snails, slugs, cutworms, earwigs, sow bugs, grasshoppers and many other insects which migrate along the ground. 1½-lb. pkg., 35c. Postpaid, 45c.

ACME STOP

A sticky barrier used to keep trees, shrubs and vines to prevent insects from crawling up the foliage. Its principal use is on shade trees, apple trees, as well as grape vines. 8 oz., 35c.; 1 lb., 65c.; 5 lbs., \$3.00. Postpaid, 45c., 75c and \$3.20.



CHAMPION TREE KILLER

For trees, shrubs and vines. Trees die quicker than with the old method of deadening. Kills any variety when properly applied. Will kill Johnson Grass, sprouts, etc. Qt., 50c; gal., \$1.25; 5 gal., \$5.50; 30 gal., \$30.00. Postpaid, qt., 65c; gal., \$1.50.

CORROSIVE SUBLIMATE. Used for treating sweet potatoes before planting to prevent Common Scab, Black Scurf and Blackleg. One ounce will make 8 to 10 gallons of solution. ¼-lb., \$1.00; 1 lb., \$3.75; 5 lbs., \$17.50. Postpaid, ¼-lb., \$1.05; 1 lb., \$3.85; 5 lbs., \$17.75.



★ BEAN BEETLE DUST

Especially prepared to control the Mexican Bean Beetle. It is non-poisonous to human beings or animals. In addition to controlling the larvae and adults of the Mexican Bean Beetle, it will control Cabbage Worms and Cabbage Loops, and many other chewing insects. 1-lb. can, 35c; 5-lb. bag, \$1.00. Postpaid, 45c and \$1.25.

★ ROTO-DUST

A dust that kills all plant insects, including all kinds of aphids and chewing insects, but is non-poisonous to human beings, birds or animal life. Contains Rotenone. 1 lb. can, 40c; 4-lb. bag, 75c. Postpaid, 50c and 95c.

★ ROTO-SPRA

A Rotenone compound designed for spraying many kinds of vegetables, small fruits and flowers, to control aphids, leaf hoppers, cabbage worms, Mexican Bean Beetle. Non-poisonous to human beings. 3 lbs. make 100 gallons of spray. 1-lb. can, 65c; 4-lb. bag, \$2.20. Postpaid, 75c and \$2.40.



NOTICE—In cooperation with the War Production Board conservation order M-133, all Rotenone bearing products (indicated by star ★) are sold for use on food crops only, but not including cotton, tobacco, cranberries, egg plant, cucurbits (cucumbers, melons and similar vine crops) onions, peppers and sweet corn.

Yellow Cuprocide

Yellow Cuprocide is practically all fungicide, being 93% cuprous oxide, an "insoluble" copper. When you spray Yellow Cuprocide, you do not load your plants with inactive material that keeps out the light and interferes with growth. Every pound you put in your tank is there to fight the bugs. It has been thoroughly demonstrated that Yellow Cuprocide is superior to Bordeaux in continued fungicidal activity. Sold for agricultural crops only. Don't forget to send certificate. See special notice top of this page. 3-lb. bag, \$1.40. Postpaid, 3-lb. bag, \$1.55.



RED ARROW SPRAY

For control of certain chewing and sucking insects. 1-oz. bottle, 35c; 4-oz. bottle, \$1.00; 1-pt. bottle, \$2.85; 1-qt. tin, \$5.00; 1-gal. tin, \$16.00. Postpaid, 1 oz., 40c; 4 oz., \$1.10; pt., \$2.95; 1 qt., \$5.15; 1 gal., \$16.25.



RED RIVER POTATO MIX

Dust or spray. A scientific formula combining a patented copper fungicide with quick-killing arsenic. Kills potato bugs quicker—drives off flea beetle and leaf hoppers—prevents blight—stimulates foliage. Sold for agricultural crops only. 1-lb. bag, 35c; 4-lb. bag, 85c. Postpaid, 45c and \$1.05.

BLACK LEAF 40

To enjoy the delights of a good garden your vegetables and flowers must have protection against insect pests. Experienced gardeners everywhere guard their gardens with "Black Leaf 40". Economical—a little makes a lot of spray. Effective—"Black Leaf 40" has double killing action—by contact and also by fumes. Directions on label and free leaflets to help you to kill certain insects. 1 oz., 32c; 5 oz., \$1.00; 1-lb. bottle, \$2.30; 2-lb. can, \$3.28; 5-lb. can, \$6.60; 10-lb. can, \$11.65. Postpaid, 1 oz., 35c; 5 oz., \$1.10; 1-lb. bottle, \$2.45; 2-lb. can, \$3.50; 5-lb. can, \$6.85; 10-lb. can, \$11.95.



SPECIAL NOTICE

All Chemicals are now under strict control by the War Production Board and with all orders for Blue Stone or Copper Sulphate, Cuprocide and Yellow Cuprocide it is necessary that we have a certificate from the purchaser stating that they are to be used in connection with the cultivation of agricultural crops only. For your convenience we suggest a suitable certificate shown as follows:

I hereby certify that the copper chemicals covered by order dated _____ will be used, or sold for use, only for soil treatment or as an insecticide or fungicide, in connection with the cultivation of agricultural crops.

Name of Purchaser _____
By _____

CRYOLITE

A fluorine insecticide; has been used by a large number of state experiment stations and individual growers. Safe and economical for use on peaches, tobacco, beans, melons, cucumbers, cabbage and potatoes in the control of the beetles and worms. Sold for insecticidal purposes only. 6-lb. pkg., \$1.05; 24 lbs., \$4.00; case 48 lbs., \$7.44. Postpaid, 6-lb. pkg., \$1.30; 24 lbs., \$4.50.



ROSE-AID

A complete rose dust, recommended especially for the control of aphids, chewing insects and diseases, such as Mildew and Black Spot on roses. Also used on many other flowers for the control of certain fungous diseases, chewing and sucking insects. 1-lb. can, 50c. Postpaid, 60c.

MULSOID SULFUR

A micro-fine wettable sulfur. As a spray for Brown Rot, Scab of peaches, Scab of apples and pears, after the fall of the bloom, use 4 to 5 pounds to 100 gallons of water. For spraying cherries and plums to control Brown Rot, spray after the early lime sulfur applications with 4 to 5 pounds to 100 gallons of water. 1-lb. bag, 25c; 6-lb. bag, 80c; case 48 lbs., \$4.08. Postpaid, 1 lb., 35c; 6 lbs., \$1.00.



NEW EVER GREEN

A Pyrethrum insecticide, for killing plant lice, cabbage worms, thrips, rose slugs, rose chaffer, mealy bugs, leaf hoppers, bean beetle and other insects. Simply dilute with water as directed and spray. New Ever Green contains sprayer. Full directions on each package. 1-oz. bottle, 35c; 6-oz. can, \$1.00; 16-oz. can, \$2.00; 1-gal. can, \$12.20. Postpaid, 1 oz., 40c; 6 oz., \$1.10; 16 oz., \$2.10; 1 gal., \$12.45.

PESTROY BORDEAUX ARSENATE

An all-around spray for the home orchard and garden. Controls chewing insects and plant diseases. Recommended for potatoes, beans and all garden crops. Sold for agricultural crops only. 1-lb. can, 35c; 4-lb. bag, \$1.00. Postpaid, 1-lb. can, 45c; 4-lb. bag, \$1.25.



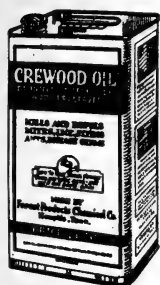
RUSSELL-HECKLE

For Quantity Prices

**TOP NOTCH
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Insecticides and Fungicides

**FOR ORCHARD
AND GARDEN**



CREWOOD OIL

Termites multiply rapidly, work slowly but surely. If your home or other buildings are infested, condition must be controlled or damage will be appalling in a short time. Thorough treatment with Crewood Oil will not only eliminate same, but act as disinfectant and avoid wood rot as well. It is inexpensive and no skilled labor required to apply. 1 gal., 85c; 5 gal., \$2.50; 10 gal., \$4.75; 50 gal., \$16.50. Cannot mail.



PARIS GREEN

Contains a maximum percentage of arsenious oxide and a minimum percentage of water soluble arsenious oxide. This means quick death to Potato Bugs, Army Worms, Grasshoppers, Tobacco Worms, Sugar Beet Web Worms and Cut-worms. Sold for agricultural crops only. 1/4 lb., 16c; 1 lb., 34c; 5 lbs., \$2.10; 14 lbs., \$5.14. Postpaid, 1/4 lb. 21c; 1 lb., 34c; 5 lbs., \$2.30; 14 lbs., \$5.49.



ACME PYRETHRUM GARDEN GUARD

Don't let the bugs have your vegetables and flowers. Dust with Acme Pyrethrum Garden Guard and enjoy the fruits of your toil. The killing ingredient is now Pyrethrum, non-injurious to humans and warm-blooded animals. It gives immediate control over a wide range of insects, including such hard-to-kill bugs as Squash Bugs and Cucumber Beetles. 1 lb., 35c; 4 lbs., 75c; 24 lbs., \$4.20; 50 lbs., \$8.25. Postpaid, 1 lb., 45c; 4 lbs., 90c; 24 lbs., \$4.70.

PARADICHLOR BENZENE

An old reliable gas-forming crystal for peach tree borer control. Time of application, October 1st to November 30th. It can also be used in the spring, early in March. 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.25; 10 lbs., \$2.25; 25 lbs., \$4.25; 50 lbs., \$8.00; 100 lbs., \$14.50. Postpaid, 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.45; 10 lbs., \$2.50; 25 lbs., \$4.75.



NICOTINE PYROX

A combined insecticide and fungicide prepared for use on vegetables, fruits, etc. It protects plants against insect pests and fungous diseases. A soft, creamy paste, ready to use. Just dilute with water. Sticks to the foliage. Sold for agricultural crops only. 20 oz. jar, 60c; 5-lb. can, \$1.70. Postpaid, 1 lb., 70c; 5 lbs., \$1.95.



PRUNING PAINT

For treating wounds left by pruning, storms, or accident, to prevent such diseases as European Canker Fungus, Hard Rot, and certain other fungi. Sold for agricultural crops only. 1/2 pt., 30c; pt., 45c; qt., 75c; gal., \$2.35. Postpaid, 40c, 55c, 90c and \$2.60.



ARSENATE OF LEAD

The most favored arsenical insecticide found on the American market. It is safest to use on tender foliage and sticks well on the leaves. Recommended for fruit trees, vegetables, bushes and tobacco. Can be used as dust or spray. 1/2-lb. can, 20c; 1-lb. bag, 25c; 4-lb. bag, 75c. Postpaid, 1/2-lb. can, 30c; 1-lb. bag, 39c; 4-lb. bag, 95c.



ATLACIDE

Atlacide is a fine white powder manufactured especially for weed killing purposes. Readily soluble in water, it is applied as a spray. It does not destroy weeds by merely burning off the leaf surface by caustic action—Atlacide penetrates and kills roots! Consequently, weeds are permanently eradicated. 5 lbs., \$1.50; 15 lbs., \$2.75; 50 lbs., \$17.00; 100 lbs., \$30.00. Postpaid, 5 lbs., \$1.70; 15 lbs., \$3.15. Sales controlled by W.P.B.

ACME WEED KILLER

A powerful quick-acting arsenical weed killer for destroying weeds and all plant life on driveways, tennis courts, paths, etc. Pt., 35c; qt., 55c; gal., \$1.60; 5 gal., \$6.00. Postpaid, pt., 45c; qt., 70c; gal., \$1.85. Write for prices on barrels only.



SCALECIDE

The Complete Dormant Spray. A well-known dormant or delayed dormant spray for the control of scale, peach leaf curl, aphids, red mite and other insects. For fruit trees or ornamentals. Simple, effective and easy to apply. Qt., 75c; gal., \$1.75; 5 gal., \$8.35; 10 gal., \$10.90. Postpaid, qt., 90c; gal., \$2.00.



BORDEAUX MIXTURE (Fungi-Bordo)

An extremely fine, fluffy Bordeaux Mixture in dry powdered form. Prevents large losses caused by blight, rot, mildew, scab, anthracnose and certain other fungus diseases. Almost every kind of vegetable, fruit and shrub can be greatly improved by the early use of Bordeaux Mixture. Sold for agricultural crops only. 1-lb. bag, 30c; 4-lb. bag, 75c; case 48 lbs., \$7.20. Postpaid, 1-lb. bag, 40c; 4-lb. bag, 95c.

30c; 4-lb. bag, 75c; case 48 lbs., \$7.20. Postpaid, 1-lb. bag, 40c; 4-lb. bag, 95c.

SPRAY SOAP

A fish oil soap effective in destroying many sucking insects and lice on plants, trees, ferns, etc. If used with nicotine it greatly increases the value of that spray. 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.50. Postpaid, 1 lb., 45c; 5 lbs., \$1.70; 10 lbs., \$2.80.



GARDEN VOLCK

Same as above except contains nicotine. 3/4-oz. bottle, 35c; pt., \$1.00. Postpaid, 45c and \$1.10.

KOPPER QUEEN (Mildew Spray)

A strong liquid copper spray for the control of curly leaf of peaches, shot-hole fungus, blight of raspberries, damping-off of seedlings, etc. Sold for agricultural purposes only. 1/2 pt., 30c; pt., 60c; qt., 90c; gal., \$2.25. Postpaid, 1/2 pt., 45c; pt., 70c; qt., \$1.00; gal., \$2.50.



NURSERY VOLCK

A summer oil spray to control scale, mealy bugs, aphids, red spider, etc. 1/2 pt., 35c; qt., 75c; gal., \$2.25; 5 gal., \$9.00. Postpaid, 1/2 pt., 45c; qt., 90c; gal., \$2.50.

ACME WETTABLE DUSTING SULPHUR

(Excellent Chigger Chaser)

An improved dusting sulphur for home use which can also be used as a liquid spray. Recommended to control mildew, leaf spot, black spot and rust on rose bushes, chrysanthemums, snapdragons, carnations and certain other foliage; also red spiders on evergreens. 98 per cent passes through 325-mesh screen. 2-lb. carton, 30c. Postpaid, 45c.



★ IMPROVED SLUG SHOT

A safe insecticide which has been used extensively and continuously for over half a century as a control for Mexican Bean Beetle and other garden insects. Does not injure foliage and acts in some measure as a fungicide. Requires no mixing or preparation, easily applied and not injurious to persons applying it. Sold for agricultural crops only. 1 lb., 30c; 5 lbs., \$1.15. Postpaid, 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.35.



CARBON DISULPHIDE

Used for controlling weevil in peas, beans, grains, etc. Put seeds to be treated in a tightly closed container such as a water barrel, strong goods box or metal container. For treating small lots, 2 oz. of Carbon Disulphide per bushel is sufficient. Full directions on package. 1 lb., 45c; 5 lbs., \$1.75; 10 lbs., \$2.90; 50 lbs., \$6.00. Not mailable.



See Green Ink List

RUSSELL-HECKLE

BLUESTONE (Copper Sulphate)

Formula for making Home Made Bordeaux. Dissolve our Powdered Bluestone at the rate of 4 pounds to 50 gallons of water. It will require only a few minutes' stirring to dissolve Powdered Bluestone. Then, while stirring, add 6 pounds hydrated lime to the above mixture. If the above directions are correctly followed you will have 50 gallons of standard strength 4-6-50 Bordeaux. By combining the Bluestone and the Lime at different proportions, one can make any strength Bordeaux Mixture desired. In Bordeaux formulas the first figure given means pounds of Bluestone (Copper Sulphate); the second figure means pounds of hydrated lime, and the third figure means gallons of water. Use only wooden or crockery containers for dissolving Bluestone. Sold for agricultural crops only. Dont forget to send certificate. See Special Note on page 42.

POWDERED—1 lb., 15c; 5 lbs., 65c; 10 lbs., \$1.00; 100 lbs., \$9.00. Postpaid, 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 85c; 10 lbs., \$1.25.

GRANULAR—1 lb., 15c; 5 lbs., 55c; 10 lbs., 95c; 100 lb., \$8.50. Postpaid, 1 lb., 25c; 5 lbs., 75c; 10 lbs., \$1.20.

VELVET DRY MIX

A complete summer spray for peaches, for Brown Rot and Curculio. Can also be used for apples, currants, gooseberries, grapes, rose bushes, etc. For wet spray, use 1 pound to 4 gallons of water. Sift in and thoroughly mix before using. Keep well agitated. 1-lb. bag, 25c; 5-lb. bag, 75c; 12½-lb. bag, \$1.50; 100 lbs., \$9.00. Postpaid, 1 lb., 35c; 5 lbs., 95c; 12½ lbs., \$1.85.

TOBACCO DUST

Especially desirable for use against Aphis (plant lice), and other sucking insects. For best results, dust on early in the morning or late in the evening when the foliage is damp. Our Tobacco Dust is of extra fine quality, very strong in nicotine content. 1 lb., 10c; 3 lbs., 25c; 5 lbs., 35c; 10 lbs., 60c; 25 lbs., \$1.00; 100 lbs., \$3.20. Postpaid, 1 lb., 20c; 3 lbs., 40c; 5 lbs., 55c; 10 lbs., 85c.

GRAFTING WAX

It is used for grafting, budding, top working, etc., of all kinds of fruit, ornamental trees, shrubs and vines. It is unexcelled for use in painting cuts, bruises and after trimming. ¼ lb., 20c; ½ lb., 30c; 1 lb., 50c. Postpaid, ¼ lb., 25c; ½ lb., 40c; 1 lb., 60c.

APP-L-SET

When sprayed on the apple stem, this chemical compound tends to hold the fruit on the tree for a longer time, greatly reducing losses from wind, and to a great extent, eliminating "spot picking." App-L-Set (Dry Mix) is recommended for use at ¼ lb. per 100 gallons of water, with which it mixes easily and quickly. This small amount of material will not spot your fruit or leave any objectionable residue. Price: ¼-lb. can, \$1.25, postpaid.

SUPERFINE SULPHUR

325 Mesh. For dusting cotton hoppers, red spider, mildew on roses and for use with lime in making self-boiled Lime Sulphur Solution. 1 lb., 10c; 3 lbs., 25c; 10 lbs., 75c; 25 lbs., \$1.50; 100 lbs., \$4.00. Postpaid, 1 lb., 20c; 3 lbs., 40c; 10 lbs., 95c; 25 lbs., \$2.00.

HYDRATED LIME

For mixing with Sulphur in making dry mix or home-boiled Lime-Sulphur and for mixing with Bluestone (Copper Sulphate) for making home-made Bordeaux; also used for sweetening acid soil in flower and vegetable gardens, and for mixing with sprays where Arsenate of Lead is used. 10-lb. sack, 25c; 40-lb. sack, 50c. Postpaid, 10 lbs., 50c.

ORTHO SPREADER

In dry form and is designed primarily for use with Arsenate of Lead and Lime Sulphur solution. As the name implies, Ortho Spreader functions to provide more effective film coverage for Arsenate of Lead. It also provides buffering action through protective colloids, making it possible to reduce hydrated Lime diluent effect to a minimum. This same colloidal action buffers the action between Arsenate of Lead and Liquid Lime Sulphur, largely preventing the formation of black sludge (Lead Sulphide) in the tank, and reducing danger from the combination. The low dosage of Spreader required (¼ to ½ lb. per 100 gallons) makes its cost negligible. This Spreader has practically replaced all other types of popular dry Spreaders over the past eight years. 1 lb., 90c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.85; 25 lbs., \$5.50; case, 50 lbs., \$11.00. Postpaid, 1 lb., 40c; 5 lbs., \$1.50; 10 lbs., \$2.65; 25 lbs., \$6.10.

SAFE-N-LEAD

A patented zinc compound in powdered form for use with Arsenate of Lead sprayed on apples and peaches to prevent arsenical injury to fruit and foliage. Safe-N-Lead is recommended to the rate of 1 pound to every 3 pounds of Arsenate of Lead. 3-lb. bag, 60c. Postpaid, 75c.

ZINC SULPHATE

Recommended for use as a spray on peaches to control Bacterial Leaf Spot and to prevent arsenical injury to peach foliage. Use it in each of the summer sprays on peaches, beginning with the petal fall spray at the rate of 2 pounds to each 50 gallons. If you are using as much as 4 pounds of Hydrated Lime to 50 gallons of water in your regular material, additional lime is not necessary; otherwise, add 2 pounds of Hydrated Lime to each 50 gallons. 1 lb., 15c; 2 lbs., 25c; 5 lbs., 55c; 10 lbs., 95c; 25 lbs., \$2.15; 100 lbs., \$6.60. Postpaid, 1 lb., 25c; 2 lbs., 40c; 5 lbs., 75c; 10 lbs., \$1.20; 25 lbs., \$2.65.

PARA-SCALECIDE (Liquid)

"For Peach Tree Borers"

PARA-SCALECIDE is Scalecide plus Parachlorobenzene and has been used for the past ten years on millions of peach trees, both young and old, without a single report of injury. Para-SCALECIDE is both economical and easy to use, just dilute 1 gallon of Para-SCALECIDE in 7 gallons of water and apply by spraying or pouring. One gallon of Para-SCALECIDE will treat from 45 to 125 trees, depending on age and size. Complete directions on package.

PARA-SCALECIDE PRICES

	Plus Deposit on Drums
55-gal. Returnable Drums	\$39.76 \$3.00
50-gal. Returnable Drums	36.15 3.00
30-gal. Returnable Drums	25.00 2.50
15-gal. Returnable Drums	14.82 2.00
5-gal. Cans	7.03
1-gal. Cans (Postpaid, \$2.45)	2.20
1-qt. Cans (Postpaid, \$1.00)	.85

MIKE WETTABLE SULPHUR

A trade name for the new Microscopic extra fine prepared sulphur. Mixes readily with water in combination with Lime, Arsenate of Lead, etc. Mike Sulphur is one of the finest and best materials of its kind, as it really stays in suspension and therefore gives the needed results. 1-lb., 30c; 5-lb., 1.40; 10-lb., 2.40; 25-lb., 4.40; 50-lb., 7.40; 100-lb., 12.40. Postpaid, 1-lb. can, 40c; 4-lb. can, 60c; 10-lb., \$1.55.

OIL EMULSION

For the control of San Jose and other scale insects. Spray applications may be made any time during the dormant season, weather permitting, at the rate of one gallon of Oil Emulsion to 20 gallons of water. To control Peach Leaf Curl add 4 pounds of Bordeaux to each 50 gallons diluted Oil Emulsion. 1 qt., 35c; ½ gal., 50c; gal., 65c; 5 gal., \$2.25. Postpaid, 1 qt., 50c; ½ gal., 65c; gal., 85c.

DENDROL DORMANT SPRAY OIL

An improved soluble oil which mixes in any kind of water. Recommended because of its high killing power in the control of San Jose Scale and other orchard insects. Use 2½ gallons of Dendrol in 97½ gallons of water. To control Peach Leaf Curl add 4 pounds of Bordeaux to each 50 gallons diluted Dendrol. 1 qt., 40c; ½ gal., 60c; gal., 85c; 5 gal., \$3.75; 10 gal., \$7.00. Postpaid, 1 qt., 55c; ½ gal., 80c; gal., \$1.10.

LIME-SULPHUR SOLUTION

A powerful fungicide as well as being a contact insecticide. Use in heavy concentrations of 1 gallon to 8 gallons of water in the dormant season, it will effectively control San Jose and several other of the less resistant scale insects. For the dormant spraying of peaches it will control the leaf curl (fungus disease) of peach and scale insects at the same time. 1-qt. can, 30c; ½ gal., 45c; 1 gal., 60c; 5 gal., \$2.15. Postpaid, qt., 45c; ½ gal., 60c; gal., 80c.

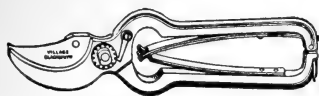
DRY LIME SULPHUR

A standard 33 degree Baume lime and sulphur converted into a dry powder, but having all the effectiveness of the liquid product when dissolved in water. For dormant spraying, dissolve 12 to 15 pounds in each 50 gallons of water. 1-lb. can, 35c; 12½-lb. bag, \$1.50; 100 lbs., \$10.00. Postpaid, 1-lb. can, 45c; 12½-lb. bag, \$1.80.

**TOP NOTCH
APPROVED ...**

Miscellaneous Supplies

**FOR ORCHARD
AND GARDEN**



No. V1409 HAND SHEAR. 9-inch. Forged cutlery steel blades. Black crackle finished handles. Brass springs. Ratchet lock nut. Each, \$1.35; postpaid, \$1.50.



No. R10 HAND SHEAR. 8-inch. Green enameled malleable handles. Volute spring. A good serviceable shear at a low price. Each, 60¢; postpaid, 75¢.

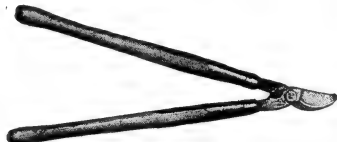


No. 119 SNAP-CUT HAND PRUNER. The snip-cut design makes an extremely easy and fine cutting tool. It is proclaimed by fruit growers, gardeners, etc., as the finest shear ever produced. Each, \$2.00; postpaid, \$2.10.

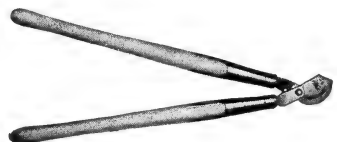
No. 118 SNAP-CUT HAND PRUNER. Handsome pocket size, same as above only smaller, for lighter work. Extremely practical and useful for every gardener. Easily cuts 1/2-inch green branches. 6 inches long. Each, \$1.25; postpaid, \$1.35.



No. 149 LONG HANDLE SNAP-CUT PRUNER. Ash handles pinned to the shank. This shear will cut large limbs with unbelievable ease. 25 inches. Each, \$3.50; postpaid, \$3.75.



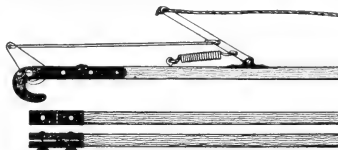
No. 055 LONG HANDLE SHEAR. 26 inches overall. California pattern. Selected waxed ash handles. Heavy bronzed strap ferrules. Each, \$2.75; postpaid, \$3.00.



No. 45S LONG HANDLE SHEAR. 26 inches overall. Selected handles, heavy bronze strap ferrules. Each, \$2.00; postpaid, \$2.25.



No. 514 PRUNING SAW. Finest quality tempered steel, accurately filed and set teeth, with a comfortable handle. 14-inch blade. Each, \$1.40; postpaid, \$1.55.



No. 1312 TIP TOP TREE TRIMMER. For general home or orchard. Is an easy cutting, easy to operate tool whose 12-foot handle is furnished in three sections. Each, \$3.00; postpaid, \$3.25.

No. 1312S. Same as above with saw. Each, \$4.00; postpaid, \$4.25.

VEGETABLE AND FLOWER TWINE

2-ply Jute, 1/2-lb. balls. Each, 15¢; 10 for \$1.48. Postpaid, paid, 20¢ and \$1.63.

6-ply Cotton, 2 1/2-oz. ball. Each, 10¢; 5-lb. pkg., for \$2.50. Postpaid, each, 15¢; 5-lb. pkg., \$2.70.

6-ply Cotton, 2 1/2-lb. cone. \$1.25. Postpaid, \$1.40.



JUTE TWINE IN COILS

For bunching vegetables, tying plants to stakes and trellises, etc. 2-ply, 25-lb. coil, 100 ends. Per coil, \$7.50; postpaid, \$8.00.

**TOP NOTCH
APPROVED ...**

FOODS and REMEDIES

**FOR DOGS, CATS,
BIRDS AND FISH**

MILLER'S DOG FEEDS

DOG RATION. Contains cereals, meat, bone, yeast and cod liver oil. It is fed to hunting dogs, police dogs, fox terriers, bulldogs and all other kinds. It is also fine for puppies. Cooked and ready to use. Postpaid, 1 lb., 20¢; 5 lbs., 60¢; 10 lbs., \$1.05.

MEATIES. The cube form of Miller's Dog and Puppy Ration. A most convenient method of feeding. Ready for instant use. Postpaid, 1 lb., 20¢; 5 lbs., 65¢; 10 lbs., \$1.15.

WHOLE BISCUITS. Provides the gnawing foods all dogs need for clean, strong teeth, healthy gums, and good digestion. Help your dog live longer. Feed Miller's Biscuits four or five mornings a week. Postpaid, 1 lb., 25¢; 5 lbs., 75¢; 10 lbs., \$1.30.

KIBBLED BISCUITS is the same as whole, only in broken form, which makes it convenient for mixing with vegetables, meat, fish, soups, broths, etc. Postpaid, 1 lb., 25¢; 5 lbs., 75¢; 10 lbs., \$1.30.

PUPPY MEAL is especially adapted for the tender digestive organs of puppies. Postpaid, 1 lb., 25¢; 5 lbs., 75¢; 10 lbs., \$1.30.

BULK BIRD SEED

	1 Lb.	5 Lbs.	10 Lbs.
Mixed Canary.....	\$.25	\$.85	\$1.55
Bird Hemp.....	.40	1.60	2.80
Bird Rape.....	.25	.85	1.50
Bird Millet.....	.20	.60	1.00
Plain Canary.....	.25	.90	1.65
Sunflower Seed.....	.25	.75	1.25
Mixed Parrot Feed.....	.25	.85	1.50

The Above Prices are Postpaid.

JUSTRITE FOODS & REMEDIES

Bird Bitters, 1-oz. bottle.....	\$.15
Bird Bitters, 2-oz. bottle.....	.30
Bird Charcoal, box.....	.15
Bird Gravel, 2-lb. box.....	.20
Bird Nesting Hair, pkg.....	.15
Bird Salve, pkg.....	.20
Bird Wash, 2-oz. bottle.....	.20
Bird Cuttle Bone, each.....	.15
Bird Feather Pulling Food.....	.30
Bird Lice Powder, can.....	.15
Egg, Nesting, Mating Food.....	.15
Bird Moulting Food, 1 1/2-oz.....	.15
Song Food, 1 1/2-oz.....	.15
Cage Cleaner, 4-oz. bottle.....	.20
Color and Pepper Food, 1 1/2-oz.....	.15
Tasty Roll with Charm Bell.....	.15
Imported Bird Seed, 1-lb.....	.30
Iron Tonic, 1-oz. bottle.....	.25
Love Bird Seed, 1-lb.....	.25
Canary Sunshine Food, 1 1/2-oz.....	.15
Aquarium Gravel, 2-lb. box.....	.20
Natural Fish Food.....	.15
Natural Fish Food, 1-lb. can.....	.60
Tropical Fish Food.....	.15
Turtle Food.....	.15

The Above Prices are Postpaid.

TOP NOTCH CEDAR KENNEL BEDDING. A sanitary bedding for all dogs, cats and other animals. Contains oil and odor of the original cedar wood. An aid in keeping down fleas and doggy odor. 5 lbs., 25¢; 10 lbs., 45¢; 25 lbs., 85¢; 50 lbs., \$1.50; 100 lbs., \$2.75; postpaid, 5 lbs., 45¢; 10 lbs., 75¢; 25 lbs., \$1.35.

REX WHEAT GERM OIL. Wheat Germ Oil, the richest natural source of Vitamin E, assures better breeding for dogs and all livestock. Vitamin E has been called the sex vitamin because animals, which do not have enough of this vitamin are sterile. Rex is a superior wheat germ oil and is high in Vitamin E strength. 4-oz. can, \$1.00; 1 qt. can, \$3.50; 1 qt. can, \$6.00; 1 gal. size, \$20.00. Postpaid.

SERGEANT'S DOG REMEDIES

Arsenic Iron Pills.....	\$.55
Canker Wash.....	.60
Carbolic Tar Soap.....	.27
Condition Pills.....	.55
Diuretic Pills—Rheumatism.....	.55
Expectorant Medicine—Coughs.....	.60
Eye Wash.....	.60
Intestinal Astringent—Diarrhea.....	.55
Laxative Tablets.....	.55
Mange Medicine.....	.70
Mouth Wash.....	.60
Nerve Sedative—Running Fits.....	.55
Pine Oil Disinfectant, 10 oz.....	.60
Pepsin Tablets.....	.55
Puppy Worm Caps.....	.55
Skip Flea Powder, 2-oz.....	.35
Skip Flea Soap.....	.27
Special Medicine.....	1.15
Sure Shot Worm Caps.....	.55
Sure-Shot Worm Liquid.....	.60
Tape Worm Medicine.....	.55
Vita Pets.....	.55

The Above Prices are Postpaid.

DR. CLAYTON'S CAT MEDICINES

Sarcopic Mange Medicine.....	\$.60
Tonic Catnip Condition Tablets.....	.60
Laxative Tablets.....	.60
Worm Tablets (for Round Worms).....	.60
Tapeworm Expeller (for Tapeworms).....	.60
Eye Lotion Tablets.....	.60
Cough Syrup.....	.60
Bowel Constipation Tablets.....	.60
Ketalarine (Liquid or Tablets).....	.60
Alterative Tablets.....	.60
Carminative Tablets.....	.60
Sedative Tablets.....	.60
Special Red Medicine.....	.60
Cod Liver Oil Emulsion.....	1.00
Cat Wash and Disinfectant.....	.50
Cat Cream Shampoo Soap.....	.30
Killflea Powder.....	.30

The Above Prices are Postpaid

See Green Ink List

RUSSELL-HECKLE

TOP NOTCH
APPROVED...

Pest Killers •• Meat Supplies

FOR FARM
AND HOME



ACME ANT-KILL. Kills the ants in the nests. Junior set, 2-oz. bottle syrup with 2 cups, 35c. Postpaid, 45c. Cottage set, 3-oz. bottle syrup with 5 cups, 63c. Postpaid, 73c. 2-oz. syrup separately, 20c. Postpaid, 25c. Service cups, each, 10c. Postpaid, 15c.

\$1,000 GUARANTEED MOTH KILLER

A contact spray in liquid form which will kill moths, and their eggs and larvae which it reaches. Does not stain, and is clean and pleasant to use. 1 pt. can with Sprayer, 75c. Postpaid, 85c.



\$1,000 GUARANTEED BED-BUG KILLER

Because of the ease and rapidity with which bed-bugs travel, and their ability to conceal themselves, they are difficult to get rid of. But when \$1,000 Guaranteed Bed-Bug Killer is used it means sure death to the bed-bugs it reaches. It is guaranteed when properly used to kill bed-bugs. Pt. can, 35c; qt. can, 65c. Postpaid, 45c and 80c.



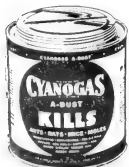
\$1,000 GUARANTEED ROACH KILLER

Can be used with every assurance that it will do the work in a very thorough and complete manner. It is merely necessary to sprinkle it freely around the parts of the premises where it is needed. It is packed in convenient sprinker top cans. 4-oz. can, 35c; 9-oz. can, 65c; 20-oz. can, \$1.25. Postpaid, 40c, 75c and \$1.35.



CYANOGENAS

For the control of rats, mice, moles, and other pests out of doors. It gives high killing power at low cost. Cyanogenas is highly toxic and should be used with care. 1/2-lb. can, 45c; 1-lb. can, 75c; 5-lb. can, \$3.00. 25-lb. drum, \$10.00; 100-lb. drum, \$25.00. Not mailable.



Destroy Moles THIS EASY WAY MOLOGEN



MOLOGEN. Prepared in powder form and will not injure the grass or soil. It is odorless and emits no gases. It is easy to use and there is no messy disposal job. It is non-poisonous to birds and pets. 1/2-lb. can, 50c; 1 1/2-lb. can, \$1.25. Postpaid, 60c and \$1.40.

K-R-O READY-MIXED RAT KILLER

You take no chances of putting out a bait that the rats won't eat, because K-R-O Ready-Mixed contains the most tempting rat bait known, selected after years of scientific experimenting. Will not kill Human Beings, Livestock, Dogs, Cats or Poultry. 6-oz. size, 35c; 1-lb., 6-oz. size, \$1.00. Postpaid, 45c and \$1.15.

RED CHECK RAT AND MOUSE EXTERMINATOR

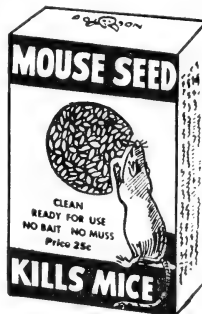
Formerly Red Cross Brand

A sure rat and mouse destroyer that does the work thoroughly without any odor. The large package is sufficient for 1,000 or 1,200 square feet of floor space. Price, per can, 25c, 50c and \$1.00. Postpaid, 30c, 55c and \$1.10.



ZELIO RAT PASTE

A powerful poison in paste form. Easy to use—just squeeze out of a tube. Sandwich between fresh bread or mix with fresh hamburger steak, sausage, cheese or other bait. 2-oz. Tube, 50c. Postpaid, 60c.



MOUSE SEED

Chemically treated seeds, unfailingly fatal to mice. Mice love them, eat the kernels, go outside for air and water and die. Safest to use where there are children or pets. 1 1/2-oz. Box, 25c. Postpaid, 30c.



COWLEY'S RAT AND MOUSE EXTERMINATOR

This preparation is a scientific chemical compound, and is made in a way that attracts the rats and mice to drink it. This is the secret: They will drink it, and as it only requires a very small amount to kill, there is no telling how many can be killed in one night. 6-oz. bottle, 40c. Postpaid, 50c.

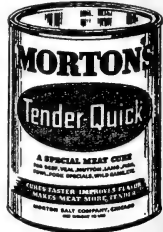


MORTON'S SUGAR CURE

All in one easy operation you salt, sugar-cure, and impart the curative and flavoring properties of smoke to the meat. This one convenient product enables you to do the entire job all at the same time. 2 1/2-lb. can, 25c; 10-lb. can, 90c. Postpaid, 35c, \$1.15.

MORTON'S TENDER QUICK

Especially prepared for making a pumping pickle to pump around the bones of hams and shoulders and large joints of other kinds of meat; and also for curing loins, backbones, spare ribs, etc., and for curing beef, lamb and game. 2 1/2-lb. can, 50c. Postpaid, 65c.



MORTON'S MEAT PUMP

An essential for modern meat curing. Accurately and scientifically made for pumping the rich Tender-Quick curing pickle into the bone area of hams and shoulders. Each, \$1.50. Postpaid, \$1.60.



MEAT PUMP



MORTON'S SAUSAGE SEASONING

There is a freshness and zest of tantalizing flavor in every pound of sausage that you make with this famous Seasoning. Complete and ready to use, it contains the finest spices, sage, peppers and other seasoning ingredients carefully blended with the necessary amount of salt. Morton's Sausage Seasoning insures sausage that is always good. 3-oz. can, 15c; 10-oz. can, 30c. Postpaid, 20c and 40c.

FIGARO CONDENSED SMOKE

FIGARO is simply smoke from the best smoking woods, in condensed form. It is condensed to a liquid just as steam condenses into water. It is as simple and easy to apply to the meat as water or oil would be. Simply brush FIGARO on the meat. Complete directions on each bottle. 4-oz. size, 15c; 8-oz. size, 25c; 16-oz. size, 50c; 32-oz. size, \$1.00. Postpaid, 20c, 35c, 60c and \$1.15.



RUSSELL-HECKLE

For Quantity Prices

**TOP NOTCH
APPROVED...**

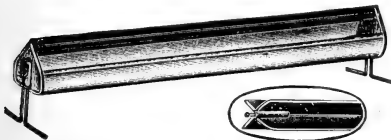
FEEDERS-FOUNTAINS-BROODER



WINNER CHICK TROUGH. Metal Z-shaped revolving reel. Trough one-piece, die-stamped 1½ inches deep, 2½-inch bottom width, 4-inch top width.

Each Postpaid

No. 104—Feeder, 10 in. long..... \$.15 \$.25



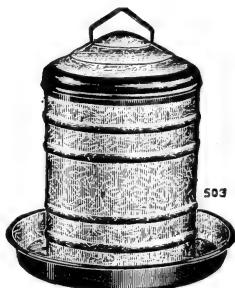
STREAMLINE CHICK FEEDER. For chicks day old to 8 weeks. Trough 4 inches wide, 2 inches deep, 4 blade metal reel, adjustable three positions. Adjustable legs.

Each Postpaid

No. 448NS—Chick Feeder, 48 in..... \$.95 \$ 1.15



ROUND PAN SNAP-ON CHICK FOUNTAIN. For chicks or broilers. Die stamped drinking pan 9¾ inches diameter, 1½ inches deep. Has smooth rolled edge; provides 30 inches of drinking space. Tank has rust-proof cone top with flat portion and convenient bail for carrying. Does not tip or tilt when inverted to fill. Tank diameter 7½ inches; all seams soldered water-tight. No. 82 (2 gal. size), each, \$1.00. Postpaid, each, \$1.20.



NEW THRIFTY DOUBLE WALL FOUNTAIN. is ¾ filled. Easy to fill and clean. Can be used for all fowls from baby chicks to hens. Top slopes sharply to prevent roosting. No. 503 (3 gal. size.), each, \$1.85. Postpaid, each, \$2.10.

MASON JAR GLASS PAN FOUNTAIN. Made of heavy molded glass and the jar is held in position with a metal clip, which snaps on the dish. Fits any Mason jar, which we do not furnish. No. 365G. Glass Pan Fountain Holder, each, 15c; 2 for 25c. Postpaid, each, 25c; 2 for 35c.



MASON JAR GALVANIZED PAN FOUNTAIN. Die-stamped pan with smooth rolled edge. Screw cap is spot welded to pan. Fits any size Mason jar, which we do not furnish. No. 69G. Galv. Pan Fountain Holder, each, 10c; 4 for 35c. Postpaid, each, 15c; 4 for 45c.

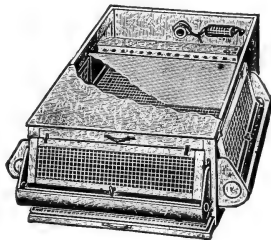


"GRO-EZY" ELECTRIC BROODER

A sweeping success, a new Gro-Ezy Brooder with woven wire doors which admit more light, equipped with automatic thermostat heat control, long electric heating element, heavy curtains, heavy wire floors. Wide and deep troughs which do not waste feed and are adjustable; removable dropping pans, sanitary and easily cleaned.

The operating cost of Gro-Ezy Electric Brooders is low, using only about one kilowatt in 24 hours. Capacity 100 day-old chicks.

No. 801—Price F.O.B. Memphis, Complete (as illustrated), \$10.95.



DUPOR RESPIRATOR NO. 4. The favorite of users everywhere which it provides economical, low cost protection against smoke and paint spray, free from harmful gases, also light fumes and vapors and all nuisance or ordinary dusts. Has filter chambers, securing double capacity, and does not obscure vision. The slower speed of the air through the thick wool filter pads causes more dust and spray to be caught. Made of soft, high grade rubber, foldable, reversible and fits any shaped face. Equipped with face cloth, it presents the utmost in comfort. Weighs only 4 ounces. Does not hinder conversation. Postpaid, each, \$1.65. Extra filter pads, 7c each; extra face cloths, 10c each; Extra Check Valve Flaps, 4c each. Postpaid.

DUPOR "SKIN-A-CAT" RESPIRATOR NO. 40. Very light in weight, compact, folds to fit pocket. Approved by U. S. Bureau of Mines only for respiratory protection in atmospheres containing pneumoconiosis producing dusts as free silica and asbestos, or nuisance dusts as aluminum, cellulose, cement, charcoal, coal, coke, flour, gypsum, iron ores, limestone and wood. CAUTION—This respirator gives no protection against harmful gases, vapors, or an insufficiency of oxygen. It does not provide adequate protection against dusts of harmful metals, as lead and cadmium or their compounds. Postpaid, each, \$2.50. Extra filters (Type "A"), 30c each; extra face cloths, 10c each; extra filter covers, 6c each; extra check valve flaps, 4c each, postpaid.



DUPOR RESPIRATOR NO. 4

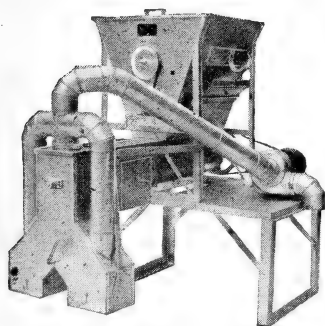


"NOD-AND-SHAKE" RUBBER GOGGLES

RUBBER GOGGLES. The Clear Vision "Nod and Shake" Goggles. The greatest invention ever made for protecting the eyes of workmen in hazardous places. Fits anybody—absolutely Gas Tight and the FOGGING OF THE GLASSES IS DONE AWAY WITH, without removing the goggles from the face, greatly increasing the efficiency of the wearer. Simply put some water in the chambers, as shown in the cut, and you can look in any direction without the water spilling out. The natural movements of the body wash the glasses clear of moisture, but should any gather, "Nod and Shake Your Head" and the fogging is eliminated. Postpaid, pair, \$1.65.

**TOP NOTCH
APPROVED**

SEED TREATING EQUIPMENT



THE NEW GUSTAFSON COTTON SEED TREATER

Designed for Outstanding Performance
Constructed for Trouble-Free Operation

The New Gustafson Cotton Seed Treater is designed for the application of Ceresan, Semesan Jr., and other chemical powders for the control of seed-borne plant diseases, to delinted or non-delinted cotton seed, wheat, oats, barley, corn, peas, beans, and other seed.

The New Gustafson Cotton Seed Treater may also be used for inoculating soy beans, clover, alfalfa, and other seeds. By use of the screen attachment it will remove small seed and foreign matter from grain while the suction fan takes off all dust. It is a most efficient seed mixer.

Write for prices and folder giving specifications and other information.

See Green Ink List

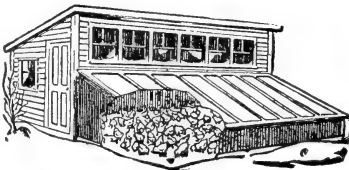
RUSSELL-HECKLE

**TOP NOTCH
APPROVED...**

REMEDIES... SUPPLIES FOR STOCK AND POULTRY



KORUM. Pasty chix, sluggish hens and droopy poult cause loss and disappointment. Korum costs so little and is easy to use in any kind of fountain. Aids bowel regulation and mild elimination, a mild astringent, creates appetite and thirst, a tonic. Korum is of special value to baby chicks when first started. 8-oz., 65c; 16-oz., \$1.00; 32-oz., \$1.75; 1½-gal., \$3.00. Postpaid, 75c, \$1.15, \$1.95 and \$3.25.



GLASS CLOTH. The life-giving health rays from the sun pass through **GLASS CLOTH** readily. (Ordinary glass stops them.) These health rays from the sun are very beneficial to animal and plant life. Poultry in winter enclosures often run down in vitality and become dormant for lack of these health balancing rays. For this reason Glass Cloth windows and scratch sheds are very beneficial to poultry in the winter months. The same is true in growing plants in hot beds and cold frames. Glass Cloth comes 3 feet wide.

Piece 5 yards long, \$ 1.40; postpaid, \$ 1.60
Piece 10 yards long, 2.70; postpaid, 3.00
Piece 15 yards long, 3.90; postpaid, 4.25
Piece 50 yards long, 12.00; postpaid, 12.50



KOW KARE. The concentrated tonic, conditioner and regulator to promote assimilation, aid low-cost milk production and build up vigor for calving. A small dosage daily is a valuable aid in getting more milk from the same feed, and averting many ills that threaten loss of dairy income. 1½-lb. size, 65c; 2½-lb. size, \$1.25; postpaid, 80c and \$1.45.

BAG BALM. For chapped teats, scratches and pus infections on the skin, also for swelling, congestion or inflammation of the udder due to calving, heavy feeding, bruising or chilling. 10-oz. can, 60c; postpaid, 70c.



DON SUNG. Tonic and conditioner, is easily and economically given in the mash of laying hens. It does not force or hurt the hen in any way. Used and recommended for years by poultry raisers. Use one tablet to each 10 hens in wet mash. Complete directions on package. Trial size, 45 tablets, 50c; large size, 135 tablets, \$1.80; special economy size, \$5.00. Postpaid.



"I Need T. S. F."

T. S. F. Kills both old and young lice, including the young which hatch from eggs present on the fowl at time of treatment. ½-lb. size, 35c; 1-lb. size, 60c. Postpaid, 45c and 70c.



BEE DEE. A Stock Medicine for horses, cattle, hogs and poultry. An adjuvant to proper feeding to assist in loosening costive bowels and as an aid in increasing the appetite. Contains no flour, bran, meal, oil cake or other food filler. **FOR POULTRY & STOCK**—Cures all cases of indigestion, constipation, worms, etc. **FOR HORSES, CATTLE, HOGS, SHEEP**—Cures all cases of indigestion, constipation, worms, etc. **PRICE 25 CENTS**

CELLULOSE LEG BANDS. These slip on like a key ring—come in five colors, white, black, green, blue and red. Made in sizes from 0 to 6. Order by number, stating what color you want.



Size	Dox.	50
0—Turkeys	\$0.15	\$0.35
1—Heavy Roosters	.12	.25
2—Heavy Hens, Light Roosters	.12	.25
3—Light Hens, Heavy Pullets	.10	.20
4—Growing Heavy Breeds	.08	.15
5—Growing Light Breeds	.08	.15
6—Baby Chicks	.08	.15

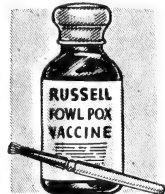
The Above Prices are Postpaid.



REX WHEAT GERM OIL. Wheat Germ Oil, the richest natural source of Vitamin E, assures better breeding for all livestock. Vitamin E has been called the sex vitamin because animals, which do not have enough of this vitamin are sterile. Rex is a superior wheat germ oil and is high in Vitamin E strength. 4-oz. can, \$1.00; 1 pt. can, \$3.50; 1 qt. can, \$6.25; 1 gal. size, \$20.00. Postpaid.



WALKO. A valuable drinking water antiseptic for all poultry, to aid in preventing spread of disease through contaminated water. For baby chicks, turkeys, ducks and geese. Dissolve two tablets in each quart of drinking water from the time they leave the shell. 100 tablet size, 50c; 235 tablet size, \$1.00, postpaid.



RUSSELL'S FOWL POX VACCINE. Used in the prevention of Fowl Pox. Fowl Pox ravages poultry flocks quickly and layers infected may never recover their former stamina, health and egg production. Birds may be vaccinated at any time for Pox, but the ideal time is when pullets are two to four months of age. 100 dose size, 75c; 500 dose size, \$3.25. Postpaid.

BLACK LEAF 40. Kills poultry lice by pointing it on the roosting places. 1-oz. will treat 60 ft. of roost. 1-oz. bottle, 32c; 5-oz. bottle, \$1.00; 1-lb. bottle, \$2.30; 2-lb. can, \$3.28; 5-lb. can, \$6.60; 10-lb. can, \$11.85; postpaid, 1-oz., 35c; 5-oz., \$1.10; 1-lb., \$2.45; 2-lb., \$3.50; 5-lb., \$6.85; 10-lb., \$11.95.



BLACK LEAF 40 WORM PELLETS. Individual treatment for round worms in poultry; safe and effective. Dox., 5c; 100, 85c; 500, \$3.25; 1000, \$6.00, postpaid.

BLACK LEAF 40 WORM POWDER. A flock treatment for round worms in poultry. 100-dose size (½-lb.), 75c; 600-dose size (1½-lb.), \$3.00, postpaid.



TOBACCO POWDER, GOLD LEAF. Use 2 lbs. to 100 lbs. of poultry mash to prevent round worms in poultry. For turkeys, use 4 lbs. to 100 lbs. of turkey mash. 2-lb. pkg., 25c; postpaid, 40c; 10-lb. pkg., 75c; postpaid, \$1.00.

RUSSELL-HECKLE

For Quantity Prices



TOP NOTCH "A" QUALITY CHICKS

Our Top-Notch "A" Quality Chicks are from selected pure-bred birds produced from free-range flocks, thereby insuring strong, vigorous chicks. Recommended for broilers and general utility.

Prices prepaid, for delivery January, February, March and April:

	25	50	100
Brown and White Leghorns	\$3.00	\$5.75	\$10.50
Barred Rocks and White Plymouth Rocks	3.00	5.75	10.50
Rhode Island Reds and White Wyandottes	3.00	5.75	10.50
Buff Orpingtons and White Minorcas	3.15	6.00	11.00
Jersey White Giants and Silver Laced Wyandottes	3.25	6.25	11.50
Heavy Assorted	2.75	5.25	9.50

MISCELLANEOUS FEEDS

Postpaid 300-Mile Radius of Memphis
POULTRY BONE (Granulated). Can be used either for chicks or hens. 5 lbs., 55c; 10 lbs., 95c; 25 lbs., \$1.90, postpaid.
BUTTERMILK (Dried). 5 lbs., \$1.00; 10 lbs., \$1.75; 25 lbs., \$3.75, postpaid.
CHARCOAL (Chick or Hen Size). 2 lbs., 25c; 5 lbs., 40c; 10 lbs., 65c, postpaid.
GRANITE GRIT (Chick or Hen Size). 5 lbs., 35c; 10 lbs., 55c; 25 lbs., 90c, postpaid.
MEAT SCRAPS OR TANKAGE. 5 lbs., 55c; 10 lbs., 90c; 25 lbs., \$1.75, postpaid.
OAT MEAL (Rolled). Fine for feeding baby chicks. 5 lbs., 50c; 10 lbs., 80c; 25 lbs., \$1.60, postpaid.
OYSTER SHELL (Chick or Hen Size). 5 lbs., 35c; 10 lbs., 55c; 25 lbs., 90c, postpaid.
SUNFLOWER SEED (Fine for Poultry). 5 lbs., 75c; 10 lbs., \$1.25; 25 lbs., \$2.60, postpaid.

TOP NOTCH "AA" QUALITY CHICKS

Our Top Notch "AA" Quality Chicks are from highly productive flocks. All are officially blood tested and chicks from these flocks will give finer results.

	25	50	100
Brown and White Leghorns	\$3.25	\$6.25	\$11.50
Barred Rocks and White Plymouth Rocks	3.45	6.65	12.25
Rhode Island Reds and Buff Orpingtons	3.45	6.65	12.25
Black Minorcas and White Minorcas	3.65	7.00	13.00
Jersey White Giants	3.90	7.50	14.00
White Wyandottes and Silver Laced Wyandottes	3.60	6.90	12.75

100 PER CENT LIVE DELIVERY GUARANTEED. You will absolutely get full count of LIVE CHICKS. All orders acknowledged promptly. Remit by Post Office or Express money order. Terms on chicks are cash to all. Prices subject to change. SHIPPING CHARGES PREPAID on baby chicks anywhere in the United States.

SUGGESTION: The earlier you get a chick hatched after January 1st, the better chance you have of raising it—regardless of the weather—but don't buy a chick unless you have artificial heat and are prepared to protect it from adverse weather conditions for a chick is hatched at a temperature of 103 degrees, and if it gets too hot or too cold, it is likely to die.

DR. HESS REMEDIES TOP NOTCH APPROVED FOR STOCK AND POULTRY

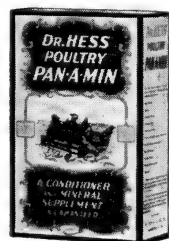


DR. HESS HOG SPECIAL. Developed through long experimentation; especially for swine. Supplies minerals and keeps hogs' internal organs in full function.

Pkg.	Store	Postpaid
1½ lb.	\$.30	.45
3 lb.	.55	.70
7 lb.	1.10	1.30
15 lb.	2.10	2.40
25 lb.	3.15	3.60

DR. HESS STOCK TONIC. A conditioner and mineral supplement for cows, horses, hogs and sheep. Increases appetite, aids digestion and promotes proper elimination. Conditions horses and mules for work.

Pkg.	Store	Postpaid
1½ lb.	\$.30	.45
3 lb.	.55	.70
7 lb.	1.10	1.30
15 lb.	2.10	2.40
25 lb.	3.15	3.60



DR. HESS POULTRY PAN-A-MIN. A tonic conditioner for both young and mature birds. Whets appetite. Increases food consumption. Supplies necessary minerals apt to be lacking in feeds. Cost only 10 cents per hen per year.

Pkg.	Store	Postpaid
1½ lb.	\$.30	.45
3 lb.	.55	.70
7 lb.	1.10	1.30
15 lb.	2.10	2.40
25 lb.	3.15	3.60

PTZ WORM TREATMENT

It has been recently discovered that a drug called phenothiazine has unusual power in expelling a number of species of worms from sheep, goats, horses, swine, cattle and poultry. It comes in pellet and powder form. The pellets may be easily administered with a balling gun or PTZ forceps. The powder is given to the animal by mixing with the feed.

PTZ FOR SHEEP. Highly effective against six common species of worms infesting sheep. They are the troublesome and destructive stomach worm, the medium stomach worm, the bankrupt worm, the hookworm, the large-mouthed bowel worm, and the nodular worm. Two 13.5 gram PTZ pellets is a dose for an adult sheep; two 9-gram pellets is a dose for lambs.

PTZ FOR GOATS. The parasites infesting goats are very similar to those found in sheep and for all practical purposes the treatment is the same.

PTZ FOR HORSES. Highly effective in the removal of both large and small strongyles from horses. The material is also known to be partially effective against large roundworms. Four 13.5 gram PTZ pellets is a dose for a horse.

PTZ FOR SWINE. Has been found to be over 90 per cent effective against nodular worms in swine, and has an average efficacy of 60 per cent against the common large roundworm. PTZ powder is recommended for swine. One pound treats forty-five 50-pound pigs.

PTZ FOR CATTLE. Effective in the removal of stomach worms, nodular worms, and, in larger doses, hookworms in cattle. Two 13.5 gram PTZ pellets for each 200 pounds live weight.

PTZ FOR POULTRY in very small doses is effective in the removal of cecal worms in chickens. While this parasite, of itself, has only been of minor importance, it is known to carry one of the causative organisms of blackhead in poultry. We recommend one-half gram per bird (one tablespoonful to 12 adults).

Prices PTZ Pellets: 8 gram, doz., 60c; 50 for \$2.25; 13.5 gram, doz., 95c; 50 for \$3.50, postpaid.

Prices PTZ Powder: 4-oz. pkg., 75c; 1-lb. pkg., \$1.60; 5-lb. pkg., \$7.30; postpaid, 80c, \$1.70 and \$7.50.

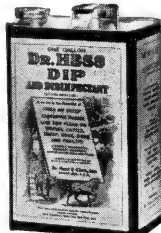
Price PTZ Forceps: Each, 50c; postpaid, 60c.



DR. HESS POULTRY TABLETS. Used as a local antiseptic in the treatment of local swellings of roup. Also used to disinfect the drinking water as an aid in preventing the spread of disease from contaminated water. Once dissolved the solution needs no further stirring. 45-tablet size, 25c; 100-tablet size, 50c; 225-tablet size, \$1.00, postpaid.

DR. HESS DIP AND DISINFECTANT. For killing sheep ticks, hog lice, poultry mites and other skin parasites of live stock. Has carbolic acid co-efficient of 5. Makes milky white emulsion.

Can	Store	Postpaid
12-oz. bot.	\$.40	.55
1/4-gal.	.70	.90
1/2-gal.	1.00	1.20
1-gal.	1.65	1.90
5-gal.	6.90	



DR. HESS POULTRY INHALANT. A saponified compound that emulsifies in water. Makes an aromatic spray. An aid in expelling mucous from the upper respiratory tract and treating minor bronchial irritations. One tablespoonful makes enough spray to treat 100 birds several times. To apply, spray over the heads of confined birds with any ordinary hand sprayer throwing a fine mist.

Bottle	Store	Postpaid
4-oz.	\$.65	.75
9-oz.	1.10	1.20
1 pt.	1.85	2.00

DR. HESS SAPONIFIED CREOSOL SOLUTION. For general disinfectant of yards, barns and other premises in eradication of tuberculosis. Approved by Bureau of Animal Industry. 1-gal. can, \$1.90; postpaid, \$2.15.

FLOWER SEED PLANTING GUIDE

General information for Middle South and conditions, allowances to be made

AN ANNUAL PLANT—The seed must be sown each year and after producing its blossoms and seed the plant will perish.
A BIENNIAL PLANT—Is one that maintains its vitality for two years or more, producing roots and leaves the first year and fruit or blossoms the second.

A PERENNIAL PLANT—Is one that lives indefinitely and usually has a dormant season in which it loses its leaves and which puts on new growth the following growing season.

Symbols used: A—annual, B—biennial, P—perennial.

NAME	Height of Plant	Shape of Plant	Color of Flowers	Good Cut Flowers	Best Use	Location Sun-Shady	When to Plant
Ageratum (A)	8-24 in.	bushy	blue, white	yes	bedding	sunny	Jan. to April
Alyssum (A)	2-12 in.	spreading	white	fair	edging	sunny	March to April
Anemranthus (A)	24-60 in.	bushy	reds	fair	bedding	sunny	Feb. to May
Asters (A)	12-30 in.	bushy	many	yes	bedding	any	Jan. to June
Bachelor Button (A)	12-18 in.	bushy	many	yes	bedding	sunny	April to May
Balsam (A)	18-30 in.	erect	many	fair	border	sunny	March to May
Balsam Apple (A)	15 in.	vine	orange fr.	no	novelty	sunny	April to May
Calendula (A)	12-36 in.	bushy	yellows	yes	bedding	sunny	Jan. to April
Calliopsis (A)	12-30 in.	bushy	yellows	yes	bedding	sunny	Jan. to April
Candytuft (A)	12-18 in.	bushy	many	yes	bedding	sunny	March to April
Canterbury Bells (B)	18-42 in.	bushy	many	fair	border	sunny	March to Sept.
Cardinal Climber (A)	25 ft.	vine	red	no	climbing	sunny	March to May
Carnation (A-P)	18-36 in.	bushy	many	yes	bedding	sunny	Feb. to March
Caster Bean (A)	5-10 ft.	branchy	bronze lvs.	no	massing	sunny	April to May
Chrysanthemum (A)	24-36 in.	bushy	several	yes	bedding	sunny	March to May
Clarkia (A)	15-30 in.	bushy	several	border	sunny	sunny	March to April
Cobea Scandens (P)	15-30 ft.	vine	purple	no	climbing	sunny	March to May
Cockscomb (A)	12-24 in.	bushy	several	no	border	sunny	April to May
Coleus (A)	12-24 in.	bushy	white	no	bedding	sunny	Feb. to March
Columbine (P)	24-48 in.	branchy	several	yes	border	sunny	Aug. to Sept.
Coreopsis (A)	18-36 in.	bushy	yellow	yes	bedding	sunny	Feb. to Apr. & Sept.
Cosmos (A)	48-72 in.	bushy	several	yes	bedding	sunny	April to May
Cynoglossum (P)	18-24 in.	bushy	blue	yes	border	sunny	March to Aug.
Cypress Vine (A)	10-18 ft.	vine	red, white	no	climbing	sunny	April to May
Dahlia (P)	36-72 in.	bushy	many	yes	bedding	sunny	Feb. to March
Daisy (A-P)	10-30 in.	bushy	several	yes	edging	any	Feb. to Mar. & Aug.
Delphinium (P)	36-60 in.	tall	blues	yes	border	sunny	Jan. to Mar. & Aug.
Eschscholtzia (A)	10-12 in.	bushy	several	yes	bedding	sunny	March to Aug.
Euphorbia (A)	2-4 ft.	bushy	none	no	border	sunny	April to May
Forget-Me-Not (P)	6-12 in.	bushy	blue, white	yes	edging	shady	March to April
Four O'Clock (A)	24-30 in.	bushy	many	no	border	sunny	March to April
Fox Glove (P)	30-40 in.	erect	many	yes	bedding	sunny	Feb. to Mar. & Aug.
Gaillardia (A-P)	18-30 in.	bushy	red, gold	yes	bedding	sunny	Feb. to April
Gomphrena (A)	12-18 in.	bushy	purple, wh.	yes	bedding	sunny	April to June
Gourds (A)	10-25 ft.	vine	white	no	novelty	sunny	April to June
Gypsophila (A)	18-24 in.	branchy	white	yes	border	sunny	April to May
Helichrysium (A)	24-36 in.	bushy	white	yes	bedding	sunny	Feb. to April
Hollyhock (P)	5-8 ft.	slender	many	yes	border	sunny	Feb. to Mar. & Aug.
Hyacinth Bean (A)	10 ft.	vining	several	no	climbing	sunny	April to May
Kochia (A)	36 in.	bushy	red	no	border	sunny	March to April
Kudzu (P)	50 ft.	vine	purple	no	shade	any	March to April
Larkspur (A)	36-48 in.	tail	many	yes	bedding	sunny	Mar. to May & Aug.
Lathyrus Latifolius (P)	6-12 ft.	vine	several	yes	bedding	sunny	Jan. to April
Lilium (A-P)	12-30 in.	clump	red, blue	no	bedding	sunny	March to May
Lupine (A-P)	24-30 in.	erect	several	yes	border	shady	April to May
Marigold (A)	8-30 in.	bushy	yellows	yes	bedding	sunny	March to May
Mignonette (A)	18-24 in.	erect	several	yes	edging	sunny	March to May
Moon Flower (A)	20-30 ft.	vine	several	no	shade	sunny	March to May
Morning Glory (A)	20-50 ft.	vine	many	no	shade	sunny	April to June
Nasturtium (A)	1-8 ft.	bush, vine	many	yes	edging	sunny	March to May
Nicotiana (A)	30-42 in.	branchy	several	yes	border	sunny	April to June
Penstemon (A)	4-6 in.	clump	many	yes	edging	any	Jan. to Mar. & Sept.
Petunia (A)	18-24 in.	bushy	many	yes	bedding	any	Feb. to May
Phlox (A-P)	12-18 in.	bushy	many	yes	bedding	sunny	March to May
Pinks (A-B)	4-15 in.	bushy	many	yes	bedding	sunny	Jan. to April
Poppy (A-P)	24-60 in.	erect	many	yes	bedding	sunny	April to May
Portulaca (A)	4-6 in.	spready	many	no	edging	sunny	Feb. to April & Sept.
Pyrethrum (P)	12-24 in.	erect	several	yes	bedding	sunny	March to May
Salvia (A)	24-42 in.	bushy	red, blue	yes	border	any	Jan. to April
Salpiglossis (A)	18-30 in.	bushy	many	yes	bedding	sunny	April to May
Scabiosa (A)	24-30 in.	bushy	many	yes	bedding	sunny	Feb. to April & Sept.
Snardragon (A)	18-24 in.	bushy	many	yes	bedding	sunny	March to May
Statice (P)	18-30 in.	bushy	several	yes	bedding	any	March to May
Stocks (A)	24-30 in.	bushy	several	yes	bedding	sunny	March to May
Sunflower (A)	48-72 in.	erect	yellow	yes	bedding	sunny	Feb. to April
Sweet Pea (A)	4-8 ft.	vine	many	yes	border	sunny	March to May
Sweet William (B)	12-24 in.	bushy	many	yes	cutting	sunny	March to May
Texas Bluebonnet (A)	24-30 in.	erect	many	yes	bedding	sunny	Oct. to April
Thunbergia (A)	4-5 ft.	vine	several	no	climbing	sunny	Jan. to April
Thionia (A)	4-6 ft.	branchy	(angerine	yes	bedding	sunny	March to April
Torenia (A)	10-12 in.	bushy	blue	no	cutting	sunny	April to May
Tritoma (P)	3-4 ft.	erect	red	yes	shady	sunny	April to June
Verbena (A-P)	6-10 in.	spready	red	yes	bedding	shady	Feb. to May
Vinca (A)	18-24 in.	bushy	pink, white	yes	edging	sunny	Feb. to April & Sept.
Zinnia (A)	6-36 in.	bushy	many	yes	bedding	sunny	Feb. to May



Thompson's TRANSPANT TABLETS are an aid in successful transplanting, minimizing wilting shock, interruption of growth. A combination of plant hormones, Vitamin B₁, Pantothenic Acid, Riboflavin (B₂ or G), Nicotinic Acid and Vitamin B₆. Postpaid prices, 40 Tabs, 50c; 100 Tabs, \$1.00.



Thompson's REE-ROOT—a newly developed hormone-B-Complex vitamin treatment for rapid rooting of cuttings. Packed in two formulas: No. 1 for more sensitive plants; No. 2 for the more hardy, woody plants. Postpaid prices, No. 1, 2-oz., 75c; No. 2, 1 1/2-oz., \$1.00.



Thompson's PREE-PLANT is a powder for pre-treating certain flower and grass seeds and bulbs. Combines plant hormones, Vitamin B-Complex and an organic nitrogenous compound. Treat grass seeds with Pree-Plant for beautiful lawns. Postpaid price, 2-oz., \$1.00.

FLOWERS • Blooms Galore • All Summer Long

CULTURAL DIRECTIONS—Light, rich loam is most suitable for flowers. The soil should be finely pulverized for best results. This is of paramount importance if one wishes to grow them successfully. They, in common with all other seeds, should be sown thinly and the soil pressed firmly over them and then covered lightly with damp peat moss. Water frequently. A good plan is: Sow the seeds in rows about 8 inches apart, then transplant to the permanent garden later. Do not cover flower seeds too deep. Shallow planting is desired. If the soil becomes dry, water it first before sowing seeds.

SPECIAL POSTPAID PRICES ON ALL PACKET FLOWER SEED

5c Packets	6 for 25c	14 for 55c	27 for \$1.00
10c Packets	3 for 25c	7 for 55c	13 for \$1.00
15c Packets	2 for 25c	5 for 60c	9 for \$1.00

AGERATUM

Of bushy habit, with effective lavender, blue and white flowers. They stand our hot, dry climate and the plants are covered with blooms from early summer till frost.

MIDGET BLUE. After many years of diligent selection there is real satisfaction in being able to offer a very fine dwarf Ageratum, 2 to 3 inches high. Midget Blue has delicate, fine foliage, which is practically smothered with small true Ageratum Blue flowers. It is the first dwarf Ageratum that we have found that is uniformly dwarf and true to color from seed. Awarded a Silver Medal in the All-America selections. Pkt., 25c; 1/16 oz., 80c; 1/4 oz., \$1.50.

BLUE BALL. Compact ball-shaped plants, 6 to 8 inches, flowers deep, dark blue. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 35c; 1/2 oz., 50c; 1/2 oz., 85c; oz., \$1.40.

FINEST MIXED COLORS. Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 15c; 1/4 oz., 25c; 1/2 oz., 40c; oz., 60c.

ALYSUM

Annuals that bloom freely throughout the summer. For borders, pots, rockeries or for cutting Alyssum is always satisfactory.

VIOLET QUEEN. A beautiful deep violet of dwarf, compact growth. Height 8 inches. Pkt., 15c; 1/8 oz., 40c; 1/4 oz., 60c; 1/2 oz., 80c.

SWEET ALYSSUM. Height 1 foot. Flowers pure white. Pkg., 5c; 1/4 oz., 15c; 1/2 oz., 25c; oz., 35c.

GOLDEN YELLOW. Dwarf yellow flowers, plant compact. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 25c; 1/2 oz., 35c; oz., 60c.

LITTLE GEM. Plant extra dwarf, with snow-white flowers. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 25c; 1/2 oz., 35c; oz., 60c.

ASTER

One of the easiest annual flowers to grow, height 2 feet. Sow seed early in March and transplant 18 inches apart.

Will-Resistant Varieties

GIANT COMET. Branching sort with large full fluffy flowers, mixed colors. Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 25c; 1/4 oz., 40c; 1/2 oz., 60c.

AMERICAN BEAUTY MIXED. Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 30c; 1/4 oz., 45c; 1/2 oz., 70c.

CHINA MIXED. Pkt., 5c; 1/4 oz., 15c; 1/2 oz., 25c; oz., 35c.

ALL COLORS MIXED. A splendid combination of double and giant Asters, many colors. Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 20c; 1/4 oz., 30c; 1/2 oz., 40c; oz., 60c.

AMARANTHUS

These plants give brilliant contrasts of color, being useful for tall borders, groups and foliage effects.

TRICOLOR (Joseph's Coat). Leaves variegated, red, yellow and green. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 20c; 1/2 oz., 35c; oz., 50c.

CAUDATUS. Drooping crimson flower spikes with yellow greenish foliage. Pkt., 5c; 1/2 oz., 10c; oz., 15c.

BALSAM

CAMELLIA-FLOWERED. Double. An old favorite garden annual, commonly known as Lady Slipper. Two feet high. Double mixed. Pkt., 10c; 1/2 oz., 40c; oz., 60c.

BALSAM APPLE

A very ornamental and quick-growing annual vine, grown for its fruit. Pkt., 5c; 1/4 oz., 20c; 1/2 oz., 35c; oz., 50c.

BACHELOR BUTTON

This free-blooming annual is also known as Cornflower (*Centaurea cyanus*). Sow in open ground, very early in February or March, about 1/4 inch deep. Transplant 6 to 8 inches apart. Fine for borders, beds or cutting.

DOUBLE BLUE. Dark blue. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 20c; 1/2 oz., 35c; oz., 50c.

DOUBLE PINK. Rosy pink. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 20c; 1/2 oz., 35c; oz., 50c.

DOUBLE MAROON. Blackish maroon. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 20c; 1/2 oz., 35c; oz., 50c.

DOUBLE WHITE. Pure white. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 20c; 1/2 oz., 35c; oz., 50c.

DOUBLE RED. Rich red. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 20c; 1/2 oz., 35c; oz., 50c.

DOUBLE MIXED. All colors. Pkt., 5c; 1/4 oz., 15c; 1/2 oz., 25c; oz., 40c.

CALENDULA

One of the best hardy annuals. Plants 12 to 18 inches high; they have showy double flowers that bloom until frost. Grow in almost any garden soil.

CAMPFIRE SENSATION. Double rich brilliant orange flowers with a scarlet sheen. This is the new sensation Calendula. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 20c; 1/2 oz., 30c; oz., 50c.

LEMON QUEEN. A rich lemon-yellow. Pkt., 5c; 1/2 oz., 25c; oz., 35c.

APRICOT QUEEN. A dandy new shaded apricot that will please. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 30c; 1/2 oz., 50c; oz., 75c.

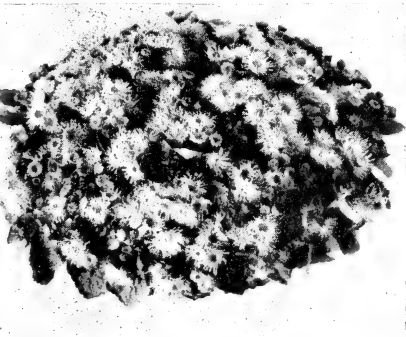
CALENDULA (Mixed). All varieties and colors in mixture. Pkt., 5c; 1/2 oz., 15c; oz., 25c.



AMARANTHUS—TRICOLOR



ASTER—GIANT COMET



AGERATUM—MIDGET BLUE



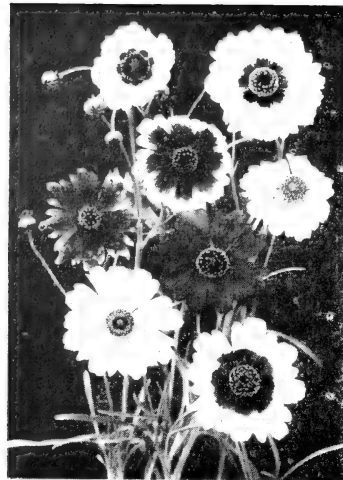
BACHELOR BUTTON—DOUBLE MIXED



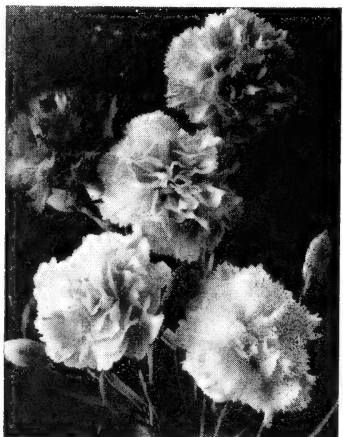
BALSAM—CAMELLIA FLOWERED

See Green Ink List

RUSSELL-HECKLE



CALLIOPSIS—MIXED



CARNATION—CHABAUD'S
GIANT DOUBLE MIXED



CLARKIA—DOUBLE MIXED

RUSSELL-HECKLE

CALLIOPSIS

Showy and free-flowering. Produces beautiful flowers of bright yellow and rich brown. A splendid summer bloomer, doing well in sunny places.

TALL ANNUAL MIXED. Pkt., 5c; 1/2 oz., 20c; oz., 30c.

CANDYTUFT

Prolific bloomers, bearing in profusion clusters of flowers in a wide range of colors. Indispensable for cutting and very effective in beds or borders. Thin to 4 inches in row.

CRIMSON, PINK, LAVENDER, WHITE. Price of each pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 20c; 1/2 oz., 35c; oz., 50c.

CANDYTUFT (Mixed). A wide assortment of colors. Pkt., 5c; 1/4 oz., 15c; 1/2 oz., 25c; oz., 35c.

CANTERBURY BELLS

Produces large bell-shaped flowers, plants 2 feet in height, hardy biennial of easy growth. **DOUBLE MIXED.** Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 45c; 1/2 oz., 65c; oz., \$1.00.

ANNUAL CANTERBURY BELL. Gold Medal Winner. Blooms the first season from seed, very showy. Mixed colors. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 45c; 1/2 oz., 60c; oz., 90c.

CARNATION

Half-hardy plants that will bloom the first season from seed. Start indoors in boxes or beds in March and transplant to the open ground in May.

CHABAUD'S GIANT DOUBLE. Sweet scented. The large flowers are double and beautifully fringed. Height, 18 inches.

RED, PINK, WHITE. Price, each of these separate colors pkt., 15c; 1/4 oz., 90c; 1/2 oz., \$1.50; oz., \$2.50.

CHABAUD'S GIANT DOUBLE MIXED. A fine mixture of many colors. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 50c; 1/2 oz., 75c; 1/2 oz., \$1.25.

MARGUERITE, DOUBLE MIXED. A very popular showy carnation; easily grown, very fragrant. Mixed colors. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 30c; 1/2 oz., 50c; 1/2 oz., 75c.

CARDINAL CLIMBER

The vine attains a height of 20 to 30 feet and produces small, glowing scarlet flowers. Annual. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 50c; 1/2 oz., 85c; 1/2 oz., \$1.40.

CASTOR BEANS (Ricinus)

This showy annual is used for its foliage. Makes a splendid background as it attains a height of 8 to 9 feet, very attractive. It is also useful to keep moles out of the ground. Plant in April, 6 to 8 feet apart. The seeds are poisonous and should be handled with care.

ZANZIBARIENSIS (Mixed). Tall growing, has bright colored foliage. Pkt., 5c; 1/2 oz., 15c; oz., 20c.

RICINUS (Mixed). A fine assortment of many-colored varieties. Pkt., 5c; 1/2 oz., 10c; oz., 15c.

CHRYSANTHEMUM

Free-flowering annuals that bloom the first season, 1 to 1 1/2 feet in height, of simple culture. Sow in March and April.

DOUBLE DWARF CORONARIUM. Lovely button-shaped flowers 1 1/2 inches across, plants 18 inches high. Mixed colors. Pkt., 5c; 1/4 oz., 15c; 1/2 oz., 20c; oz., 30c.

CLARKIA

A very pretty old flower that has been greatly improved in recent years. Leafy racemes of double blooms which all open in water when cut. Does well either in sun or shade.

DOUBLE MIXED. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 35c; 1/2 oz., 50c; 1/2 oz., 75c.



An aid to VICTORY!

.. In times like these when you're apt to get that "down-in-the-mouth" feeling, turn to your friends of the flower garden. And remember to keep them glowing with vitality and friendliness by being sure they get all the 11 elements so necessary for plant growth. Feed them with

VIGORO

Complete plant food

A Product of Swift & Company

COBAEA SCANDENS

This annual climbing vine grows 18 to 20 feet in a season. It is very attractive and produces large bell-shaped blue flowers. Blooms until frost. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 50c; 1/2 oz., 75c; oz., \$1.25.

COCKSCOMB

Fine for beds or borders. When grown as specimen plants they make a grand display and will stand almost any kind of weather. They will succeed in almost any situation. Annual. Sow in March.

DWARF COCKSCOMB. Resembles a large cock's comb. We offer the following varieties: **DEEP PURPLISH RED.** Pkt., 15c; 1/16 oz., 35c; 1/8 oz., 50c; 1/4 oz., 75c.

GOLDEN YELLOW. Pkt., 15c; 1/8 oz., 35c; 1/4 oz., 50c; 1/4 oz., 75c.

DWARF MIXED COCKSCOMB. Many colors of Celosia in mixture. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 35c; 1/4 oz., 50c; 1/2 oz., 75c.

COLEUS

Tender annual. Sow seed indoors and transplant. Leaves many shades and combinations of yellow, green and red, mixed colors. Pkt., 25c.

COLUMBINE

Hardy perennials. Profuse blooming, making choicest cut flowers on long stems. They succeed best in shady, moist places, and grow from 1 to 2 feet in height.

Long Spurred Strains

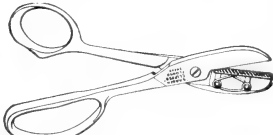
BLUE SHADES. Blue shades that will please the eye. Pkt., 25c; 1/16 oz., 60c; 1/8 oz., \$1.00; 1/4 oz., \$1.75.

ORANGE AND SCARLET SHADES. A wide array of light to orange scarlet shades. Pkt., 25c; 1/16 oz., 60c; 1/8 oz., \$1.00; 1/4 oz., \$1.75.

PINK SHADES. A beautiful shade of pink. Pkt., 25c; 1/16 oz., 60c; 1/8 oz., \$1.00; 1/4 oz., \$1.75.

MRS. SCOTT ELLIOTT (Mixed). The most desirable, having very long spurs. Pkt., 15c; 1/16 oz., 50c; 1/8 oz., 75c; 1/4 oz., \$1.25.

CUT AND HOLD FLOWER SHEARS



Wonderful help for cutting and gathering nearly all kinds of flowers. Snips and holds in one motion. Unique device grips stem as it is cut. You avoid thorns and scratches. Handy for picking flowers that are hard to reach. Has a clever little spring, finely adjusted to equal the grip of the human fingers. Works automatically. Should not be used for regular pruning. Price each, 65c. Postpaid, 75c.

For Quantity Prices

COREOPSIS

No flower is longer in bloom during the whole season than Coreopsis. It is most excellent for cut flowers, lasting well. Bright yellow flowers, attractive and showy. Hardy perennial, easily grown from seed. Two feet.

AURICULA SUPERBA. A large bloomer measuring 3 inches across. The beautiful flowers, though single, have a serrated band of brownish-red encircling the golden disc, making it truly attractive. Flower lovers will find this to be a wonderful addition to their collection. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 25c; 1/2 oz., 40c; oz., 65c.

DOUBLE SUNBURST GRANDIFLORA. Sunburst is a pleasant change from the well-known single form and will add to the beauty of your early summer garden. The double flowers are deep golden yellow and measure 2 to 3 inches across. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 40c; 1/2 oz., 60c; oz., 90c.

COSMOS

Hardy and fast growing. Plants 3 to 5 feet high, with feathery green foliage, producing in a variety of colors, single and double flowers on long, graceful stems. This is one of the best flowers to grow for cutting.

ORANGE FLARE. A beautiful new early flowering single bloomer of the same shade as Klondyke. Will bloom within 90 days of planting. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 25c; 1/2 oz., 35c; oz., 50c.

NEW SENSATION PINKIE. Extra large with fluted petals. A very bright pink. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 25c; 1/2 oz., 40c; oz., 70c.

NEW SENSATION PURITY. Snow-white, fine, bold, large flowers. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 25c; 1/2 oz., 40c; oz., 70c.

GIANT FLOWERING (Mixed). Pkt., 5c; 1/4 oz., 15c; 1/2 oz., 20c; oz., 30c.

EARLY FLOWERING (Mixed). Pkt., 5c; 1/4 oz., 15c; 1/2 oz., 20c; oz., 30c.

DOUBLE CRESTED (Mixed). All shades of Double Crested Cosmos in mixture. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 60c; 1/2 oz., 90c; 1/2 oz., \$1.50.

CYNOGLOSSUM

Also known as Chinese Forget-Me-Not. Free blooming; blue flowers. Sow in April. Hardy annual, 2 feet high.

CYNOGLOSSUM, DWARF FIRMAMENT. A dwarf and compact plant with a delightful shade of dark-blue blooms. Favored by many as it does not grow tall and unruly as do the other Chinese Forget-Me-Nots. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 25c; 1/2 oz., 35c; oz., 50c.

AMABLE BLUE. Forget-Me-Not blue flowers, with a much stronger plant, growing about 18 inches high, and blooming throughout the summer. Pkt., 5c; 1/4 oz., 15c; 1/2 oz., 20c; oz., 30c.

AMABLE PINK. A novelty on account of its color. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 35c; 1/2 oz., 50c; oz., 75c.

CYPRESS VINE

A tender annual climber with finely cut leaves and small star-shaped scarlet-flowers. Sow in April. Soak seed in warm water six hours before planting.

CYPRESS VINE (Mixed). Pkt., 5c; 1/4 oz., 15c; 1/2 oz., 25c; oz., 40c.

BLOOM LIFE Cut-Flower Food

has been especially developed to give extra life, color and fragrance to all hard-stem blooms such as roses, larkspur, zinnias, peonies, chrysanthemums, lilies, etc. Results are remarkable. For interesting comparison, place several blooms in separate vase of plain water alongside and note the difference after several days. One package sufficient for one dozen roses. Price, per package, 10c. Postpaid.



DAHLIAS

Most flower lovers plant Dahlia Roots as they do not know that beautiful blooms can be successfully produced the same season from seed. There is a real fascination in growing Dahlias from seed, as new varieties are originated in this manner. The roots can be dug and stored for planting the following season. Try this method and enjoy a pleasant surprise.

UNWIN'S IDEAL BEDDING MIXED. A curled or semi-quilled Dahlia. Blooms are miniature double and semi-double in bright shades of red, rose, yellow, white and lavender. The plant is 18 to 24 inches high and should not require stakes. Blooms the first year from seed and produces blooms that are superior, especially in color. Dahlias from seed are the latest garden rage. Save the roots of the colors you like best. Pkt., 15c; 1/4 oz., 60c; 1/2 oz., 90c; 1/2 oz., \$1.50.

DOUBLE MIXED. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 40c; 1/2 oz., 60c; 1/2 oz., \$1.00.

DAISIES

SHASTA DAISY. Well known perennial, about two feet high, beautiful flowers with pure white petals, with golden center. Fine for cut flowers. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 35c; 1/2 oz., 50c; 1/2 oz., 75c.

Annual Varieties

SULTAN. Dark Copper Crimson, Yellow zone.

WHITE QUEEN. White, Lemon zone, dark eye.

CORONET. Deep Yellow, banded cream.

EASTERN STAR. Primrose, Yellow disk, brown eye.

Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 20c; 1/2 oz., 35c; oz., 50c.

DELPHINIUM

Hardy perennial Larkspur. Sow in early spring and transplant 24 inches apart in a shaded location; fine for perennial beds. Add lime to soil for better results.

BELLAMOSUM. Perennial dark blue Delphinium. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 40c; 1/4 oz., 65c; 1/2 oz., \$1.00.

PERENNIAL DELPHINIUM (Mixed). Many colors in assortment. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 35c; 1/4 oz., 50c; 1/2 oz., 75c.

ESCHSCHOLTZIA

The well-known California Poppy. Annuals that bloom profusely in early summer, of easiest culture, which makes them valuable as a bedding plant; one foot in height. Sow seed in February and March where they are to remain.

AURANTIACA. Deep orange shade. Pkt., 5c; 1/4 oz., 15c; 1/2 oz., 20c; oz., 30c.

SALMON BEAUTY. Beautiful salmon-pink. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 45c; 1/2 oz., 65c; oz., \$1.00.

ESCHSCHOLTZIA (Mixed). All colors in a fine mixture. Pkt., 5c; 1/4 oz., 15c; 1/2 oz., 20c; oz., 30c.

EUPHORBIA

(SNOW ON THE MOUNTAIN)

Plants with very colorful foliage grown in the garden or border to contrast pleasingly with those that have all green leaves.

VARIEGATA. At first the leaves are bright green, but as they mature they become more and more tinged and margined with silvery white. This plant likes the sun, and it also grows well in poor and dry soil. Pkt., 5c; 1/4 oz., 15c; 1/2 oz., 20c; oz., 30c.

HYPONEX PLANT FOOD

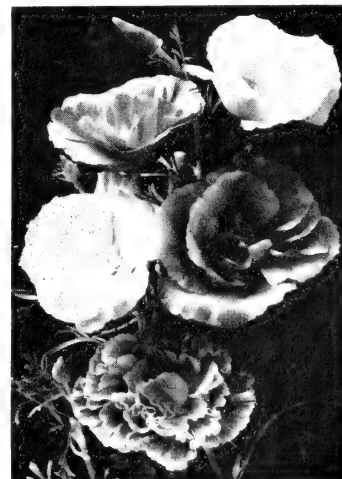
With Hyponex-and-water, plants will grow and flourish in clean sand, cinders or barren earth. Hyponex is ideal for hydroponics—the science of growing plants without soil. A teaspoonful makes a gallon of liquid plant food. Postpaid, 1-oz. pkt., 10c; 3-oz. can, 25c; 1-lb. can, \$1.00.



COREOPSIS—SUPERBA



COSMOS—NEW SENSATION PINKIE
COSMOS—NEW SENSATION PURITY



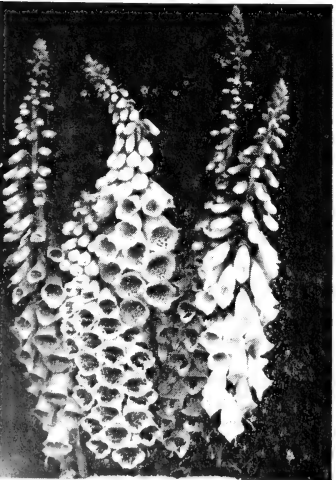
ESCHSCHOLTZIA—MIXED



GAILLARDIA



HELICHRYSUM—MIXED



FOXGLOVE—MIXED

RUSSELL-HECKLE'S

FLOWERS

FOR GRACE AND BEAUTY

FORGET-ME-NOT

Sow in early spring and transplant. Fine for shady or moist locations. Half-hardy perennial, 8 inches in height. Flowers blue. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 35c; 1/2 oz., 50c; 1/2 oz., 75c.

FOXGLOVE

Hardy reseeding biennial, a popular favorite in old-fashioned gardens. Height 3 feet. Sow seed early in boxes and transplant. FINEST MIXED. All colors in assortment. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 35c; 1/2 oz., 50c; oz., 75c.

FOUR O'CLOCK

Hardy annual of easiest culture. Succeeds best in open situations. Sow in March and April. MIXED COLORS. Pkt., 5c; 1/4 oz., 15c; 1/2 oz., 20c; oz., 30c.

GAILLARDIA

(BLANKET FLOWER)

Splendid showy annuals and perennials, remarkable for the profusion and brilliancy of their flowers. Excellent for beds or cutting. Height 1 1/2 to 2 feet.

DOUBLE LORENZIANA (Mixed). The flowers are large, long stemmed and brilliantly colored. They bloom quickly from seed and continue throughout the summer and fall. The large double flowers are made up of numerous quilled petals, and very attractive. Excellent annual for cutting. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 35c; 1/2 oz., 50c; oz., 75c.

GOMPHRENA

(GLOBE AMARANTH)

Annual, 1 1/2 feet in height. Showy everlasting flowers resemble clover heads and when dried are used for winter bouquets. Excellent for bedding.

MIXED, ALL COLORS. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 30c; 1/2 oz., 40c; oz., 60c.

GOURDS

A tribe of climbers with curiously shaped and colored fruit. Being of rapid growth they are fine to cover old fences, trellises, stumps, etc.

SMALL VARIETIES (Mixed). Pkt., 5c; 1/4 oz., 15c; 1/2 oz., 20c; oz., 30c.

GYPHOPHILA

(BABY'S BREATH)

Small graceful flowers, borne on long feathery stems. No flower adds more grace to a bouquet than this easily grown plant. Sow seed in March and April. Height 18 inches.

ANNUAL WHITE. Covent Garden Strain. Large flowering pure white, very showy. Pkt., 5c; 1/4 oz., 15c; oz., 20c.

PERENNIAL WHITE. A favorite hardy variety, the feathery foliage and white flowers are largely used in bouquets. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 20c; 1/2 oz., 35c; oz., 50c.

HELICHRYSUM

(STRAWFLOWER)

The large glittering colors of double flowers make a fine display in beds or borders, but are especially grown for winter use. Height of plant 2 to 2 1/2 feet. Sow seed in March and April. Thin to 12 inches.

CRIMSON, YELLOW, PINK AND VIOLET. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 35c; 1/2 oz., 50c; oz., 75c.

HELICHRYSUM (Mixed). All colors. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 30c; 1/2 oz., 40c; oz., 60c.



Anita Louise,

Garden-loving Hollywood Star, says:

"It's so easy to tie plants with

Germaco TWIST-EMS

... quick, neat, permanent, too!"

Say "goodbye" to unsightly twine and raffia, to needless work with shears. Say "hello" to TWIST-EMS, to gardening fun. Just a twist of the wrist and TWIST-EMS—strong, dark-green "invisible" tapes—protect stems, properly support your plants. Attractive. Grand for flower arrangement. Millions used.

Box of 125, 8 inch size, Postpaid	25c
Box of 250, 4 inch size, Postpaid	25c
Box of 125, 16 inch size, Postpaid	50c

HOLLYHOCKS

Sow seed in early spring in boxes and transplant when 6 inches high, 2 feet apart. Plant in rich soil, water well if possible and they will grow 5 feet tall. Hollyhocks make a fine background or a tall border.

DOUBLE YELLOW, DOUBLE PINK, DOUBLE WHITE, DOUBLE RED. Price above separate colors Hollyhocks: Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 45c; 1/4 oz., 65c; 1/2 oz., \$1.00.

SINGLE MIXED. Pkt., 5c; 1/4 oz., 15c; 1/2 oz., 25c; oz., 40c.

DOUBLE MIXED. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 40c; 1/4 oz., 60c; 1/2 oz., 90c.

HYACINTH CLIMBING BEAN

An annual rapid climbing vine that attains a height of 10 to 16 feet; has purple seed pods, rosy violet blooms.

MIXED COLORS. Pkt., 5c; 1/2 oz., 10c; oz., 15c.

KOCHIA

(MEXICAN FIRE BUSH)

This is a showy annual and easy to grow. Plant in March or April. The plant forms a dense oval bush 2 to 4 feet in height with light green foliage, changing to carmine as the summer advances. Pkt., 5c; 1/2 oz., 10c; oz., 15c.

KUDZU VINE

Called by some Jack-and-the-Bean-Stalk Vine. Hardy perennial that grows for many seasons, getting larger and larger each year. Forms a dense shade for porches, arbor walls and is also used for growing in gullies to avoid erosion of the soil. Easily grown from seed. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 25c; 1/2 oz., 35c; oz., 50c.

MAINE PEAT MOSS

Healthy soil for garden or lawn must contain an abundance of organic matter. The U. S. Department of Agriculture states, "By far the most valuable constituent of the soil is its organic matter." Being almost wholly organic matter, our Peat Moss is an ideal soil conditioner. It helps hold sandy soils together, loosens clayey soils, stimulates active root growth and develops more nitrogen in the soil. Absorbs water like a sponge. Fine for mulching roses, perennial flower beds, evergreens, etc. Price per bale (about 20 bu.), \$3.95; small 3/8 bale (carton), \$2.00; prepaid, \$2.75.



LARKSPUR

Free-flowering annuals, easy to grow; effective for beds or massing, and will make fine cutting material. The new colors in Larkspur are beautiful to behold. Sow seed in February or March. Thin to 2 feet apart. Plants 2½ to 3 feet tall. Larkspur will thrive in almost any soil. They should be planted in an open situation.

Double Stock Flowered

A splendid old garden favorite, greatly improved by careful selection for doubleness and size of flowers, new colors and better habit of growth. The stately plants are well branched, and produce many fine spikes closely set with brightly colored, large, double blooms.

DARK BLUE. Rich, very dark blue shade.

SKY BLUE. Bright clear blue.

SHELL PINK. Salmon rose pink, showy.

DEEP SCARLET. Deep rosy scarlet shade.

PURE WHITE. Pure clear white.

Price of above five colors, each: Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c; ½ oz., 50c; oz., 75c.

DOUBLE STOCK FLOWERED MIXED COLORS. Pkt., 5c; ¼ oz., 15c; ½ oz., 25c; oz., 40c.

Double Flower Imperial

Attractive flower spikes, 3 to 4 feet tall, which stand upright, close to the center stalk—a decided improvement on older types. Well-formed, large, double flowers in a wonderful range of colors.

BLUE BELL. Clear azure-blue.

BLUE SPIRE. Very deep violet-blue.

CARMEINE KING. Very deep carmine-rose.

MISS CALIFORNIA. Soft pink, shaded salmon.

WHITE SPIRE. Dazzling pure white.

Price above five colors, each: Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 40c; ½ oz., 60c; oz., 80c.

DOUBLE GIANT IMPERIAL MIXED COLORS. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c; ½ oz., 50c; oz., 75c.

LATHYRUS LATIFOLIUS

(PERENNIAL SWEET PEA)

Rampant climbing or trailing plant with showy clusters of fine, sweet-ped-like flowers from June until September. Succeeds in almost any kind of soil and location. Desirable for trellis or covering banks, rocks, rough places; good for cutting. Quick grower. 5 to 6 feet.

PINK. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 50c; oz., 75c.

RED. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 50c; oz., 75c.

WHITE. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 50c; oz., 75c.

MIXED. All colors. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 35c; oz., 50c.

LINUM (Flowering Flax)

SCARLET FLAX. A very attractive annual, growing 8 to 10 inches high. Flowers rich crimson, bloom until frost. Plant in a sunny location. 1½ feet. Pkt., 5c; ¼ oz., 20c; ½ oz., 25c; oz., 35c.

PERENNE. Blue perennial Flax. 2½ feet. Pkt., 5c; ¼ oz., 20c; ½ oz., 25c; oz., 35c.

FLAVUM. Golden yellow Flax. 1 foot. Pkt., 15c; 1/16 oz., 35c; ¼ oz., 50c.

LUPIN

Excellent for cutting beds or borders. Easily grown annuals that give a splendid effect.

ANNUAL MIXED COLORS. Pkt., 5c; ¼ oz., 20c; ½ oz., 30c; oz., 40c.

PERENNIAL (Mixed). Handsome, hardy variety. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 20c; ½ oz., 35c; oz., 50c.

RUSSELL'S MIXED COLORS. Pkt., 15c; 1/16 oz., 40c; ¼ oz., 60c; ½ oz., 80c.

MIGNONETTE

An old-time favorite sweet-scented flower growing about 12 inches high. Thrives best in cool places and in rather light soil.

SWEET SCENTED. Pkt., 5c; ½ oz., 15c; oz., 25c.



"DOGZOFF"

Spray it on shrubs and evergreens to keep dogs from becoming a nuisance. One spraying will last three or four weeks. 3-oz. bottle, 60c; postpaid, 65c.

MARIGOLD

Marigolds are easy to grow, they prefer sun and rich soil—Sow seed in Spring. Plants will bloom profusely until late Fall.

MISSION GIANTS GOLDSMITH. Giant incurved chrysanthemum-like, golden orange flowers up to 4 in. across and almost a perfect ball in shape. Plants grow 18 inches tall, are base branching, each plant producing 8 to 12 stems of excellent cutting length, the laterals or side branches producing just as large a flower as the center stems. Early and free blooming. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c; ½ oz., 50c; 1 oz., 75c; 1½ oz., 1.25.

CROWN OF GOLD. The chrysanthemum top is surrounded by a collar of big broad petals of deep bright golden orange. The crown is the same color. The large flowers are entirely odorless. Grows 2 feet tall. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 35c; ½ oz., 50c; oz., 75c.

DIXIE SUNSHINE. One of the finest nearly odorless bright yellow double Marigolds. Flowers 2½ inches across and free blooming. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 40c; 1 oz., 60c; 1½ oz., 80c; oz., \$1.50.

GIGANTEA SUNSET GIANTS. Flowers average 5 inches across, ranging in color from deep orange to lemon-yellow and will come 65 per cent double; sweetly scented, almost odorless. Blooms early. Three feet in height. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 45c; ½ oz., 65c; oz., \$1.00.

GUINEA GOLD. Grows 2 feet high. Flowers semi-double, 2 inches across with wavy petals of a brilliant shade of orange and gold. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c; ½ oz., 35c; oz., 60c.

YELLOW SUPREME. A beautiful, clear, canary-yellow flower, which is 3 to 4 inches across. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c; ½ oz., 35c; oz., 60c.

PRINCE OF ORANGE. Stiff stemmed, large African Marigold, deep orange in color. Pkt., 10c; ½ oz., 30c; 1 oz., 45c; 1½ oz., 65c; oz., \$1.00.

AFRICAN TALL DOUBLE MIXED. Thirty inches. A mixture of all tall African double varieties. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c; ½ oz., 35c; oz., 60c.

FRENCH TALL DOUBLE MIXED. This class has compact firm blooms, all colors mixed. Plant grows 24 inches high. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 20c; ½ oz., 35c; oz., 50c.

FRENCH DWARF DOUBLE MIXED. Splendid for borders, plants compact, 15 to 18 inches high, free-blooming. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 20c; ½ oz., 35c; oz., 50c.

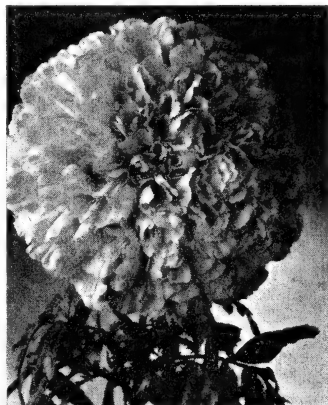
FRENCH DWARF DOUBLE ORANGE. Has beautiful ball-shaped all-orange flowers. Plants compact, 12 to 15 inches high. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 20c; ½ oz., 35c; oz., 50c.

FRENCH DWARF DOUBLE LEMON BALL. Beautiful ball-shaped lemon colored flowers. Plants compact, 15 to 18 inches high. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 20c; ½ oz., 35c; oz., 50c.

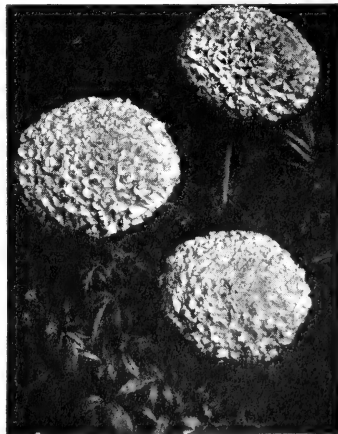
FRENCH DWARF DOUBLE HARMONY. Flowers medium size, very double with deep orange petals flanked with maroon, brown outside. Plants 12 to 14 inches in height. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 20c; ½ oz., 35c; oz., 50c.



LARKSPUR—GIANT IMPERIAL



MARIGOLD—GIGANTEA SUNSET GIANT



MARIGOLD—FRENCH DWARF DOUBLE LEMON BALL

LIQUID CHAPERONE



End the dog nuisance in your garden. Just spray Chaperone wherever dogs do damage. Unlike ordinary repellents that vanish with the first shower, liquid Chaperone is not dissolved by rain. One application usually lasts from 2 to 3 weeks. 4-oz. bottle, 50c; 12-oz. can, \$1.00. Postpaid, 60c and \$1.15.

KREME-SKIN GLOVES



Here is a unique and practical method of hand care—gloves that protect and beautify the hands, both at the same time. Their secret lies in their soft, pliant lamb leather which is lastingly treated with a healing, skin-softening cream. Suitable for work and sports wear. Three sizes, small, medium and large. Price, \$1.00 per pair postpaid.



MORNING GLORY—PEARLY GATES



MORNING GLORY—SCARLETT O'HARA



NASTURTIUMS—DOUBLE GLEAM HYBRIDS
MIXED

MOON FLOWER

Rapid-growing climbers with large brilliantly-colored blooms. Seed should be cut, then soaked in warm water to get good germination. Plant when ground is warm.

WHITE MOON VINE. Giant, pure white flowers, measuring 5 to 6 inches across. Blooms open nights and cloudy days. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 20c; 1/2 oz., 35c; oz., 50c.

BLUE MOON VINE (Heavenly Blue). The flowers are deep sky blue, with white throat, and open in the evening. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 20c; 1/2 oz., 35c; oz., 50c.

MORNING GLORY

As Morning Glory seed are very hard, we advise soaking them in lukewarm water for several hours before sowing. If your soil is heavy, we suggest that an addition of sand be made before planting.

SCARLET O'HARA. The only Gold Medal winner in the All-America selection for 1934. Scarlet O'Hara is an entirely new color, the popular garden flower, rich, dark wine red, or deep rosy crimson. The flowers are of good size, about 3½ inches in diameter, freely produced on fast growing vines which start blooming within 65 days after seed is sown. The dark green foliage does not make a heavy background, thus the ratio of blooms to leaves gives the plant a very graceful appearance.

Pkt., 10c; 1/8, 25c; 1/4, 50c; 1/2, 75c; 3/4, \$1.25.

CLARK'S HEAVENLY BLUE. The blooms are a beautiful shade of blue. Its extra early flowering habit makes it particularly valuable in sections where other vines are too late. Our customers will be favorably impressed with it, for it is truly lovely. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 35c; 1/2 oz., 50c; oz., 75c.

PEARLY GATES. Identical with Clark's Heavenly Blue except the color. A big, satiny white with a creamy shading in the throat, gives this a beautiful appearance. Plant with Clark's Heavenly Blue and Scarlett O'Hara for red, white and blue effect. **Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 35c; 1/4 oz., 50c; 1/2 oz., 75c; oz., \$1.25.**

IMPERIAL MIXED. Flowers are the largest of any Morning Glory and of the finest coloring. They have various shades, solid colors and variegated mixed colors. **Pkt., 5c; 1/4 oz., 25c; 1/2 oz., 35c; oz., 50c.**

CHOICE MIXED. Flowers bell-shaped, in many colors. Pkt., 5c; 1/2 oz., 15c; oz., 20c.

NICOTIANA

This beautiful plant is very easy to grow and is used for beds or borders, giving a gorgeous display of showy fragrant blooms throughout the late summer and fall.

HYBRIDS (Mixed). A great variety of lovely shades. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 20c; 1/2 oz., 35c; oz., 50c.

PANSIES

Sow seeds indoors very early in spring or outdoors later in the open ground. Transplant when an inch high.

ROGGLI, SWISS GIANT. New hybrids that have created quite a sensation among pansy growers. Blooms measure 2 to 3 inches across. Mixed colors. Pkt., 25c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., 75c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., \$1.25; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., \$2.25; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., \$4.00; oz., \$7.50.

ALL AMERICA GIANTS. A glorious combination, the blossoms are extra size, waved and frilled, with beautiful markings, in a wonderful range of colors. Pkt., 20c; 1/16 oz., 75c; 1/8 oz., \$1.25; 1/4 oz., \$2.00; 1/2 oz., \$3.50; 3/4 oz., \$5.00.

MAPLE LEAVED GIANTS. One of the largest, if not the largest, or the large flowering strains of Pansies. Has a good range of colors. Pkt., 20c; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz., 65c; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz., \$1.00; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz., \$1.75; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., \$3.25; oz., \$6.00.

EARTHEN FLOWER POTS

2	inch	Doz.	100
2 1/4	inch	\$.25	\$1.35
3	inch	.25	1.45
3	inch	.35	2.25
4	inch	.45	3.00
5	inch	Each	Doz.
6	inch	\$.08	\$.75
7	inch	.10	1.00
8	inch	.17	1.75
8	inch	.25	2.40
10	inch	.45	4.50
12	inch	.80	9.00

Cannot Mail



NASTURTIIUMS

Succeed best in poor gravelly soil. Plant early in March, thin to 6 inches apart. Half-hardy annual.

DOUBLE GOLDEN GLEAM. The beautiful blossoms are on long stems, golden yellow in color, fragrant and are attractive when used as cut flowers. The blooms measure 2½ inches or more across. A blaze of color when in full bloom. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; ½ lb., 75c; lb., \$1.25.

DOUBLE SCARLET GLEAM. Blossoms are a fiery orange scarlet, comparable to the brilliance of Scarlet Sage. The fragrance of the bloom is very pronounced and the foliage is lush green. Very easy to grow. **Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 50c; 1/2 lb., 75c; lb., \$1.25.**

DOUBLE MAHOGANY GLEAM. A sweet-scented mahogany colored double Nasturtium, producing fragrant flowers of very brilliant coloring well above the foliage. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 50c; 1/2 lb., 75c; lb., \$1.25.

DOUBLE SALMON GLEAM. A delicate golden salmon, and very beautiful. This is a worthy addition to our family of gleam Nasturtiums. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 50c; ½ lb., 75c; lb., \$1.25.

DOUBLE ORANGE GLEAM. Large, uniformly double flowers of deep golden orange with a deeper shading at the center. Very free flowering. Pkt., 5c; oz., 20c; 1/4 lb., 50c; 1/2 lb., 75c; lb., \$1.25.

DOUBLE GLEAM HYBRIDS (Mixed). Gorgeously colored, large well formed flowers of dazzling beauty. Glorious double blooms of salmon, golden yellow, orange scarlet, cerise, cream yellow, orange, crimson and gold flush scarlet, which certainly show up beautifully in contrast to the fresh green foliage. **Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; 1/4 lb., 45c; 1/2 lb., 65c; lb., \$1.00.**

DWARF MIXED. All dwarf varieties in a fine combination of colors, fine for borders or beds. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 60c; lb., 90c.

TALL MIXED. Excellent for trellises or hanging baskets, etc. Pkt., 5c; oz., 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 40c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 60c; lb., 90c.

PAPER FLOWER POTS



			Postpaid	
	100	1000	100	1000
2 1/4-inch	\$.55	\$4.35	\$.65	\$4.70
2 1/2-inch	.55	4.50	.65	4.90
3-inch	.65	5.50	.75	5.90
4-inch	.85	7.25	1.00	7.75

PETUNIAS—For Massing and Borders

There is no flower more highly prized for use in beds, massing borders, window boxes, baskets and vases; easily grown, as they succeed in almost any soil and produce fragrant blossoms no matter how hot it gets the entire season. Sow thinly in March or April and do not cover seed very deep.

Petunia Nana Erecta

These grow erect and bushy, 10 to 12 inches high. Desirable for beds; single flowers.

BLUE BEDDER. Rich royal blue, a beautiful attractive shade. Pkt., 10c; 1/16 oz., 35c 1/4 oz., 50c; 1/4 oz., 75c; 1/2 oz., \$1.25.

CELESTIAL ROSE. Beautiful deep solid bright pink color. Pkt., 15c; 1/16 oz., 50c; 1/4 oz., 75c; 1/2 oz., \$1.00; 1/2 oz., \$1.75.

ROSE OF HEAVEN. Brilliant rose-pink, a slightly darker shade than Rosy Morn. Pkt., 10c; 1/16 oz., 35c; 1/4 oz., 50c; 1/2 oz., 75c; 1/2 oz., \$1.25.

ROSY MORN. Height 12 inches. Clear pink with a broad, white throat. Pkt., 10c; 1/16 oz., 50c; 1/4 oz., 75c; 1/4 oz., \$1.00; 1/2 oz., \$1.50.

SNOWBALL. Compact, bushy plants with snow-white flowers. Pkt., 15c; 1/16 oz., 50c; 1/4 oz., 75c; 1/4 oz., \$1.00; 1/2 oz., \$1.75.

NANA ERECTA (Mixed). All shades and colors of the Dwarf Petunias in mixture. Pkt., 10c; 1/16 oz., 35c; 1/4 oz., 50c; 1/4 oz., 75c; 1/2 oz., \$1.00.

Petunia Hybrida

Plants are extremely free blooming, producing a wealth of flowers even under the most trying conditions of weather and soil. Ideal for large beds, borders and porch boxes.

BLUE BEE. Deep velvet-violet-blue. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 25c; 1/4 oz., 40c; 1/2 oz., 60c.

FLAMING VELVET. Velvety rich blood-red, semi-dwarf, very beautiful. Pkt., 15c; 1/16 oz., 50c; 1/4 oz., 75c; 1/4 oz., \$1.25; 1/2 oz., \$2.00.

GENERAL DODDS. Single, large oxblood-red blooms. Pkt., 10c; 1/16 oz., 25c; 1/4 oz., 40c; 1/2 oz., 60c.

PURE WHITE. A beautiful snow-white flower; distinct, very showy. Pkt., 10c; 1/16 oz., 25c; 1/4 oz., 40c; 1/2 oz., 60c.

VIOLET-PURPLE. A mid-blue color; blooms large and of a lovely form. Pkt., 10c; 1/16 oz., 25c; 1/4 oz., 40c; 1/2 oz., 60c.

GIANT FLOWERING MIXED. Hybrida type with large single bold flowers in a wide range of colors that attract attention. Pkt., 10c; 1/16 oz., 35c; 1/4 oz., 50c; 1/4 oz., 75c; 1/2 oz., \$1.25.

PETUNIA HYBRIDA (Continued)

CHOICE MIXED. Fine for bedding, gives a mass of beautiful single flowers. Pkt., 5c; 1/16 oz., 25c; 1/4 oz., 35c; 1/2 oz., 50c; 1/2 oz., 75c.

RADIANCE. An outstanding new Petunia. There is more rich brilliance and life in the cerise rose color of Radiance than in any Petunia, regardless of type, that we know of. The throat is golden yellow below where the bloom starts to flare. Pkt., 10c; 1/16 oz., 35c; 1/4 oz., 50c; 1/4 oz., 75c; 1/2 oz., \$1.25; 1/2 oz., \$2.00.

HOLLYWOOD STAR. This lively new Petunia is a charming shade of rich rose with an amber throat. Unique in the form of its flowers which consist of a five-pointed star. A vigorous, free-blooming, garden sort. Pkt., 15c; 1/16 oz., 35c; 1/4 oz., 50c; 1/4 oz., 75c; 1/2 oz., \$1.25; 1/2 oz., \$2.00.

Petunia Giant Flowering

Giant Petunias measure 3 in. or more across. They are excellent for beds, pots, window boxes, and cutting.

PURPLE BEAUTY. A large flower, beautifully fringed or frilled; of a rich royal purple. Pkt., 25c.

BURGUNDY. Wine-red with showy white throat, very showy. Pkt., 25c.

GIANTS OF CALIFORNIA. Ruffled, single flowers of large size in beautiful colors. Pkt., 25c.

Petunia Balcony

Showy plants with long branches covered with blooms, 2 1/2 to 3 inches or more across. Equally as desirable for trailing from hanging baskets, porch and balcony boxes as for bedding and cutting.

BALCONY BLUE. Rich violet-blue.

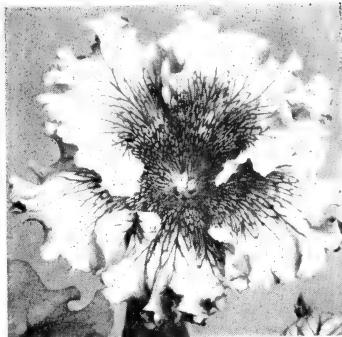
BALCONY RED. Showy bright crimson.

BALCONY ROSE. Clear rose-pink.

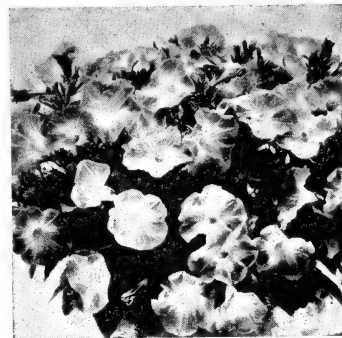
BALCONY WHITE. Beautiful clear-white.

Prices above four varieties Balcony Petunias: Pkt., 15c; 1/16 oz., 60c; 1/4 oz., \$1.00.

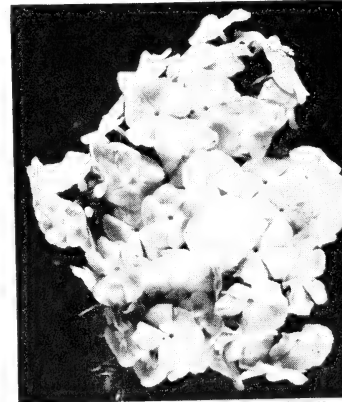
BALCONY MIXED. All colors in mixture. Pkt., 15c; 1/16 oz., 50c; 1/4 oz., 75c; 1/4 oz., \$1.25; 1/2 oz., \$2.25.



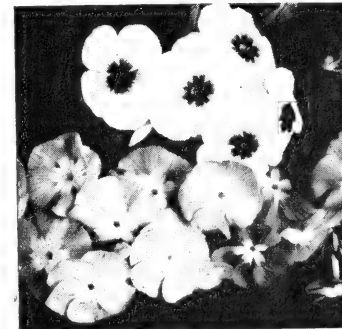
PETUNIA—GIANTS OF CALIFORNIA



PETUNIA—NANA ERECTA—MIXED



PHLOX—GIGANTEA—SALMON GLORY



PHLOX—DRUMMONDI—MIXED

PHLOX—In a Riot of Colors

This is one of the prettiest annuals, of easy culture and should be in every garden. Remarkable for its blooming qualities. Plant is vigorous and blooms all summer. The rich and beautiful colors produce an elegant effect in beds or borders.

PHLOX DRUMMONDI (Grandiflora). Unequal for the magnificent display of brilliant colors when used in beds. Will thrive in most any soil. This flower is a native of Texas. Grows from 6 inches to 1 foot high.

FIREBALL. Flowers large, blood-red. Pkt., 15c; 1/16 oz., 75c; 1/4 oz., \$1.00; 1/4 oz., \$1.75; 1/2 oz., \$3.00.

ROSEA. Bright pink. Very beautiful. Pkt., 15c; 1/16 oz., 75c; 1/4 oz., \$1.00; 1/4 oz., \$1.75; 1/2 oz., \$3.00.

SNOWBALL. Large clear snow-white. Pkt., 15c; 1/16 oz., 75c; 1/4 oz., \$1.00; 1/4 oz., \$1.75; 1/2 oz., \$3.00.

PHLOX DRUMMONDI (Grandiflora) MIXED. Splendid large flowers in a beautiful mixture. Height 1 foot. Pkt., 15c; 1/16 oz., 75c; 1/4 oz., \$1.00; 1/4 oz., \$1.50; 1/2 oz., \$2.50.

PHLOX GIGANTEA (Salmon Glory). The individual florets are gigantic for phlox, measuring with ordinary field culture from 1 1/4 to 1 1/2 inches in diameter. The color is a pure salmon-pink, with a distinct creamy-white eye. This, with its clear, clean, crisp appearance, makes one of the most beautiful color combinations we have ever seen. Salmon Glory will prove to be one of the outstanding flowers in your garden. Received Silver Medal Award in the All-American selections for 1939. Pkt., 15c; 1/16 oz., 75c; 1/4 oz., \$1.00; 1/4 oz., \$1.75; 1/2 oz., \$3.00.

PHLOX GIGANTEA (Art Shades). A new very large flowering type that produces blooms twice as large as the ordinary plant. In lovely pastel shades. Pkt., 15c; 1/16 oz., 75c; 1/4 oz., \$1.00; 1/4 oz., \$1.50; 1/2 oz., \$2.50.

"PLANTABBS" PLANT FOOD

Fulton's Plantabbs supply a complete balanced plant food of the high analysis 11-15-20 PLUS the full, required amount of Vitamin B₁ in each tablet. Vitamin B₁ acts to release and magnify the plant food in soil. If the soil is poor, there is no food to be released. Fulton's Plantabbs is the only tablet form plant food containing Vitamin B₁. Use Plantabbs for all indoor, potted plants and flowers, window and balcony boxes. Plantabbs are excellent for garden flowers and vegetables. Plantabbs with Vitamin B₁ makes vastly stronger root growth. "You can judge a flower by its roots." Price, 10 tablets, 10c; 30 tablets, 25c; 75 tablets, 50c; 200 tablets, \$1.00, postpaid.



PINKS (Dianthus)

Hardy and half-hardy perennials and biennials, but nearly all bloom the first season from seed. Sow in April and May.

CHINA DOUBLE. Popular Indian-pink double flowers in mixed colors. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 35c; 1/2 oz., 50c; oz., \$75.

DIADEM DOUBLE. Diadematus double, mixed colors. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 40c; 1/2 oz., 60c; oz., 90c.

CLOVE PINK (Dianthus plumarius). Free blooming, has spicy odor, mixed colors. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 35c; 1/2 oz., 50c; oz., 75c.

SWEET WIVELSFIELD. Blooms the first season from seed if planted early. Mixed colors. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 40c; 1/2 oz., 60c; oz., 90c.

POPPIES

Sow early where they are to bloom as they will not admit transplanting. Successive sowings insure continuous blooms, 18 to 20 inches.

AMERICAN LEGION. An improved variety of Flanders Poppy; brilliant orange scarlet, white maltese cross. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 20c; 1/2 oz., 35c; oz., 50c.

SHIRLEY DOUBLE PINK. Salmon-pink. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 25c; 1/2 oz., 40c; oz., 60c.

SHIRLEY DOUBLE RED. Rich scarlet. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 25c; 1/2 oz., 40c; oz., 60c.

SHIRLEY DOUBLE MIXED. Pkt., 5c; 1/4 oz., 15c; 1/2 oz., 25c; oz., 35c.

SHIRLEY SINGLE (Mixed). Pkt., 5c; 1/4 oz., 15c; 1/2 oz., 20c; oz., 30c.

PORTULACA—Rose Moss

A very attractive low-growing annual having a spreading habit; used in borders, beds and rockeries.

DOUBLE MIXED. Brilliant colors. Pkt., 15c; 1/4 oz., 50c; 1/2 oz., 75c; 3/4 oz., \$1.00; 1/2 oz., \$1.75.

SINGLE MIXED. All colors. Pkt., 10c; 1/2 oz., 50c; 1/4 oz., 75c; 1/2 oz., \$1.00; oz., \$1.75.

PYRETHRUM

Height 2 feet. These hardy perennials are of the same family as Chrysanthemums and Matricarias and are very charming and easy to grow. Valuable as cut flowers. We recommend them very highly.

ROSEUM (Single and Double Mixed). Produces a fine percentage of fully double or crested flowers in shades of salmon, rose, crimson and pure white. Pkt., 15c; 1/3 oz., 50c; 1/2 oz., 75c; 3/4 oz., \$1.00; 1/2 oz., \$1.75.

SALVIA OR SCARLET SAGE

A hardy annual that blooms the first season from seed. Sow seed in boxes and transplant outdoors in May, eight inches apart.

ZURICH (Scarlet Red Blossom). Very early; dwarf, compact plant, 12 to 15 inches. Pkt., 20c; 1/4 oz., 75c; 1/2 oz., \$1.00; 3/4 oz., \$1.75.

SPLENDENS (Scarlet Sage). The standard good variety, dependable. Pkt., 20c; 1/4 oz., 75c; 1/2 oz., \$1.00; 3/4 oz., \$1.75.

SALPIGLOSSIS

Easily grown, showy annual, 24 inches high. Flowers funnel-shaped, mottled veined and self-colored. Requires good soil; good cut flowers. Sow in April, thin to 6 inches. Commonly known as Painted Tongue.

ROSE CRIMSON AND GOLD. Has a sparkling richness far superior to any other varieties. The blooms are easily half-again as large as the ordinary types. A variety of proven merit. Pkt., 15c; 1/4 oz., 35c; 1/2 oz., 50c; 3/4 oz., 75c; 1/2 oz., \$1.75; oz., \$2.00.

GLOXINIAFLORA (Choice Mixed). Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 35c; 1/2 oz., 50c; 3/4 oz., 75c; oz., \$1.25.

ROOTONE

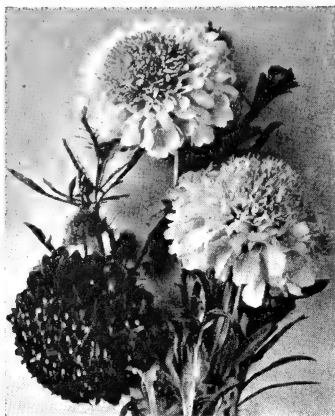
Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

ROOTONE. The Plant Hormone Powder. For better rooting of cuttings, seeds and bulbs. Just dip cuttings into the powder before planting. To treat seeds and bulbs, just dust with Rootone before planting. 1/4 oz. package, 25c; 2-oz. jar, \$1.00; 1 lb. can, \$5.00, postpaid.

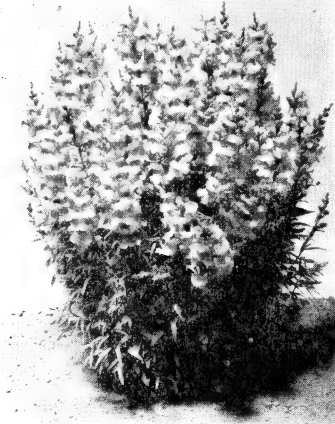
TRANSPLANTONE

Reg. U. S. Pat. Off.

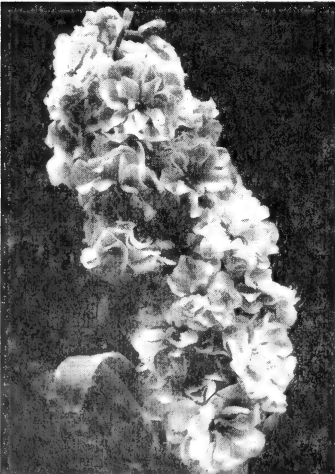
TRANSPLANTONE, the Vitamin-Hormone Plant Stimulant. Just mix one teaspoonful to a gallon of water. Then water the soil around the roots. Stimulates backward plants and double flowers, roses, seedlings, shrubs, rose bushes and trees. One ounce makes 1,000 gallons solution. 1/2 oz. package, 25c; 3-oz. can, \$1.00, postpaid.



SCABIOSA—MIXED



SNAPDRAGON—U. OF C. RUST-PROOF



STOCKS—LARGE FLOWERING TEN WEEKS

Russell Heckle's

BEAUTIFUL GARDEN FLOWER SEED COLLECTION

This garden collection of beautiful flowers is selected with extreme care from outstanding varieties in their respective classes. They should give you a succession of blooms, in a riot of colors, from early spring until frost.

• NASTURTIUM—Double Gleam Hybrids	Oz. \$.15
• MARIGOLD—Gigantea Sunset Giants	Pkt. .10
• SNAPDRAGON—U. of C. Rust-Proof Mixed	Pkt. .10
• ZINNIA—California Giant Mixed	Pkt. .10
• PETUNIA—Rosy Morn	Pkt. .10
• COLUMBINE—Mrs. Scott Elliott L. S. Hybrids	Pkt. .15
• MORNING GLORY—Scarlett O'Hara	Pkt. .10
• COSMOS—Orange Flare	Pkt. .10
• VERBENA—Beauty of Oxford	Pkt. .10

9 Varieties Total Value \$1.00
Sent Postpaid Anywhere in U. S. A.

65c

SUNFLOWER

Showy, easily grown annual flowers, mostly yellow. Plant in April and May.

DOUBLE DWARF. Four feet. Orange-yellow. Flowers large and double.

GLOBE OF GOLD. Six feet. Free blooming, double globe or dahli-like saffron flowers.

Above two varieties: Pkt., 5c; 1/2 oz., 15c; oz., 25c.

SWEET WILLIAM

These favorite garden flowers are showy and have a long blooming period. They grow readily from seed and will flower the first season when sown early in boxes or beds and transplanted. They thrive in any soil or situation.

NEWPORT PINK. Large flowering, solid pink. Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 35c; 1/4 oz., 50c; 1/2 oz., 75c; oz., \$1.00.

SINGLE MIXED. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 35c; 1/2 oz., 50c; oz., 75c.

DOUBLE MIXED. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 40c; 1/2 oz., 60c; oz., 90c.

TEXAS BLUEBONNET

Hardy annual. Sow in March and April. Fine for cutting; flowers charming blue. Pkt., 5c; 1/4 oz., 15c; 1/2 oz., 20c; oz., 30c.

THUNBERGIA

Tender annual. Plant in April. Fine for hanging baskets or trellis work. Flowers yellow-buff with black center. Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 25c; 1/4 oz., 40c; 1/2 oz., 60c; oz., 90c.

TITHONIA

GOLDEN FLOWER OF THE INCAS. Also known as Mexican Fireball. The flowers of vivid orange-scarlet, are like huge African Marigold. Height about 6 feet, blooming in late summer. Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 50c; 1/4 oz., 75c; 1/2 oz., \$1.00; oz., \$1.50.

FIREBALL. A dazzling ball of fire, the last word in brilliance of color. The plant is tall growing, reaching a height of 8 to 9 feet, the bloom a vibrant show of scarlet orange petals in contrast to the clear yellow center. The foliage, a grayish woolly green with a fairly heavy growth; neat in appearance. Excellent for cut flowers, the blooms will keep for five or six days when cut. Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 50c; 1/4 oz., 75c; 1/2 oz., 1.00; 1/2 oz., \$1.75.

TORENIA

Annuals. Sow early indoors and transplant 8 to 12 inches apart. Globose plants literally covered with lovely, richly colored snapdragon-like flowers of a delightful blue. Height 10 inches. Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 50c; 1/4 oz., 75c; 1/2 oz., \$1.00; 1/2 oz., \$1.50.

TRITOMA (Red Hot Poker)

Tall spikes of brilliant orange-red flowers. makes splendid cut flowers.

HYBRIDA MIRABILIS. Blooms the first year. Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 35c; 1/4 oz., 50c; 1/2 oz., 75c; 1/2 oz., \$1.25.

VERBENAS

For beds, boxes or borders. Sow seed in boxes or frame early. Transplant to the open during May when young plants have 3 or 4 heads, or you can sow seed in open ground about April 10th to 15th.

BEAUTY OF OXFORD. These hybrids show colors from rose-pink to rose-red and have bright, attractive blooms of large clusters an inch or more in diameter. Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 35c; 1/4 oz., 50c; 1/2 oz., 75c; 1/2 oz., \$1.25.

MAMMOTH FLOWERING VERBENAS. Blue, Crimson, Pink, Purple, White, Yellow.

Price, any of the above separate colors: Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 35c; 1/4 oz., 50c; 1/2 oz., 75c; oz., \$1.25.

MAMMOTH FLOWERING VERBENAS (Mixed). This is the grandiflora mammoth flowering type containing all the larger or giant-flowering varieties in mixture. Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 35c; 1/4 oz., 50c; 1/2 oz., 75c; oz., \$1.00.

CHOICE MIXED VERBENAS. Hybrid type, very free blooming. Mixed, all colors. Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 50c; 1/4 oz., 75c; 1/2 oz., \$1.25; oz., \$2.00.

VINCA

Ornamental free-blooming plants with dark green foliage and pink and white flowers. Sow seed in boxes in March and transplant to the open in May.

ALBA (Snow-White). Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 35c; 1/4 oz., 50c; 1/2 oz., 75c; oz., \$1.00.

ROSEA. Soft pink. Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 35c; 1/4 oz., 50c; 1/2 oz., 75c; oz., \$1.00.

MIXED. Pink, pink-eye, and white. Pkt., 10c; 1/8 oz., 25c; 1/4 oz., 35c; 1/2 oz., 50c; oz., 75c.

MIXTURE OF FLOWER SEEDS

CUT FLOWER MIXTURE. This is a mixture of all varieties that are best adapted for cut flowers in a wide range of colors. Pkt., 5c; 1/4 oz., 15c; 1/2 oz., 20c; oz., 30c.

EVERLASTING FLOWER MIXTURE. An assortment of all the everlasting flowers in a splendid mixture. You will find this novel and very interesting. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 25c; 1/2 oz., 40c; oz., 60c.

CALIFORNIA NATIVE FLOWERS. This mixture is quite distinct, since it contains many native varieties of annual flowers in mixture that are grown in California. They do well in the South. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 25c; 1/2 oz., 35c; oz., 50c.

WILD FLOWER GARDEN MIXTURE. A haphazard mixture—not a tame garden of wild flowers but a wild garden of tame flowers. Contains many annual varieties for continuous blooms. Pkt., 10c; 1/4 oz., 25c; 1/2 oz., 40c; oz., 60c.

WOOD PLANT LABELS

1/16" x 4" 5" 6" 8"

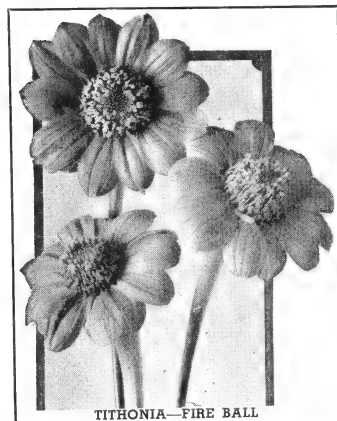
4-in. Wooden Pot Label	100	1,000
5-in. Wooden Pot Label	\$.35	\$2.00
6-in. Wooden Pot Label	.40	2.25
7-in. Wooden Pot Label	.45	2.50
8-in. Wooden Pot Label	.50	3.00
10-in. Wooden Pot Label	.75	5.50
3 1/2-in. Wired Tree Labels	.40	2.25
By Mail, add 10c per 100 and 40c per 1,000.		

VITAMIN B-1 LIQUID

A scientific growth stimulant and invigorator for garden and house plants, roses, shrubs, trees and lawns. Nutrimin is identical to the Vitamin B₁ solution used by research chemists in the original experiments. Scientifically stabilized and will keep indefinitely in the original airtight bottle. 140-gal. size, 25c; 320-gal. size, 50c, postpaid.



FLOWER COLLECTION



TITHONIA—FIRE BALL

WATCH YOUR GARDEN BLOSSOM OUT!



... when you use

Thompson's VITAMIN B₁ PELLETS

(Now contain all the known factors of Vitamin B Complex.)

Famous as a root-growth factor and stimulant. Thompson's B₁ Pellets have been enthusiastically endorsed by thousands of gardeners. Too, remember

THOMPSON'S VITAMIN B₁ PELLETS AND SHAKE-A-DROP BOTTLE

... are easy to use. Dissolve a pellet in the Shake-A-Drop Bottle and then shake one drop into a gallon of water and apply to all plants.

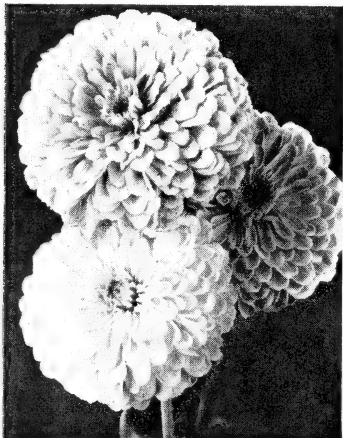
★ Box of 100 pellets (enough for 2,000 gals.) and new Shake-A-Drop Bottle \$1

OTHER SIZES THOMPSON'S VITAMIN B-1 PLUS

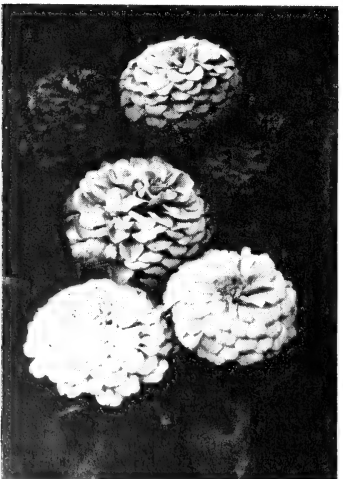
50-gallon size Pellets—Postpaid	\$.10
200-gallon size Pellets—Postpaid	.25



SWEET PEAS—GIANT SPENCER



ZINNIAS—DAHLIA FLOWERED



ZINNIAS—LILLIPUT OR POMPON

RUSSELL-HECKLE'S

SWEET PEAS

NEW STRAINS AND VARIETIES

Culture—Sow from October to April, weather permitting. Cover seed 2 to 4 inches, according to depth of your trench. The soil for Sweet Peas should be rich, deep and well drained. On high and dry soils they may be sown in drills from 4 to 6 inches deep, covered with an inch or two of soil pressed firmly, and the furrow filled in as the plants grow. When the plants are well above the ground, they should be thinned out so as to be at least from 2 to 4 inches apart.

GIANT LATE FLOWERING SPENCERS. Hardy, vigorous growers with branching vines. The large, queenly blossoms are beautifully waved and are borne three to four on fine, long stems.

Price any of the following varieties Postpaid, pkt., 10c; oz., 15c; 2 ozs., 25c; ¼ lb., 45c; ½ lb., 80c; 1 lb., \$1.50.

Admiral. Deep blue.
Ambition. Lavender lilac.
Brilliant Rose. Rose.
Chieftain. Satiny mauve.
Chinese Blue. Blue.
Cissie. Light salmon.
Leviathan. Clear rich maroon.
Master Cream. Beautiful cream.
Miss California. Deep pink.
Olympia. Richest purple.
Patricia Unwin. Cream pink.
Pinkie. Clear rose pink.
Red Boy. Rich crimson.
Smiles. Shrimp pink.
Snow Ball. Pure white.

GIANT LATE FLOWERING MIXED SPENCERS. Contains many of the above varieties as well as others not listed, and will produce a great abundance of giant flowers in beautiful colors.

Postpaid, pkt., 5c; oz., 10c; 2 oz., 20c; ¼ lb., 35c; ½ lb., 55c; 1 lb., \$1.00.

INOCULATE SWEET PEAS

If you want large blossoms and more of them, inoculate the seed before planting with NITRAGIN. Inoculation. Directions with package. Price, pkg., 10c, postpaid. Enough for any amount of seed up to 6 pounds.

RUSSELL-HECKLE'S

ZINNIAS

FOR BEDDING OR CUT FLOWERS

Culture—The seed may be sown in a hot bed or sunny window and transplanted or sown later in the open ground. If sown in the open ground in April, thin out as soon as the

FANTASY ZINNIAS. These have twisted, curled and quilled petals. The blooms are large and full. They are something so different that you will be more than delighted with the Fantasy class of Zinnia.

Orange Lady. Deep bright orange. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c; ½ oz., 40c; 1 oz., 60c; oz., 90c.

Rosalie. Rich intense rose. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c; ½ oz., 40c; 1 oz., 60c; oz., 90c.

White Light. Nearly pure white. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c; ½ oz., 40c; 1 oz., 60c; oz., 90c.

Star Dust. Rich yellow. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c; ½ oz., 40c; 1 oz., 60c; oz., 90c.

Mixed. All colors. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 20c; ½ oz., 35c; 1 oz., 50c; oz., 75c.

DAHLIA-FLOWERED ZINNIA. A beautiful variety, very large and as graceful in appearance as the decorative Dahlia. Flowers often measure 5 to 6 inches in diameter and are produced in magnificent colors. Height of plants 3 feet.

Canary Bird. Canary-yellow.
Crimson Monarch. Deep crimson.
Exquisite. Light rose.
Golden State. Yellow-orange.
Luminosa. Bright pink.
Polar Bear. Creamy white.
Purple Prince. Deep purple.
Mixed. All colors.

Price, above Dahlia-Flowered Zinnias: Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 20c; ½ oz., 35c; 1 oz., 50c; oz., 75c.

CALIFORNIA GIANT ZINNIA COLLECTION

- 1 Pkt. Crimson Queen..... 10c
- 1 Pkt. Golden Queen..... 10c
- 1 Pkt. Orange Queen..... 10c
- 1 Pkt. Rose Queen..... 10c
- 1 Pkt. Violet Queen..... 10c

5 Varieties Total Value 50c
Postpaid Anywhere U. S. A.

35c

plants are well up, leaving at least 1½ feet each way. As they are robust growers and require a large amount of space to attain maximum size.

CALIFORNIA GIANT ZINNIAS. This is a colossal Giant type with large flowers, immense, broad, nearly flat flowers in a gorgeous assortment of colors. Splendid for cutting or garden effect. Plants grow 3 to 4 feet in height.

Brightness. Bright pink.
Crimson Queen. Rich crimson.
Enchantress. Rose-pink.
Golden Queen. Golden yellow.
Lavender Gem. Clear lavender.
Orange Queen. Clear orange.
Purity. Pure white.
Rose Queen. Bright rose.
Violet Queen. Deep purple.
Mixed. All colors.
Price, above California Giant Zinnias: Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 20c; ½ oz., 35c; 1 oz., 50c; oz., 75c.

LILLIPUT OR POMPON ZINNIAS. Pretty compact type, producing small double flowers. Height 1½ inches.

Pink Gem. Pink.
Scarlet Gem. Scarlet.
White Gem. White.
Golden Gem. Yellow.
Purple Gem. Purple.
Pastel Mixture.

Price, above Lilliput or Pompon Zinnias: Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 20c; ½ oz., 35c; 1 oz., 50c; oz., 75c.

TOM THUMB LILLIPUT ZINNIAS. 6 to 8 inches high. Mixed varieties. Pkt., 10c; ¼ oz., 25c; ½ oz., 40c; 1 oz., 60c; oz., 90c.

GIANT SPENCER SWEET PEA COLLECTION

- 1 Pkt. Chinese Blue..... 10c
- 1 Pkt. Master Cream..... 10c
- 1 Pkt. Pinkie..... 10c
- 1 Pkt. Red Boy..... 10c
- 1 Pkt. Snow Ball..... 10c

5 Varieties Total Value 50c
Postpaid Anywhere U. S. A.

35c

For Quantity Prices

How to Plant—Dig a hole large enough to spread the roots without crowding and deep enough to cover a little deeper than plants were in the nursery. **Roses must be planted so the scar or swelling left by bud or graft is beneath the surface.** In filling with soil, shake plant lightly, so soil gets all around the roots, then fill hole completely and firm soil so plant is set solid. Soak well with water. Pruning may be done before new leaf growth starts in spring.

PRICES ON ALL ROSE BUSHES
Postpaid, each, 50c; 6 for \$2.20; 12 for \$4.15. Not prepaid, each, 40c; 6 for \$1.95; 12 for \$3.75.

EVERBLOOMING BUSH ROSES

AMI QUINARD. Dark red.
BETTY UPRICHARD. Pink.
BRIARCLIFF. Pink.
CALEDONIA. White.
COLUMBIA. Pink.
DAME EDITH HELEN. Pink.
DUCHESS OF LUXEMBOURG. Yellow.
EDITH NELLIE PERKINS. Red.
E. G. HILL. Scarlet.
ETOILE DE HOLLANDE. Red.
ETOILE DE FRANCE. Crimson.
FRANCIS SCOTT KEY. Red.
GOLDEN DAWN. Golden.
GOLDEN OPHELIA. Yellow.
J. I. L. MOCK. Pink.
K. A. VICTORIA. White.

HEDGE PLANTS

HOW TO PLANT PRIVET HEDGE—Plant either in a single row 6 to 8 inches apart, or in a double row for a very broad hedge 8 to 10 inches apart, placing the plants alternately in the rows. Right after planting cut them back to within a few inches from the ground to make the hedge bush out low. Shear twice during the summer to even up the new growth.

PRIVET, AMUR RIVER SOUTH. Most popular evergreen plant in the South; rich green foliage, compact growth. Makes good hedge in two years.

PRIVET, OVALIFOLIUM (California Privet). The well-known variety, vigorous grower. Deep glossy green leaves; fine for hedges or screening purposes.

Prices: Amur River and California Privet Hedge two year, 18 to 24-inch well-branched plants. Postpaid, 10 plants, 95c; 25, \$1.70; 100, \$5.45. Not prepaid, 10 plants, 75c; 25, \$1.40; 100, \$4.95.

ABELIA GRANDIFLORA. One of the finest evergreens. Pinkish white flowers are produced in beautiful sprays practically covering the bush in spring and autumn, with a few all summer. Excellent when planted around the foundation of a house, or in masses or hedged. 24 to 36 in. transplanted, root pruned. **Price:** Postpaid, each, 80c; 3 for \$2.10; 6 for \$3.70; 12 for \$6.60. Not prepaid, each, 65c; 3 for \$1.80; 6 for \$3.30; 12 for \$6.00.

DECORATIVE VINES

LARGE FLOWERING CLEMATIS. After planting them, give them a mulch of Peat Moss in order to keep soil cool.

CLEMATIS, HENRY (Clematis lawsonia henryi). A hybrid variety with large flat, creamy white flowers.

CLEMATIS, JACKMAN (Clematis jackmani). Large velvety purple flowers, two or three inches across.

CLEMATIS, MME. EDOUARD ANDRE (Clematis, Mme. Edouard Andre). A Chinese variety bearing large, red flowers.

Prices on any of the above Large Flowering Clematis: Postpaid, each, 95c; 3 for \$2.45; 6 for \$4.45. Not prepaid, each, 80c; 3 for \$2.25; 6 for \$4.20.

WISTERIA, CHINESE (Wisteria sinensis). For porch or pergola the Wisteria is one of the most decorative vines.

Wisteria, Chinese Purple. Flowers deep lavender-purple. 2-year medium plants.

Wisteria, Chinese White. Clusters pure white and very beautiful. 2-year medium plants.

Prices on either of the above Chinese Wisteria: Postpaid, each, 65c; 3 for \$1.55; 6 for \$2.65. Not prepaid, each, 50c; 3 for \$1.35; 6 for \$2.40.

GOLD FLAME HONEYSUCKLE. The large flame-coral trumpets lined with gold, appear in immense showy clusters. Dark, blue-green foliage. **Price,** postpaid, each, 70c; 3 for \$2.15; 6 for \$3.85. Not prepaid, each, 70c; 3 for \$1.95; 6 for \$3.60.

See Green Ink List

LADY HILINGDON. Yellow.
LOS ANGELES. Salmon pink.
MARGARET MCGREY. Red.
MRS. P. S. DUPONT. Yellow.
PRES. HERBERT HOVER. Three toned.
RADIANCE. Pink.
RED RADIANCE. Red.
ROSLYN. Orange.
SOUV. de CLAUDIUS PERNET. Yellow.
SUNBURST. Yellow.
TALISMAN. Three toned.

CLIMBING ROSES

PRES. HERBERT HOVER. Three toned.
RADIANCE. Pink.
RED RADIANCE. Red.
TALISMAN. Three toned.
PAUL'S SCARLET. Red.
MARECHAL NIEL. Yellow.

"POLYANTHA" BABY ROSES

GLORIA MUNDI. Orange.
GOLDEN SALMON. Yellow.
IDEAL. Red.
ORLEANS. Pink.

FLOWERING SHRUBS

Well branched, No. 1 plants. We can supply the following varieties:

ALMOND. Pink or white.
ALTHEA. Red, pink, white.
BUTTERFLY BUSH. Davidi Magnifica, Ile de France.
CALYCANTHUS (Sweet Shrub).
CRABE MYRTLE. Pink, red or purple.
CYDONIA JAPONICA (Flowering Quince).
DEUTZIA CRENATA. Pink-flowered.
FORSYTHIA (Golden Bell).
HYDRANGEA PANICULATA. White.
LILAC (French). Blue and lavender.
LILAC (Syringa). Purple.
PHILADELPHUS CORONARIUS (Mock Orange).
PHILADELPHUS VIRGINAL. White.
SNOWBALL (Common). White.
SPIREA, ANTHONY WATERER. Red.
SPIREA BILLIARDI. Pink.
SPIREA VAN HOUTTEI. White.
VITEX (Chaste Tree). Lilac.
WEIGELA, EVA RATHKE. Red.
WEIGELA ROSEA. Pink.

PRICES ON ALL SHRUBS
Postpaid, each, 80c; 3 for \$2.10; 6 for \$3.70; 12 for \$6.60. Not prepaid, each, 65c; 3 for \$1.80; 6 for \$3.30; 12 for \$6.00.

ORNAMENTAL TREES

CHINESE ELM (Ulmus Pumila). A remarkable tree because of its great rapidity in growth; bright, fresh-looking foliage and compact shape. Stands drouth or cold, and retains its foliage until quite late in autumn. 5 to 6-foot trees, price, postpaid, each, \$1.10; 3 for \$2.80; 6 for \$5.00. Not prepaid, each, 85c; 3 for \$2.40; 6 for \$4.50.

MAGNOLIA (Grandiflora). Majestic tree with large, thick leaves of glossy green; white flowers, 10 to 15 inches across, and with heavy fragrance. 2 to 3-foot trees, balled and baled, price, F.O.B. Nursery, each, \$1.75.

MIMOSA (Silk Tree). Quick growing small tree; branches spreading; foliage finely cut, double, in pink, fluffy balls in clusters at tips of branches in the late spring and early summer. 3 to 4-foot trees, price, postpaid, each, \$1.00; 3 for \$2.75. Not prepaid, each, 85c; 3 for \$2.40.

RED BUD (American). Small tree, branches completely covered with rosy-purple flowers before foliage appears in spring. 3 to 4-foot trees, price, postpaid, each, \$1.00; 3 for \$2.75; 6 for \$4.90. Not prepaid, each, 85c; 3 for \$2.40; 6 for \$4.50.

PEACH (Double Flowering). Tree similar to peach, but more dwarf growing. Flowers very double, like small rose. Colors: Red, Pink and White. 3 to 4-foot trees, price, postpaid, each, \$1.00; 3 for \$2.75; 6 for \$4.90. Not prepaid, each, 85c; 3 for \$2.40; 6 for \$4.50.



ROSE—PRES. HERBERT HOVER



SHRUB—HYDRANGEA P. G.



SHRUB—SPIREA VAN HOUTTEI



SHRUB—DEUTZIA CRENATA

GIANT DECORATIVE **Dahlia Bulbs** INDIVIDUALLY WRAPPED AND LABELED

CULTURE. Plant bulbs in hills 3 feet apart any time after danger of frost. Soil must be fertile or heavy fertilization is necessary. Lay bulbs flat and cover with 6 inches of soil. Dahlias require a great deal of moisture and clean cultivation.

BARBARA REDFERN. An attractive blending of gold, copper and old rose. Large blooms on good stems. Postpaid, each, 25c; 3 for 60c.

CALIFORNIA IDOL. Very large. Many times a prize winner. Beautiful yellow flowers on extra long, stiff stems. Postpaid, each, 35c; 3 for 85c.

CHARM. The color is a most pleasing combination of burnt orange, shading to yellow. Postpaid, each, 20c; 3 for 50c.

ELIZABETH SLOCOMBE. The brilliant purplish-garnet coloring makes it very effective in the garden. Postpaid, each, 20c; 3 for 50c.

ELLEANOR RADELL. Large size, beautiful light pink with deep rose margin, tall grower, husky plant. On recent Honor Rolls. Postpaid, each, 35c; 3 for 85c.

ELLINOR VANDIVEER. The large, glowing, satiny, rose-pink flowers are held well above the plant on long, stout stems. Postpaid, each, 20c; 3 for 50c.

FRANCIS LAROCCO. Clear lemon yellow of good size. A rank grower and profuse bloomer. Postpaid, each, 20c; 3 for 50c.

HILLCREST MANDARIN. The blooms are massive red and yellow coloring produced freely on strong growing plants. On recent Honor Rolls. Postpaid, each, 25c; 3 for 60c.

JANE COWL. Deep, massive blooms of bronzy-buff and old gold, shading deeper at a perfect center. Postpaid, each, 25c; 3 for 60c.

JERSEY'S BEACON. A decided novelty of Chinese scarlet with a paler reverse, giving a two-tone effect. Postpaid, each, 25c; 3 for 60c.

JERSEY'S BEAUTY. Beautiful true pink. The flowers are early, perfect in shape, produced in abundance. Postpaid, each, 25c; 3 for 60c.

JUDGE ALTON B. PARKER. Tangerine-orange shades with deeper shadings at the center. A mammoth flower. Postpaid, each, 20c; 3 for 50c.

JUDGE MAREAN. The colors changing as the flowers pass through different stages of development, are a combination of glowing salmon-pink, red, iridescent orange, yellow and gold, all blending most harmoniously. Postpaid, each, 25c; 3 for 60c.

KENTUCKY. Exactly like Jersey Beauty, except in color; pink with blending of yellow and gold, best described as lovely salmon pink. Postpaid, each, 25c; 3 for 60c.

MARGARET WOODROW WILSON. A blending of creamy white and opalescent pink with a deeper pink reflex. An exceptional flower of tremendous size. Postpaid, each, 20c; 3 for 50c.

MONMOUTH CHAMPION. Has brilliant orange-flame blooms borne very freely on strong, vigorous plants. Of enormous size. Postpaid, each, 25c; 3 for 60c.

MRS. CARL SALBACH. A beautiful lavender-pink which has blends of deeper lavender toward the center. Postpaid, each, 20c; 3 for 50c.

MRS. GEORGE LE BOUTILLIER. A giant flower of deep crimson red. Postpaid, each, 35c; 3 for 85c.

MRS. I. DE VER WARNER. Clear lilac-rose coloring seldom seen in a Dahlia; beautifully formed; massive blooms. Postpaid, each, 20c; 3 for 50c.

PRESIDENT FRANKLIN D. ROOSEVELT. This we consider one of the finest reds in our collection. Bright red color with buff reverse, large size and will please everybody. Postpaid, each, 30c; 3 for 75c.

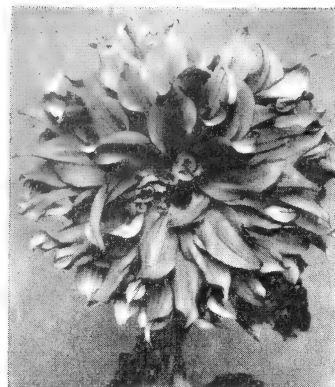
PRIDE OF CALIFORNIA. Mammoth rich American beauty red. Very tall, vigorous grower. Postpaid, each, 20c; 3 for 50c.

SON OF SATAN. This is a hybrid cactus seedling of Satan, just as large as that variety, clear bright red color. Postpaid, each, 40c; 3 for 95c.

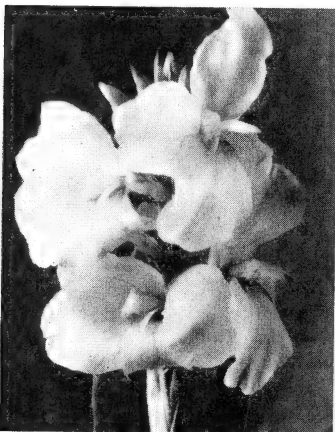
THE COMMODORE. One of the largest and most spectacular yellow Dahlias. Color a brilliant lemon-yellow; petals long and broad. Postpaid, each, 25c; 3 for 60c.

WHITE KING. Pure white. Grows large straight stems and flowers attain large size. Postpaid, each, 20c; 3 for 50c.

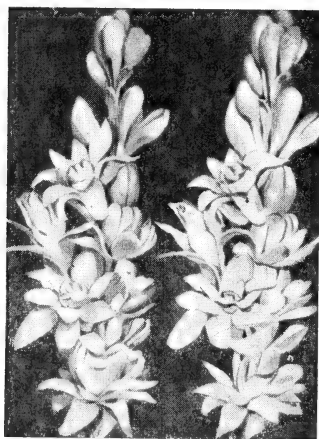
WHITE WONDER. Flowers very large on fine stems, pure white and of good substance one of the best of all whites. Postpaid, each, 25c; 3 for 60c.



DAHLIA—JERSEY'S BEACON



CANNA—HUNGARIA



TUBEROSES—DOUBLE PEARL



DELUXE COLLECTION GIANT DECORATIVE DAHLIAS

1 Francis Larocco
1 Jane Cowl
1 Jersey's Beauty
1 Mrs. I. De Ver Warner
1 Pride of California
1 White King

\$100 Postpaid
Within
300-Mile
Radius of Memphis

The above six varieties are individually wrapped and labeled and packed in attractive gift box with complete cultural directions.

TOP NOTCH

Miscellaneous Bulbs

FOR SPRING PLANTING

CANNAS

Plant 3 to 4 inches deep and 18 to 24 inches apart as soon as the frost is out of the ground.

All prices uniform as follows: Postpaid, 6 for 50c; doz., 80c; 50 for \$2.50; 100 for \$4.85.

HUNGARIA. (4 feet.) Rich rosy pink blooms with green foliage.

KING HUMBERT. (5 feet.) Deep fiery orange-red with bronze foliage.

THE PRESIDENT. (4 feet.) Brilliant crimson flowers, bright green foliage.

YELLOW KING HUMBERT. (5 feet.) Lemon-yellow, stippled red, foliage green.

PEONIES

Peony bulbs should be planted shallow so tip is just at top of the ground. Plant them in February or March, 3 to 4 feet apart.

Price, any of the following varieties: Postpaid, each, 45c; 4 for \$1.60; 12 for \$4.00.

AVALANCHE. White flaked crimson.

FELIX CROUSSE. Rich dazzling red.

MONSIEUR JULES ELIE. Glossy lilac pink.

QUEEN VICTORIA. Large, pure white.

TUBEROSES

Plant in March or April, 2 inches deep and 12 inches apart. Trim roots from bulb before planting.

DOUBLE PEARL. Postpaid, 6 for 45c; doz., 75c; 50 for \$2.30; 100 for \$4.40.

MEXICAN SINGLE EVERBLOOMING. Postpaid, 6 for 40c; doz., 70c; 50 for \$1.75; 100 for \$3.20.

CALADIUM or ELEPHANT EAR

Plant 4 inches deep, 18 inches apart, in March and April. Fertilize and water well all during the summer.

Large bulbs: Postpaid, each, 25c; 6 for \$1.00; 12 for \$1.80.

Medium bulbs: Postpaid, each, 15c; 6 for 60c; 12 for \$1.00.

Small bulbs: Postpaid, each, 10c; 6 for 40c; 12 for 70c.

BULBS FOR FALL PLANTING

Tulips, Lilies, Crocus, Narcissus, etc. Write for Descriptive Price List in Colors.

Ready October 1st

For Quantity Prices

ALUMINUM SULPHATE (Not a Fertilizer)
When mixed with the soil at rate of 2 pounds to 20 square feet, it adds acidity, giving vigor and increased growth to such acid loving plants as Azaleas, Hydrangeas, etc. 1 lb., 10c; 3 lbs., 25c; 10 lbs., 65c; 25 lbs., \$1.50. Postpaid, 1 lb., 20c; 3 lbs., 40c; 10 lbs., 90c; 25 lbs., \$2.00.

RUSSELL-HECKLE

CULTURAL DIRECTIONS. Plant the bulbs 4 inches deep and at least 6 inches apart in good garden soil. Gladiolus may be planted as soon as the ground is ready in Spring, and continuous blooms may be obtained by periodic plantings until July. Our bulbs are all No. 1 large size. We do not handle the small grade, which seldom give satisfaction, nor do we handle the very large bulbs which are no better but more expensive.

ALBATROS. Large pure white with six to eight blooms open on a tall very vigorous plant. Blooms face up in the second fully formed. Postpaid, doz., 55c; 50, \$1.85; 100, \$3.50.

AVA MARIA. Medium blue with small purplish blotches. Several large, well placed blooms open at a time. Postpaid, doz., 65c; 50, \$2.10; 100, \$4.00.

BAGDAD. Smoky old rose, somewhat darker toward the edge and lighter in the throat. Six to eight or even more immense blooms open at a time. Postpaid, doz., 50c; 50, \$1.50; 100, \$2.80.

BERTY SEVEN. Pinkish lavender often flecked darker toward the base. Well placed blooms on a long spike. Postpaid, doz., 50c; 50, \$1.50; 100, \$2.80.

BETTY NUTHALL. Warm coral pink with pale yellow throat markings and a tinge of orange. General effect is salmon color. Six to eight blooms open on a tall strong stem. Postpaid, doz., 50c; 50, \$1.35; 100, \$2.50.

CADILLAC. Golden apricot-yellow. An outstanding peeping color. The tall, sturdy spikes sometimes come crooked, but the perfect ones make up for these. Postpaid, doz., 55c; 50, \$1.70; 100, \$3.20.

CHARLES DICKENS. Purple violet. Tall, strong grower with long spike of blooms. Considered one of the best of the purples. Postpaid, doz., 55c; 50, \$1.65; 100, \$3.50.

COMMANDER KOEHL. Dark scarlet-red and probably the most desirable dark red available today. Wide open flowers which catch the eye. Postpaid, doz., 60c; 50, \$1.95; 100, \$3.70.

DEBONAIR. LaFrance pink shading to shrimp pink with creamy throat blotch, lightly peppered crimson. Six to eight medium large blooms open on a very tall, straight spike. Postpaid, doz., 45c; 50, \$1.25; 100, \$2.30.

DR. C. HOEG. Glossy, velvety maroon-red with a fine line of silvery gray around the edge of each petal. The spikes are long and the round flowers have a very clean-cut appearance. There is a tinge of blue in the flower that few gladiolus can approach. Postpaid, doz., 50c; 50, \$2.40; 100, \$4.60.

DR. F. E. BENNETT. Fiery scarlet with white lines in the throat. Tall spike with many well placed blooms open at one time. Has been the standard light red for many years. Postpaid, doz., 55c; 50, \$1.85; 100, \$3.50.

GATE OF HEAVEN. A wonderfully strong, pure yellow variety. The florets are well spaced, slightly ruffled. Many open and of very pleasing form. Postpaid, doz., 55c; 50, \$1.85; 100, \$3.50.

GIANT NYMPH. Extra large flowers of exquisite rose-pink with pale gold throats. Vigorous grower and one of the finest varieties. Postpaid, doz., 50c; 50, \$1.35; 100, \$2.50.

GOLDEN DREAM. The richest, clearest, pure golden yellow. Large flowers with gracefully recurved petals well placed on tall straight stems. Postpaid, doz., 50c; 50, \$1.50; 100, \$2.80.

KASSEL. A bright, attractive scarlet with no markings. Beautiful, well formed, extra large flowers. Excellent grower and a fine variety for cutting. Postpaid, doz., 55c; 50, \$1.85; 100, \$3.50.

MAID OF ORLEANS. Milky white with cream throat. Tall straight plant with up to eight large well placed blooms open. Postpaid, doz., 55c; 50, \$1.85; 100, \$3.50.

MARGARET FULTON. Clear rich soft dark salmon of a distinct shade. Six to eight perfectly placed medium size blooms open. Flowers are somewhat cup-shaped. One of the best early varieties. Postpaid, doz., 50c; 50, \$1.35; 100, \$2.50.

MINUET. Beautiful light pinkish lavender. Five to six or more well placed blooms open. The lavender by which all other lavenders are judged. Has been a leading lavender for many years. Postpaid, doz., 60c; 50, \$1.95; 100, \$3.70.

MRS. E. J. HEATON. Warm, glowing salmon-pink with cream throat. Tall, vigorous grower that withstands heat and drought and will open six florets in the field. Very good growth habits. Postpaid, doz., 65c; 50, \$2.10; 100, \$4.00.

PELEGRIANA. Large dark blue. Six or more well placed blooms open with most of the remaining buds showing color. A fine variety and one of the most popular dark blues. Postpaid, doz., 55c; 50, \$1.85; 100, \$3.50.

PICARDY. Soft shrimp pink without flecking. A blotch of flesh pink shading to shrimp pink at edges. Soft inconspicuous feathering of rose. Seven or eight blooms open up to 6 inches or more across. Postpaid, doz., 45c; 50, \$1.25; 100, \$2.30.

RED LORY. Carmine Rose with large purplish red blotches. Ten or more large blooms open at a time. Very popular and gorgeously colored dark red. Postpaid, doz., 55c; 50, \$1.85; 100, \$3.50.

RED PHIPPS. Unusual shade of light red. Medium tall plant with long flower heads. Considered one of the best cut flower reds. Postpaid, doz., 55c; 50, \$1.70; 100, \$3.20.

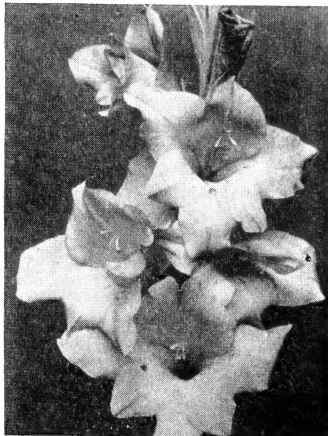
SHIRLEY TEMPLE. Immense heavily ruffled cream with cream-yellow throat. Six to nine well placed large massive blooms on a very long spike. Postpaid, doz., 60c; 50, \$1.95; 100, \$3.70.

SONATINE. Atlas-rose with small, cherry-red blotches. The florets are exceptionally large, having very broad petals. Tall, straight stem. Postpaid, doz., 50c; 50, \$1.35; 100, \$2.50.

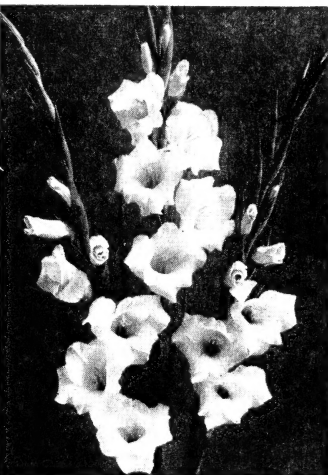
VAGABOND PRINCE. Unusual iridescent garnet brown lighter in upper throat and with a small blotch of glowing flame scarlet on lip petal. Rather odd color but very distinctive and beautiful and entirely unlike anything else. Postpaid, doz., 60c; 50, \$1.95; 100, \$3.70.

WASAGA. Beautiful clear glowing buff with wide open ruffled blooms. A most chaste and exquisite flower. Four to five good size blooms open at a time. One of the most beautiful varieties in existence. Postpaid, doz., 50c; 50, \$1.50; 100, \$2.80.

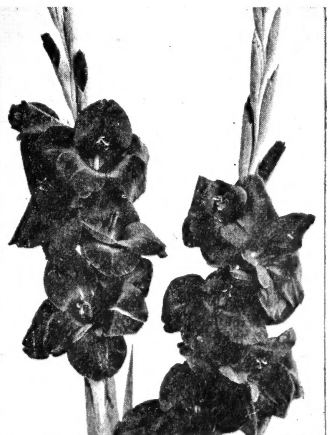
W. H. PHIPPS. Enormous flowers of clear pink, overlaid with salmon-rose. Often 20 flowers open at one time, making this variety wonderful for cut-flower use. Postpaid, doz., 50c; 50, \$1.50; 100, \$2.80.



GLADIOLUS—ALBATROS



GLADIOLUS—PICARDY



GLADIOLUS—DR. F. E. BENNETT

MIXED GLADIOLUS

SELECT MIXTURE—A well-balanced mixture including many colors and types of Early, Medium and Late Varieties. Postpaid, 1 doz., 40c; 50, \$1.25; 100, \$2.25; 500, \$9.25.

SUPERB MIXTURE—A very fine mixture selected from many popular named varieties with particular care to include a wide range of colors and shades. Postpaid, 1 doz., 50c; 50, \$1.45; 100, \$2.60; 500, \$11.00.

GLADIOLUS COLLECTION

24 No. 1 Select Bulbs Postpaid for \$1.00.

- | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| 2 Albatros | 2 Margaret Fulton |
| 2 Bagdad | 2 Minuet |
| 2 Charles Dickens | 2 Pelegriana |
| 2 Commander Koehl | 2 Picardy |
| 2 Dr. F. E. Bennett | 2 Sonatine |
| 2 Golden Dream | 2 Vagabond Prince |

Each variety is individually wrapped and labeled.

A NEW WEATHERPROOF

Plant Marker

"IT WEARS A CAP"

As beautiful as your flowers and we highly recommend this to our trade.



Made of durable metal; baked enamel, green finish. Write on top of stake and slip on plastic window cap. You have an enduring marker, with no fade-out of your writing. Stake is 7" tall, writing

surface 1 1/2"x2 1/2". Shipped Prepaid.

12 markers \$1.00; 25 markers \$2.00; 50 markers \$3.75; 100 markers \$7.00.

Grow FRUITS and BERRIES

HOW and WHEN to PLANT NURSERY STOCK

GENERAL PLANTING

The holes for planting must be large enough to receive the roots freely, without cramping or bending them from their natural position. All broken or mutilated portions of the roots must be cut off so as to leave the ends smooth and sound. All trees should be planted two or three inches deeper than they stood in the nursery row; pack the soil very firmly about the roots by tramping with the feet, being careful not to bark or break the roots. Leave three inches of the surface soil loose to serve as a mulch. If the ground is very dry apply one or two pails of water before this soil mulch is in place, and after the water has soaked away it can then be placed over the moist soil. Never put manure so as to come in contact with the roots of any plant or tree. Plant any time from October 15th to March 15th, weather permitting.

PLANTING DISTANCES

Fig—12 to 15 feet apart each way.
 Peach—16 to 26 feet apart each way.
 Apple—25 to 40 feet apart each way.
 Cherry (sour)—16 to 25 feet apart each way.
 Cherry (sweet)—24 to 40 feet apart each way.
 Pear—24 to 40 feet apart each way.
 Plum and Apricot—20 to 24 feet apart each way.
 Pecans—40 to 80 feet apart each way.
 Black Raspberries and Dewberries—Rows 4 feet apart, 4 to 5 feet apart in row.
 Blackberries and Youngberries—Rows 6 feet apart, 3 feet apart in row.
 Red Raspberries—Rows 5 to 6 feet apart, 2 to 3 feet apart in rows.
 Strawberries—Rows 24 to 36 inches apart, 12 to 18 inches in row.
 Grape Vines and Boysenberries—Rows 8 to 10 feet apart, 8 feet apart in row.

HANDLING NURSERY STOCK UPON ARRIVAL—Receive your stock without delay and plant just as soon as possible. If weather conditions do not permit immediate planting or should planting be delayed more than one or two days, unpack stock, dip the roots in water, then heel-in in a well drained location, having the earth tramped solid about them. Stock which seems somewhat dry upon opening should be buried in wet soil for a day or so to live stems before planting.

VINES AND BERRY PLANTS

GRAPES. Two-year No. 1 grade, postpaid, each, 30c; 3 for 65c; 10 for \$1.60. Not prepaid, each, 20c; 3 for 50c; 10 for \$1.35.
 Concord. Blue-black, sweet and juicy.
 Lurie. Large brownish red, very sweet.
 Moore's Early. Very early, large black, ripens uniformly.
 Niagara. Greenish white, vine vigorous, productive.

SCUPPERNONGS. Two-year No. 1 grade, postpaid, each, 70c; 3 for \$1.85; 10 for \$5.35. Not prepaid, each, 60c; 3 for \$1.65; 10 for \$5.00.
 Bronze. Color brown, thick skin, very sweet.
 James. Blue-black, larger and earlier than Bronze.

STRAWBERRIES. Set in March or April, October or November. Select a good clean place, free from Bermuda grass so you can cultivate often without disturbing the roots of the plant. Postpaid, 100 plants, 70c; 500, \$2.50; 1,000, \$9.90; Not prepaid, 100, 60c; 500, \$2.25; 1,000, \$9.50; 3,000, \$9.75. Ask prices on larger quantities.

Blakemore. Very early, bright red, profitable for market.

Klondyke. Bright glossy red, fine quality, good for market or home use.

DEWBERRIES. Two-year strong transplanted stock. Postpaid, 10 plants, \$1.10; 25, \$2.25; 100, \$5.40. Not prepaid, 10, 95c; 25, \$2.00; 100, \$5.00.

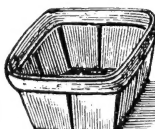
APRICOTS

The Apricot really should be planted more than it is, especially since it ripens just after the early cherries and before the best peaches.
 4 to 5-ft. trees, each, 70c; 3 for \$1.95; 10 for \$5.50. Postpaid, each, 85c; 3 for \$2.20; 10 for \$5.90.

EARLY GOLDEN. Flesh orange, hardy and productive.

ROYAL. Skin yellow with orange cheek, good size.

STRAWBERRY BOXES



1 pt., 100, 80c.
 Postpaid, 100, \$1.05.
 1 pt., 1,000, \$7.50.
 Cannot mail.
 1 qt., 100, 90c.
 Postpaid, \$1.30.
 1 qt., 1,000, \$8.50.
 Cannot mail.

GRAFTED PECANS

One-year 2 to 3-ft. trees, each, \$1.00; 3 for \$2.85; 10 for \$9.00. Postpaid, each, \$1.20; 3 for \$3.20; 10 for \$9.50.

Two-year 4 to 5-ft. trees, each, \$1.30; 3 for \$3.75; 10 for \$12.00. Cannot mail these.

STUART. Bears early, oval shape, thin shell.
SCHLEY. Long shaped, a real papershell nut.

SUCCESS. Very large, almost round, thin shell.

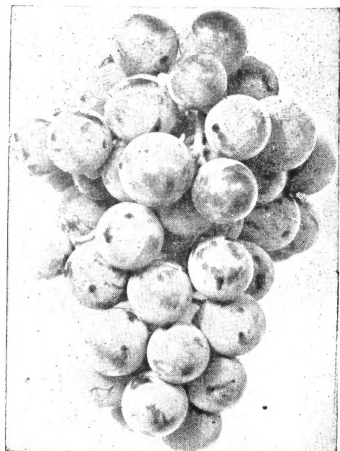
PEACH BASKETS

2-qt. Dozen, 30c; 100, \$1.70. Postpaid, Dozen, 40c; 100, \$2.10. (1,000, \$16.00, cannot mail).

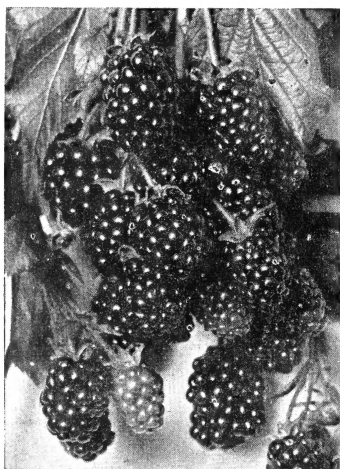
3-qt. Dozen, 35c; 100, \$2.00. Postpaid, Dozen, 50c; 100, \$2.50. (1,000, \$19.00, cannot mail).

STAVE BASKETS

	Each	Doz.
½ bu. wire bale, picking	\$.25	\$2.75
1 bu. side handle, stave	.15	1.50
½ bu. side handle, stave	.15	1.40



GRAPES—CONCORD



BLACKBERRIES—EARLY HARVEST



STRAWBERRIES—BLAKEMORE

Top Notch APPROVED VARIETIES

APPLES

	Each	3	10	25
One-year, 3 to 4 ft. size	\$0.30	\$0.75	\$2.10	\$4.75
Postpaid, 3 to 4 ft. size	.45	.95	2.45	5.25
Two-year, 4 to 5 ft. size	.45	1.15	3.30	7.25
Postpaid, 4 to 5 ft. size	.60	1.40	3.75	8.00

DELICIOUS. Ripens September, skin streaked red, flesh sweet.

EARLY HARVEST. Ripens late in May, flesh yellow and juicy.

HORSE. Ripens in August, large size, skin greenish yellow.

JONATHAN. Ripens in September, skin red, flesh crisp, juicy.

DOUBLE RED DELICIOUS. Ripens September, rich dark red skin, flesh sweet.

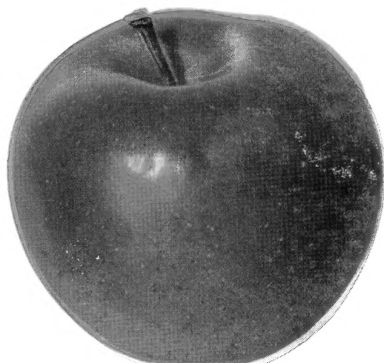
RED JUNE. Ripens late June, deep red skin, flesh white and juicy.

STAYMAN WINESAP. Ripens in October, skin dark red, flesh crisp, juicy.

HYSLOP CRAB. Ripens September, yellow with heavy shadings of deep crimson.

YELLOW DELICIOUS. Ripens September, golden yellow, flesh crisp and sweet.

YELLOW TRANSPARENT. Ripens in June, greenish yellow skin with white flesh.



APPLE—WINESAP

PEACHES

	Each	3	10	25
One-year, 2 to 3-ft. size	\$0.25	\$0.60	\$1.80	\$4.00
Postpaid, 2 to 3-ft. size	.35	.75	2.05	4.40
Two-year, 4 to 5-ft. size	.35	.95	2.70	6.00
Postpaid, 4 to 5-ft. size	.50	1.20	3.10	6.75

ARP BEAUTY. Freestone, ripens in July, yellow skin with pink cheek, flesh yellow.

BELLE OF GEORGIA. Freestone, ripens in August, skin white with red blush, flesh white and sweet.

CARMAN. Freestone, ripens late June, skin white with pink cheek, flesh white and delicious.

GOLDEN JUBILEE. Freestone, ripens about July 15th, yellow Elberta type.

EARLY ELBERTA. Freestone, ripens July 15th, yellow flesh.

ELBERTA. Freestone, ripens late July, skin yellow with red cheek, flesh yellow.

HILEY EARLY BELLE. Freestone, ripens July 20th, skin white, tinted red, flesh white.

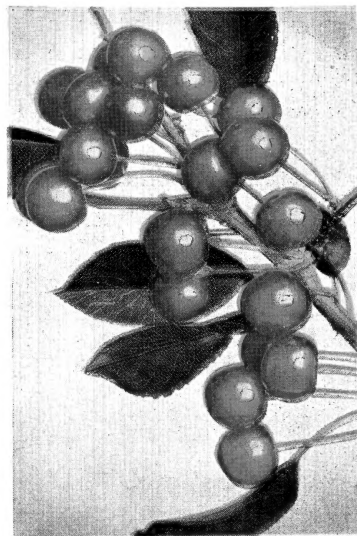
INDIAN BLOOD. Clingstone, ripens late August, flesh red, streaked white.

J. H. HALE. Freestone, ripens about August 10th, skin yellow and red, flesh yellow.

KRUMMEL LATE. Freestone, ripens September, flesh yellow, skin yellow with red cheek.

MAYFLOWER. Freestone, ripens the earliest, June 1st to 10th. Flesh white, skin white with faint blush.

RED BIRD. Semi-cling. Ripens about June 15th; skin rosy red, flesh white.



CHERRIES—MONTMORENCY

PEARS

	Each	3	10	25
One-year, 3 to 4 ft. size	\$0.40	\$1.05	\$3.00	\$6.25
Postpaid, 3 to 4-ft. size	.55	1.25	3.40	6.75
Two-year, 4 to 5-ft. size	.55	1.50	4.50	10.00
Postpaid, 4 to 5-ft. size	.70	1.75	4.90	10.75

BARTLETT. Skin yellow, with very sweet juicy flesh.

GARBER. Greenish yellow skin, large size, good for eating.

KIEFFER. Greenish yellow skin, fine for preserving.

SECKEL. Small sugar pear. Sweetest and most prolific.

PLUMS

	Each	3	10	25
Two-year, 4 to 5-ft. size	\$0.50	\$1.35	\$4.00	\$8.75
Postpaid, 4 to 5-ft. size	.65	1.60	4.40	9.50

ABUNDANCE. Ripens in July, large cherry-red.

BURBANK. Red with yellow shading, very sweet, ripens in July.

RED JUNE. Bright deep red, fine quality, ripens in June.

SHROPSHIRE DAMSON. Rich deep blue, fine for preserving.

CHERRIES

	Each	3	10	25
Two-year, 4 to 5 ft. size	\$0.75	\$2.10	\$6.50	\$14.25
Postpaid, 4 to 5-ft. size	.90	2.35	6.90	15.00

BLACK TARTARIAN. Sweet, ripens in May, skin black, large size.

GOVERNOR WOOD. Sweet, ripens about May 20th; skin red with yellow covering.

EARLY RICHMOND. Sour, ripens in May, sub-acid, skin light red.

LARGE MONTMORENCY. Sour, ripens late May, large, rich, red.

FIGS

	Each	3	10	25
One-year, 1½ to 2-ft. size	\$0.45	\$1.20	\$3.50	\$7.50
Postpaid, 1½ to 2-ft. size	.55	1.40	3.75	8.00
Two-year, 3 to 4-ft. size	.65	1.80	5.50	12.50
Postpaid, 3 to 4-ft. size	.80	2.05	5.90	13.25

BROWN TURKEY. Medium; violet brown; sweet and good. Has the habit of bearing on the new shoots.

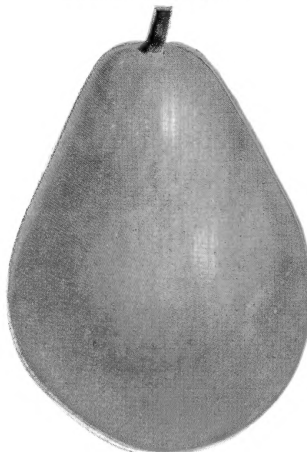
Celestial. Makes large trees; hardy farther north than most other varieties. Small, pale-violet fruit, fine flavored; very early.

NECTARINES

	Each	3	10	25
Two-year, 4 to 5-ft. size	\$0.45	\$1.20	\$3.50	\$7.50
Postpaid, 4 to 5-ft. size	.60	1.45	3.70	8.25

BOSTON. Bright yellow with red cheek, flesh yellow, excellent quality.

RED ROMAN. Skin white with deep red cheek, very juicy.



PEAR—BARTLETT



2 Outstanding Values in Top Notch Gladiolus

SELECT MIXTURE

A well-balanced mixture including many colors and types of Early, Medium and Late Varieties. An especially useful selection for brilliant garden display or cutting. We suggest several plantings. Postpaid, 1 doz., 40c; 50, \$1.25; 100, \$2.25; 500, \$9.25.

SUPERB MIXTURE

A very fine mixture selected from many popular named varieties with particular care to include a wide range of colors and shades of Early, Medium and Late Varieties which harmonize well together. Postpaid, 1 doz., 50c; 50, \$1.45; 100, \$2.60; 500, \$11.00.

RUSSELL-HECKLE'S VICTORY GARDEN

With food playing such a vital part in our National Victory program, we are prompted to make this sensational vegetable seed offer and have priced it within reach of all. Due to the low price, we cannot make any changes in the varieties and cannot reduce the price regardless of the quantities ordered. This offer may be withdrawn when original stocks are depleted.

Beans, Bush, Stringless Green Pod.....	1/4 lb.
Beans, Pole, Kentucky Wonder.....	1/4 lb.
Beans, Bush Lima, Henderson.....	1/4 lb.
Peas, English, Early Alaska.....	1/4 lb.
Corn, Sweet, Trucker's Favorite.....	1/4 lb.
Beet, Crosby's Egyptian.....	1 oz.
Cabbage, Charleston Wakefield.....	1 pkt.
Carrot, Half Long Danvers.....	1 pkt.
Collard, Southern or Georgia.....	1 pkt.
Cucumber, Improved Long Green.....	1 pkt.
Egg Plant, Black Beauty.....	1 pkt.
Lettuce, Big Boston.....	1 pkt.
Mustard, Southern Giant Curled.....	1 pkt.
Okra, White Velvet.....	1 pkt.
Pepper, California Wonder.....	1 pkt.

Pepper, Long Red Cayenne.....	1 pkt.
Radish, Early Scarlet Globe.....	1 pkt.
Squash, Early White Bush.....	1 pkt.
Tomato, Marglobe.....	1 pkt.
Turnip, Purple Top Globe.....	1 oz.

**TWENTY
DESIRABLE
VARIETIES
IN ALL**

**ONLY
\$1.00
Postpaid**

300-Mile
Radius of
Memphis,
Tenn.

